

INSURANCE RISK BENCHMARKS RESEARCH ANNUAL STATISTICAL REVIEW

ANNUAL STATISTICAL REVIEW
SEPTEMBER 2014

GUY CARPENTER STRATEGIC ADVISORY
OLIVER WYMAN ACTUARIAL CONSULTING

ON THE COVER

The correlation in ultimate loss ratio between general liability and products liability for individual companies writing both lines of business is shown as a function of the companies' market share in each line. For more information on the relationship between market share and pairwise correlation between lines of business, see Section 3.1 for the US Industry.



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

We are pleased to release the 2014 edition of *Insurance Risk Benchmarks Research: Annual Statistical Review*. This year's report is full of new analysis and insights designed to assist our clients in recognizing industry trends and benchmarking the inputs to economic capital models.



The material you'll find here incorporates the financial results of an excellent 2013 for the property/casualty (P&C) industry. Relatively low natural peril activity, impressive returns on the stock market, benefits from deferred tax assets, and changes to pension accounting were among the many factors which contributed to a great result in 2013.

We undertake this research each year when the statutory returns are finalized and available across the industry. However, the effort is much more than an annual update. Rather, it is a living exercise in industry risk management which grows and creates new value with each installment. This year, we have refined the industry market segments to include true regional composites designed to better group companies with similar exposure to natural perils.

In addition, we will be releasing a second report this year: *Insurance Risk Benchmarks Research: Applications and Perspectives* in December. This will contain a series of applications for these statistics using Guy Carpenter's impressive suite of analytical tools, including MetaRisk® and MetaRisk Reserve™. *Applications and Perspectives* will include:

- Generalized linear modeling of industry reserve risk
- Industry-wide economic capital modeling
- Discussion of standardization in risk tolerance statements and illustrative quantification for the industry capital model
- Applying industry correlation metrics to the company level based on market share

These topics are all exciting ways to get the most value from the *Annual Statistical Review*. They deliver on our promise to assist clients not only in benchmarking capital model *inputs*, but the *outputs* as well.

When these puzzle pieces are properly interlocked with your own viewpoints, we can assemble a complete image of risk and opportunity for your company. Please contact your Guy Carpenter account executive to discuss how this is possible.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Andrew Marcell".

Andrew Marcell

Chief Executive Officer, US Operations

THIS YEAR'S CONTRIBUTORS

For the US section of the *Annual Statistical Review*, **Micah Woolstenhulme** and **Joel Vaag** were responsible for production and content.



Micah leads initiatives at Guy Carpenter to develop standards in economic capital modeling, expression of risk tolerances, and quantification of risk profile. He has fifteen years of experience as a P&C actuary in insurance and reinsurance, and is a regular speaker at industry forums on topics of financial modeling and enterprise risk management.



Joel is a principal with Oliver Wyman Actuarial. He has twenty years of experience as a P&C actuary in insurance and reinsurance. He offers a range of professional services including Statements of Actuarial Opinion, economic capital modeling, mergers and acquisitions support, pricing for reinsurance programs and individual accounts, rate filings and regulatory compliance.



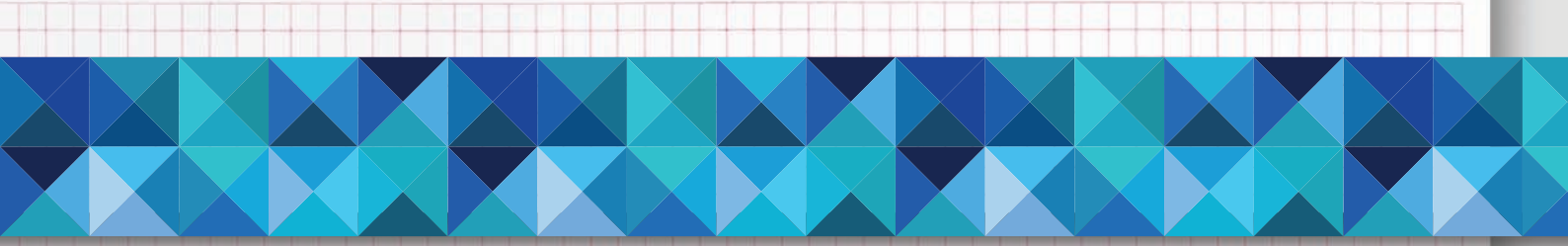
Phil Lee was responsible for verifying the statutory loss database, reconciling discrepancies with previous years and adding new information. Phil is a Vice President for Guy Carpenter working with the ERM Services Team. He has ten years of experience in reinsurance, risk management, and electrical engineering.



Xuan Fu, Hanbing He, and Yan Li worked through the extensive detail required to update our databases and create the compelling exhibits in this report. They are students in the Masters of Actuarial Science Program at Columbia University and interned with Guy Carpenter during the summer of 2014.



Chris Apps was responsible for writing the UK section of the Annual Statistical Review. Chris is a member of the Guy Carpenter Technical Innovation team based in London, providing support to broking teams across all business lines and GC Securities. He has three years of experience in reinsurance pricing and capital modeling.



I. OVERVIEW

1.1 INTRODUCTION TO THE ANNUAL STATISTICAL REVIEW (“ASR”)

The ASR is produced annually as part of Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman Actuarial Consulting’s Insurance Risk Benchmarks research. This year’s research was also supported by important contributions from Columbia University’s Masters in Actuarial Science program. For several years now, we have been constructing and refining a comprehensive database of statutory financial data for the entire P&C insurance industry.

Certain irregularities can be found in the statutory loss history for individual companies. These irregularities may stem from mergers and acquisitions or simple data error. It is a painstaking exercise to detect and correct these irregularities, but we undertake this effort in order to ensure that our empirical view of industry risk is accurate.

Changes in This Year’s Report

- You’ll notice that there is a new outline to the report. We have consolidated and simplified the presentation of key metrics. We hope that the new format is easier to navigate and focuses on the metrics which matter most to you.
- For three casualty lines (general liability, medical professional liability, and products liability), we now break out the results between occurrence and claims-made business. You will find that the experience is quite different between these two triggers. The additional detail brings the number of lines of business on which we report to 11.
- Our market segments have also been redefined. Appendix A.1 provides more detail on this stratification overhaul, but the main idea was to provide groups for which the combined experience is more comparable and meaningful to those that use this report. In addition, we now provide the explicit detail on which companies have been included in each segment. We believe that this “open source” approach will function to facilitate continuous refinement and improvement to the report.

Guiding Principle to the Risk Benchmarks

The risk benchmarks are based upon the observed financial results of hundreds of companies over a 35-year period. We have not applied models to derive the measures and we have deliberately minimized the amount of judgment applied. *Applications and Perspectives*, on the other hand, will specifically apply this work to various modeling applications, but the ASR is a pure snapshot on the observed risk.

Our Extensive Database

Our database contains Schedule P filings from 1989 to 2013, including experience back to accident year 1980. There are 954 companies and company groups out of a total of 1,426 included in the creation of these statistics. The 472 companies not included, approximately 9 percent of the industry, are not allocated to any of the market segments in the ASR due to lack of credible loss history or a risk profile not consistent with one of the defined market segments (as defined and discussed below in Appendix A.1).

Line of Business Definitions

For the US benchmarks, lines of business are associated with the following Schedule P definitions and presented with the following acronyms:

Other Schedule P lines are excluded from this report, but will be addressed separately in one or more of the *Applications and Perspectives* reports.

Schedule P Definition	Risk Benchmark Acronym	Lines of Business
A	HO	Homeowners/Farmowners
B	PPA	Private Passenger Auto Liability
C	CAL	Commercial Auto Liability
D	WC	Workers Compensation
E	CMP	Commercial Multiple Peril
F1	MPLO	Medical Professional Liability (Occurrence)
F2	MPLC	Medical Professional Liability (Claims Made)
H1	GLO	General Liability (Occurrence)
H2	GLC	General Liability (Claims Made)
R1	PLO	Products Liability (Occurrence)
R2	PLC	Products Liability (Claims Made)

1.2 CALCULATION NOTES AND LIMITATIONS

The following notes provide information about the calculations in this report:

- **Net/Gross of Reinsurance:** The risk benchmarks for the United States are calculated using data net of reinsurance and the risk benchmarks for the United Kingdom use data gross of reinsurance.
- **Reserve Adequacy:** The risk benchmarks are based on the carried reserves as found in the financial statements. We have made no attempt to assess the potential redundancy or deficiency in carried amounts.
- **Ultimate Reserve Risk:** Our view of ultimate reserve risk is limited to ten years of development for an accident year. The duration and reserve risk for very long-tailed lines of business such as workers compensation must be reviewed with this caveat. Because ten financial reports is the extent of explicit reporting in the financial statements, the metrics on ultimate reserve risk are based on accident years 1980 to 2004.
- **Definition of Loss:** In this report we use the term “loss” to mean loss and allocated loss adjustment expense (ALAE), also known as defense and cost containment expense.
- **Pearson’s Correlation Coefficient:** The correlations in this report are Pearson’s correlation coefficient, i.e. the linear correlation. Other measures of correlation can be made available upon request.
- **Correlation Matrices:** The correlation matrices for the industry and for the market segments will necessarily include coefficients which are stronger than what an individual company should expect to experience. This is because an individual company experiences more noisy “process risk.” In fact, we can show that the *expected* correlation between two lines of business for an individual company can be modeled as a function of that company’s market share. Look to *Applications and Perspectives* for a discussion of how to use market share to adjust the industry correlations to the market share of your company.
- **Payment Patterns Past 10 Years:** To measure duration, we assume that carried reserves are exactly adequate and that the incremental payment, as a percentage of ultimate in the 10th payment period, will repeat until either the ultimate loss burden is satisfied or the 15th year — whichever is earlier. In the event that the total losses are not fully disbursed by the 15th year under this projection, we assume that the entire remaining amount is then paid in the 15th year. Note that this methodology is consistent with the Internal Revenue Service’s method for discounting loss reserves, found in the Internal Revenue Code §§ 846(d)(3)(C) and (D), “Special rule for certain long-tail lines.”
- **Auto-correlation:** As shown in the last column of Table 6 (page 22), the series of single-year reserve development percentages exhibit a strong auto-correlation. By applying auto-regressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) modeling to these time series, we estimate that 25 percent to 90 percent (depending on segment) of the volatility shown in industry underwriting results is explained by the cycle.
- **Length of Loss History Special Cases:** For most lines of business, the data set begins in accident year 1980. For products liability, reporting as a line separate from general liability began in 1982. Reporting for products liability separating occurrence and claims made business began in 1984. For certain lines of business within particular market segments, we did not include data for the earliest accident years due to credibility and data quality concerns.
- **Portfolio Size and Differences:** We are measuring the variability of the industry in aggregate. All things being equal, each individual insurer will likely experience more variability due to its smaller relative portfolio size. An individual insurer’s true risk will also differ from these benchmarks to the extent that the insurer’s portfolio is dissimilar to the industry or market segment in general.

II. TIMING RISK

2.1 INDUSTRY REVIEW

This is the first year we show distinct results between occurrence and claims made business. As expected, claims-made business exhibits markedly shorter duration.

Lines of business with significant property coverage (e.g., homeowners, commercial multiple peril) exhibit the shortest durations.

The potential for a change to the low interest rate and inflation environment highlights the importance of the duration benchmarks. The aggregate industry portfolio for fixed income assets (approximately 64 percent of invested assets) possesses duration of about five years. For all lines of business combined, both the accident year duration and the effective reserve runoff duration are less than five years. This implies that an increase in interest rates could reduce the value of fixed income assets more than it would reduce the present value of claim liabilities.

MEAN PAYMENT PATTERN AND DURATION

Table T1 calculates the percentage of the ultimate loss that is paid in each development period, for a single accident year. Table T1 also estimates the undiscounted Macaulay Duration for each line of business¹.

$$\text{Increment} = \frac{\text{Paid Loss for a 12-Month period}^1 \text{ for an Accident Year}}{\text{Carried Ultimate Loss at 120 months for an Accident Year}}$$

$$\text{Duration} = \frac{\text{Sum Across Increments [Product of (Development Month - 6) and Increment]}}{12}$$

T1 | MEAN PAYMENT PATTERN AND DURATION
US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Duration (In Years)	Development Period (In Months)										
		0-12	12-24	24-36	36-48	48-60	60-72	72-84	84-96	96-108	108-120	120+
CAL	2.6	22%	25%	20%	14%	8%	5%	2%	1%	1%	0%	2%
CMP	2.5	36%	23%	11%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	1%	1%	3%
GLC	3.9	10%	18%	19%	16%	12%	7%	6%	4%	3%	2%	5%
GLO	4.8	8%	13%	15%	15%	12%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	12%
HO	1.0	69%	22%	4%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
MPLC	3.6	5%	20%	25%	18%	11%	7%	4%	2%	2%	1%	4%
MPLO	4.6	13%	9%	11%	15%	13%	10%	7%	5%	4%	2%	10%
PPA	1.8	37%	31%	15%	8%	4%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%
PLC	4.4	5%	19%	22%	16%	11%	8%	5%	3%	2%	2%	6%
PLO	5.7	5%	7%	12%	14%	13%	11%	8%	6%	5%	3%	16%
WC	4.2	21%	25%	15%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	2%	1%	13%

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¹. Duration is calculated using projections of payment pattern consistent with the assumptions described in section 1.2, [Payment Patterns Past 10 Years].



PAYMENT PATTERN VOLATILITY

Table T2 calculates the coefficient of variation of incremental loss that is paid in each development period for a single accident year.

$$\text{Incremental CV} = \frac{\text{Standard Deviation of Incremental Percentage for a Development Period}}{\text{Mean Incremental Percentage from Table T1}}$$

When interpreting Table T2, note that because each CV is a ratio to the mean for that increment, the value in dollars of the volatility changes across the payment pattern for an individual line of business.

T2 | COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION OF PAYMENT PATTERN INCREMENTS US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, NET OF REINSURANCE

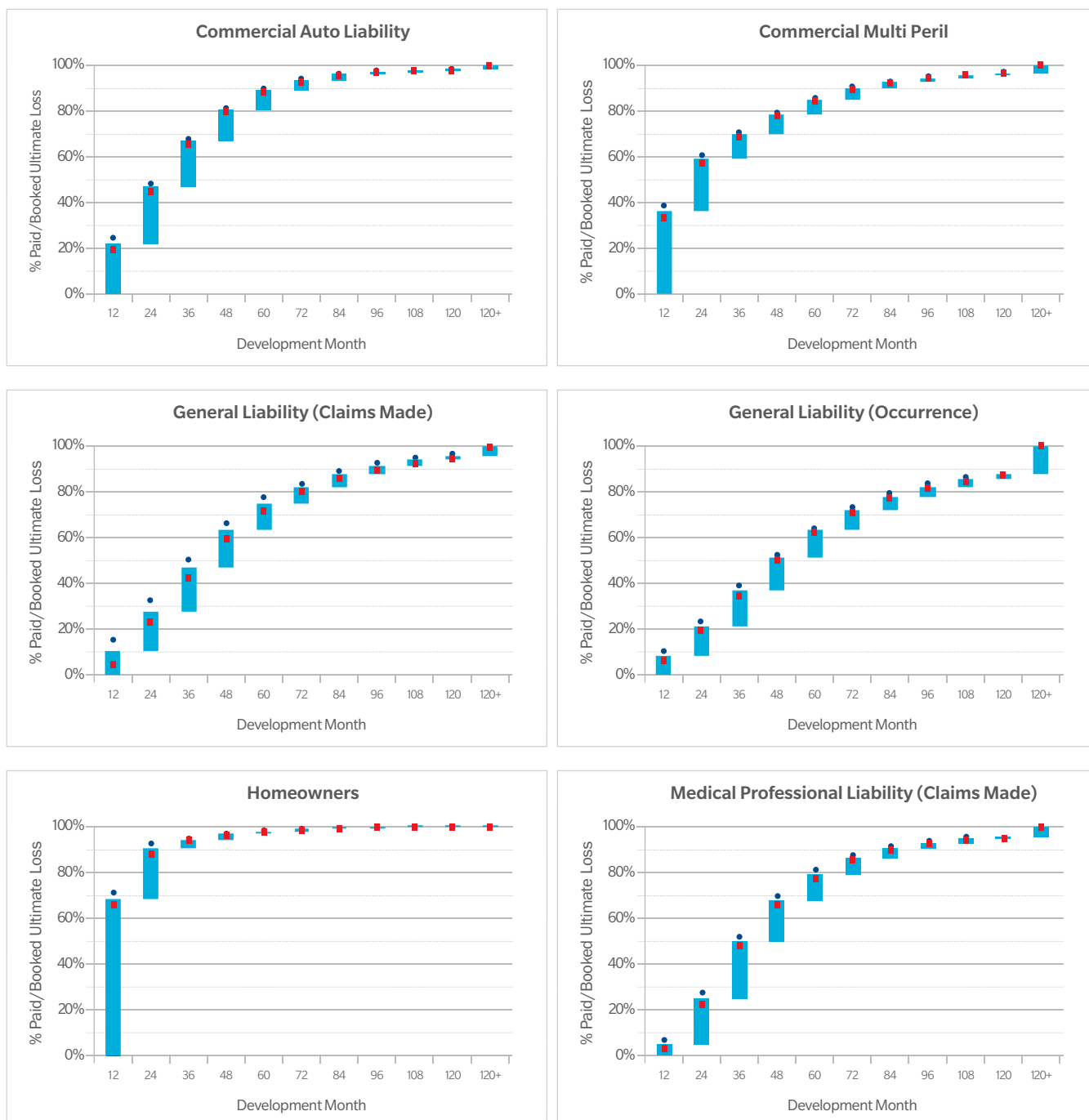
Line of Business	Development Month										
	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	120+
CAL	11%	7%	6%	6%	10%	16%	18%	26%	26%	28%	62%
CMP	7%	7%	11%	8%	12%	14%	16%	16%	14%	22%	21%
GLC	54%	26%	21%	19%	23%	20%	29%	34%	40%	48%	44%
GLO	26%	15%	16%	10%	10%	16%	18%	23%	31%	33%	23%
HO	4%	9%	15%	13%	20%	27%	30%	24%	30%	78%	54%
MPLC	34%	12%	8%	9%	17%	15%	20%	21%	39%	47%	50%
MPLO	57%	23%	14%	9%	11%	12%	17%	26%	48%	37%	55%
PPA	8%	4%	6%	6%	7%	11%	16%	16%	22%	29%	42%
PLC	61%	30%	39%	24%	46%	41%	55%	60%	70%	99%	56%
PLO	45%	18%	16%	13%	9%	12%	16%	19%	20%	30%	22%
WC	7%	5%	7%	9%	12%	13%	12%	13%	13%	18%	19%

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GRAPHICS 2.1 PAYMENT PATTERN BEHAVIOR BY LINE OF BUSINESS

G 1 | PAYMENT PATTERN MEAN AND VOLATILITY US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, NET OF REINSURANCE

■ Mean Payment Pattern ● +1 Standard Deviation ■ -1 Standard Deviation



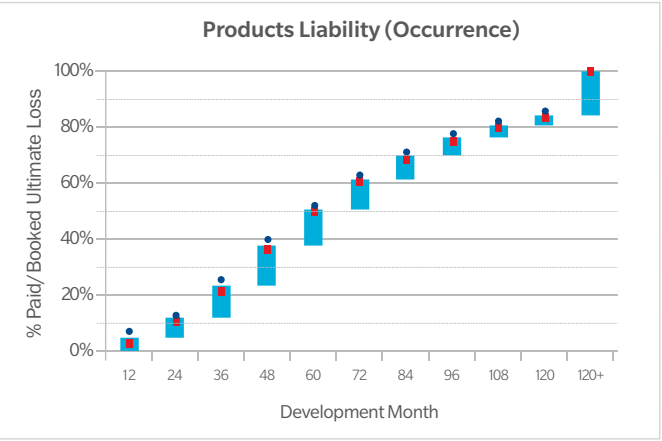
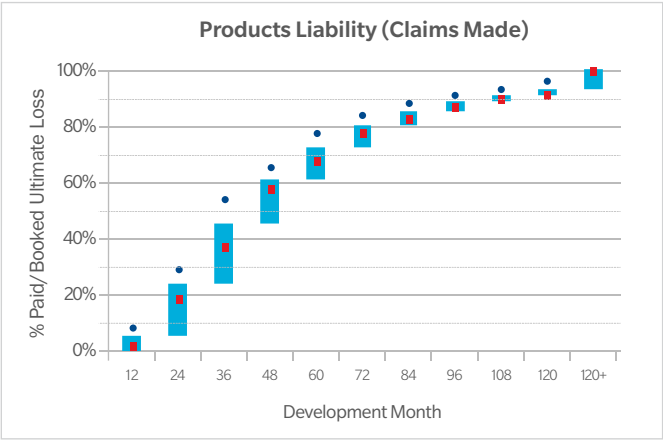
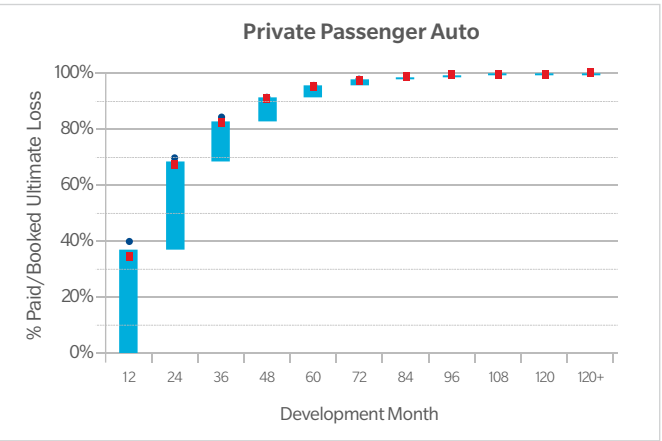
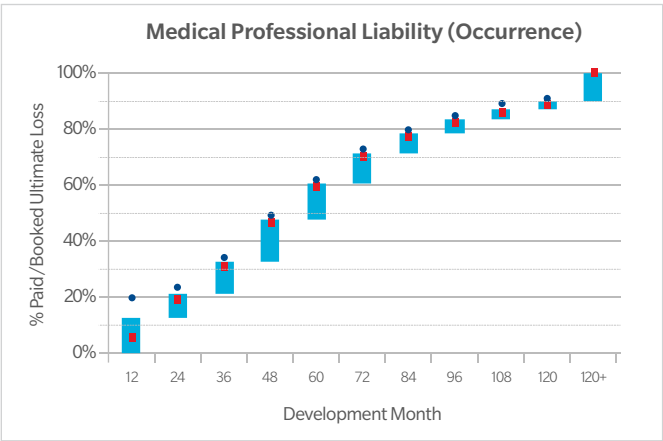
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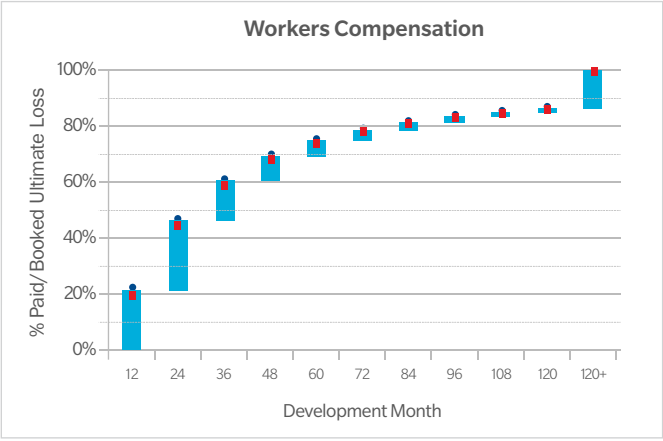
G1 | CONTINUED

Timing Risk

Mean Payment Pattern +1 Standard Deviation -1 Standard Deviation



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2.2 MARKET SEGMENT TABLES

T3 | MEAN PAYMENT PATTERN BY MARKET SEGMENT, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Market Segment	Duration (InYears)	Development Period (In Months)										
			0-12	12-24	24-36	36-48	48-60	60-72	72-84	84-96	96-108	108-120	120+
Commercial Auto Liability	Top 15 Writers	2.7	22%	24%	20%	14%	8%	5%	2%	1%	1%	0%	2%
	National	2.5	22%	26%	20%	14%	8%	4%	2%	1%	1%	0%	1%
	Multi Regional	2.5	24%	25%	19%	14%	8%	4%	2%	1%	0%	0%	2%
	Southeast/Gulf	2.3	29%	27%	19%	12%	7%	3%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	Midwest	2.4	30%	24%	18%	13%	8%	4%	2%	1%	0%	0%	1%
	Northeast/Atlantic	2.7	20%	24%	17%	15%	10%	6%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%
	West	2.2	25%	30%	21%	12%	6%	3%	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%
	E&S	2.5	23%	29%	21%	13%	7%	3%	2%	1%	1%	0%	3%
Commercial Multi Peril	Top 15 Writers	2.5	37%	22%	11%	9%	6%	5%	3%	2%	1%	1%	4%
	National	2.4	35%	23%	11%	10%	7%	5%	3%	2%	1%	1%	3%
	Multi Regional	2.5	40%	21%	9%	8%	6%	4%	3%	2%	1%	1%	5%
	Southeast/Gulf	2.1	47%	23%	9%	7%	5%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%
	Midwest	1.7	50%	22%	8%	7%	4%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%
	Northeast/Atlantic	2.4	34%	22%	11%	10%	8%	5%	3%	2%	1%	1%	2%
	West	2.5	29%	22%	15%	11%	6%	4%	3%	2%	2%	2%	4%
	E&S	2.6	28%	22%	14%	11%	8%	4%	3%	2%	2%	2%	5%
General Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	4.0	6%	17%	19%	17%	13%	8%	6%	4%	3%	2%	5%
	National	3.9	8%	21%	20%	15%	10%	7%	5%	3%	3%	1%	7%
	Multi Regional	3.5	7%	23%	23%	17%	11%	6%	5%	2%	2%	1%	4%
	Southeast/Gulf	2.4	53%	15%	12%	7%	4%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	4%
	Midwest	1.9	66%	10%	4%	5%	4%	2%	3%	1%	1%	1%	2%
	Northeast/Atlantic	3.7	7%	20%	22%	18%	11%	8%	4%	3%	2%	3%	4%
	West	2.5	10%	36%	26%	14%	8%	4%	2%	1%	1%	0%	1%
	E&S	4.0	8%	23%	24%	17%	9%	6%	4%	3%	1%	1%	6%
General Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	4.9	7%	13%	16%	15%	12%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	13%
	National	4.7	7%	13%	17%	16%	12%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	12%
	Multi Regional	3.0	17%	15%	16%	15%	11%	8%	4%	4%	2%	2%	7%
	Southeast/Gulf	4.1	16%	15%	17%	14%	10%	7%	4%	3%	3%	1%	9%
	Midwest	3.4	25%	19%	15%	11%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	1%	6%
	Northeast/Atlantic	4.3	11%	13%	15%	15%	13%	9%	6%	5%	3%	2%	8%
	West	2.9	28%	17%	12%	10%	7%	5%	5%	4%	3%	2%	8%
	E&S	5.0	4%	12%	18%	17%	12%	8%	6%	4%	3%	3%	13%
Homeowners	Top 15 Writers	1.0	69%	22%	4%	2%	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	National	1.0	68%	23%	4%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Multi Regional	0.9	71%	21%	3%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Southeast/Gulf	0.9	75%	19%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	Midwest	0.9	75%	18%	3%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Northeast/Atlantic	1.1	67%	22%	4%	3%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	West	1.0	61%	26%	7%	3%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	E&S	1.1	62%	27%	6%	3%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Medical Professional Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	3.9	4%	18%	24%	18%	12%	8%	5%	3%	2%	1%	5%
	National	3.3	5%	21%	32%	20%	10%	5%	3%	2%	1%	0%	2%
	Multi Regional	3.3	5%	23%	26%	17%	10%	6%	3%	2%	2%	1%	3%
	Southeast/Gulf	3.5	5%	21%	26%	20%	10%	6%	5%	2%	2%	1%	5%
	Midwest	3.9	5%	18%	19%	16%	18%	11%	8%	3%	2%	2%	3%
	Northeast/Atlantic	3.4	4%	18%	26%	22%	14%	7%	3%	3%	2%	1%	2%
	West	3.0	6%	25%	29%	18%	9%	5%	2%	2%	1%	1%	3%
	E&S												



T3 | CONTINUED

Line of Business	Market Segment	Duration (In Years)	Development Period (In Months)										
			0-12	12-24	24-36	36-48	48-60	60-72	72-84	84-96	96-108	108-120	120+
Medical Professional Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	3.7	23%	11%	11%	13%	12%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	8%
	National	5.4	2%	8%	16%	21%	14%	10%	7%	5%	4%	2%	10%
	Multi Regional	5.8	1%	5%	14%	18%	17%	13%	8%	7%	5%	3%	11%
	Southeast/ Gulf	4.7	1%	8%	17%	20%	16%	11%	8%	4%	3%	3%	8%
	Midwest	4.9	2%	6%	11%	18%	18%	13%	12%	10%	8%	4%	11%
	Northeast / Atlantic	6.5	0%	2%	4%	11%	14%	16%	13%	13%	8%	5%	15%
	West	3.7	1%	9%	24%	17%	18%	23%	9%	6%	6%	3%	5%
	E&S	4.6	2%	11%	20%	21%	17%	8%	7%	3%	3%	2%	9%
Private Passenger Auto	Top 15 Writers	1.7	38%	31%	14%	8%	4%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%
	National	1.8	35%	32%	16%	9%	5%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Multi Regional	1.8	36%	31%	16%	8%	4%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	Southeast/ Gulf	1.4	45%	31%	12%	6%	3%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	Midwest	1.8	38%	29%	15%	9%	4%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	Northeast / Atlantic	2.0	31%	31%	16%	10%	6%	3%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%
	West	1.5	36%	38%	16%	6%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	E&S	1.4	43%	37%	12%	5%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Products Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	5.0	7%	16%	18%	14%	10%	10%	6%	5%	3%	4%	10%
	National	3.6	4%	21%	25%	19%	13%	8%	5%	1%	2%	0%	3%
	Multi Regional	3.5	4%	21%	28%	18%	11%	6%	5%	2%	2%	2%	2%
	Southeast/ Gulf												
	Midwest												
	Northeast / Atlantic												
	West												
	E&S												
Products Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	5.9	4%	6%	11%	14%	13%	11%	9%	7%	5%	4%	16%
	National	5.5	5%	8%	14%	17%	13%	10%	7%	5%	3%	3%	15%
	Multi Regional	5.3	7%	11%	14%	14%	14%	10%	6%	4%	3%	4%	12%
	Southeast/ Gulf	5.4	4%	8%	11%	15%	13%	12%	7%	6%	5%	4%	15%
	Midwest	4.6	10%	12%	14%	16%	15%	9%	7%	5%	4%	3%	6%
	Northeast / Atlantic	3.7	12%	15%	15%	14%	14%	7%	5%	7%	4%	3%	10%
	West	5.2	5%	8%	12%	15%	14%	9%	10%	9%	7%	6%	12%
	E&S	6.5	2%	6%	13%	18%	13%	10%	7%	6%	4%	5%	17%
Workers Compensation	Top 15 Writers	4.4	21%	24%	14%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	2%	1%	14%
	National	4.4	21%	26%	15%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	2%	1%	11%
	Multi Regional	4.5	19%	23%	14%	8%	5%	3%	3%	2%	1%	1%	22%
	Southeast/ Gulf	3.4	25%	28%	15%	9%	5%	3%	2%	2%	1%	1%	8%
	Midwest	2.8	31%	30%	15%	8%	4%	3%	2%	1%	1%	1%	5%
	Northeast / Atlantic	4.2	23%	23%	13%	9%	6%	4%	3%	2%	2%	1%	14%
	West	5.1	21%	24%	12%	7%	5%	3%	2%	2%	1%	1%	21%
	E&S	4.3	21%	23%	15%	11%	7%	4%	3%	4%	2%	2%	13%

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T4 | COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION OF PAYMENT PATTERN INCREMENTS
BY MARKET SEGMENT, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Segment	Development Month										
		12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	120+
Commercial Auto Liability	Top 15 Writers	17%	13%	6%	7%	13%	23%	19%	24%	23%	31%	60%
	National	6%	4%	8%	7%	9%	19%	27%	46%	65%	45%	26%
	Multi Regional	10%	8%	7%	11%	16%	21%	38%	49%	64%	71%	292%
	Southeast/ Gulf	11%	16%	14%	24%	17%	25%	35%	57%	132%	79%	67%
	Midwest	12%	6%	13%	13%	16%	26%	35%	46%	69%	90%	79%
	Northeast / Atlantic	12%	12%	14%	12%	10%	16%	27%	34%	40%	43%	142%
	West	14%	10%	17%	22%	39%	70%	99%	66%	282%	158%	98%
Commercial Multi Peril	E&S	34%	30%	32%	30%	39%	46%	74%	95%	144%	189%	108%
	Top 15 Writers	7%	8%	12%	9%	16%	14%	20%	17%	15%	19%	19%
	National	10%	9%	11%	14%	12%	30%	22%	27%	21%	36%	19%
	Multi Regional	10%	12%	17%	14%	20%	22%	22%	38%	40%	40%	139%
	Southeast/ Gulf	12%	17%	21%	24%	34%	36%	54%	64%	148%	96%	77%
	Midwest	9%	13%	13%	14%	18%	31%	54%	71%	70%	100%	81%
	Northeast / Atlantic	19%	17%	13%	15%	29%	26%	40%	94%	59%	52%	63%
General Liability (CM)	West	23%	29%	24%	24%	37%	38%	48%	40%	55%	75%	81%
	E&S	25%	16%	20%	22%	39%	45%	50%	92%	185%	140%	92%
	Top 15 Writers	29%	18%	13%	14%	17%	17%	30%	31%	40%	47%	55%
	National	24%	24%	17%	16%	32%	40%	54%	57%	64%	53%	71%
	Multi Regional	33%	25%	21%	18%	27%	50%	60%	73%	83%	116%	87%
	Southeast/ Gulf	21%	31%	27%	26%	40%	50%	75%	74%	109%	206%	105%
	Midwest	24%	36%	59%	80%	62%	114%	147%	125%	136%	192%	69%
General Liability (Occ)	Northeast / Atlantic	43%	25%	29%	26%	34%	38%	65%	111%	74%	261%	66%
	West	23%	21%	19%	26%	57%	64%	84%	116%	89%	90%	105%
	E&S	46%	21%	23%	31%	28%	44%	70%	101%	56%	150%	92%
	Top 15 Writers	26%	18%	19%	14%	14%	19%	23%	26%	37%	34%	26%
	National	21%	18%	17%	11%	10%	24%	31%	32%	32%	45%	26%
	Multi Regional	71%	18%	24%	19%	27%	29%	34%	53%	62%	90%	57%
	Southeast/ Gulf	31%	24%	16%	13%	24%	47%	27%	44%	146%	56%	37%
Homeowners	Midwest	40%	26%	22%	20%	17%	42%	56%	66%	74%	125%	116%
	Northeast / Atlantic	34%	24%	20%	22%	19%	33%	47%	54%	55%	65%	31%
	West	60%	25%	34%	35%	54%	75%	194%	135%	246%	242%	90%
	E&S	26%	25%	23%	19%	20%	35%	32%	29%	37%	36%	41%
	Top 15 Writers	5%	10%	18%	14%	21%	21%	32%	25%	33%	95%	62%
	National	5%	12%	14%	24%	32%	62%	48%	41%	65%	86%	38%
	Multi Regional	4%	9%	18%	20%	22%	28%	37%	67%	87%	106%	57%
Medical Professional Liability (CM)	Southeast/ Gulf	8%	15%	33%	34%	41%	100%	81%	123%	131%	264%	421%
	Midwest	3%	10%	17%	17%	17%	34%	45%	66%	103%	88%	256%
	Northeast / Atlantic	5%	12%	16%	18%	17%	26%	25%	43%	63%	47%	74%
	West	11%	13%	54%	49%	114%	198%	76%	97%	82%	150%	65%
	E&S	17%	28%	91%	113%	80%	73%	103%	142%	128%	191%	202%
	Top 15 Writers	28%	11%	10%	15%	29%	23%	23%	33%	33%	65%	58%
	National	55%	31%	27%	36%	39%	63%	72%	100%	120%	98%	66%
	Multi Regional	26%	19%	17%	14%	18%	30%	43%	100%	218%	113%	43%
	Southeast/ Gulf	31%	24%	10%	24%	33%	37%	71%	44%	88%	81%	78%
	Midwest	55%	59%	44%	47%	60%	48%	203%	72%	75%	84%	66%
	Northeast / Atlantic	34%	25%	18%	14%	38%	47%	56%	63%	68%	88%	121%
	West	29%	23%	12%	16%	35%	57%	65%	109%	67%	142%	111%
	E&S											

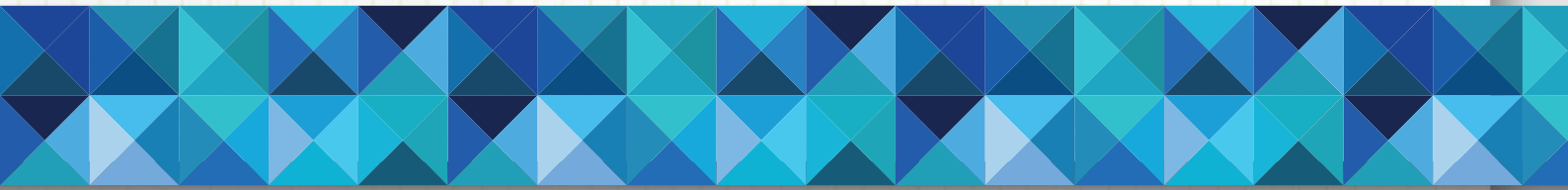
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T4 | CONTINUED

Line of Business	Segment	Development Month										
		12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	120+
Medical Professional Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	61%	29%	18%	17%	21%	29%	34%	44%	46%	61%	75%
	National	159%	44%	41%	37%	34%	40%	44%	95%	119%	89%	93%
	Multi Regional	82%	47%	34%	37%	19%	37%	42%	54%	78%	67%	46%
	Southeast/ Gulf	48%	35%	29%	22%	23%	34%	53%	47%	102%	92%	73%
	Midwest	157%	95%	66%	44%	62%	103%	154%	188%	122%	111%	95%
	Northeast / Atlantic	205%	59%	52%	54%	31%	28%	39%	27%	55%	37%	35%
	West	76%	77%	115%	28%	40%	112%	50%	47%	175%	106%	40%
	E&S	97%	60%	39%	33%	30%	56%	90%	89%	126%	181%	117%
Private Passenger Auto	Top 15 Writers	8%	5%	6%	5%	6%	10%	17%	14%	21%	24%	40%
	National	8%	4%	7%	8%	10%	15%	21%	25%	40%	52%	33%
	Multi Regional	7%	4%	7%	11%	9%	18%	21%	28%	34%	82%	44%
	Southeast/ Gulf	8%	8%	14%	22%	22%	35%	53%	56%	75%	117%	217%
	Midwest	7%	3%	6%	10%	15%	22%	36%	43%	35%	55%	44%
	Northeast / Atlantic	6%	4%	7%	8%	11%	11%	10%	23%	29%	68%	102%
	West	9%	6%	8%	17%	32%	40%	64%	45%	334%	115%	151%
	E&S	23%	21%	47%	52%	50%	55%	77%	122%	242%	99%	108%
Products Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	103%	55%	71%	39%	56%	77%	68%	77%	111%	125%	62%
	National	52%	40%	35%	37%	59%	66%	70%	129%	125%	95%	93%
	Multi Regional	63%	36%	31%	34%	36%	64%	84%	151%	96%	129%	83%
	Southeast/ Gulf											
	Midwest											
	Northeast / Atlantic											
	West											
	E&S											
Products Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	51%	29%	21%	14%	12%	15%	20%	25%	24%	36%	23%
	National	32%	32%	22%	25%	19%	22%	28%	38%	37%	42%	32%
	Multi Regional	41%	49%	44%	39%	38%	39%	69%	55%	92%	89%	44%
	Southeast/ Gulf	64%	48%	61%	61%	38%	59%	61%	82%	77%	83%	59%
	Midwest	43%	43%	45%	36%	43%	46%	63%	73%	90%	88%	86%
	Northeast / Atlantic	68%	54%	58%	50%	56%	56%	69%	133%	188%	122%	78%
	West	115%	59%	52%	67%	69%	82%	97%	103%	111%	122%	88%
	E&S	58%	48%	32%	19%	31%	34%	66%	63%	52%	98%	48%
Workers Compensation	Top 15 Writers	8%	7%	9%	11%	16%	18%	12%	16%	16%	19%	29%
	National	6%	5%	8%	16%	18%	16%	23%	21%	27%	26%	18%
	Multi Regional	26%	29%	31%	42%	21%	30%	81%	29%	30%	31%	67%
	Southeast/ Gulf	11%	7%	12%	13%	19%	27%	37%	30%	45%	57%	34%
	Midwest	12%	7%	7%	12%	19%	28%	28%	31%	32%	31%	30%
	Northeast / Atlantic	9%	8%	10%	7%	10%	11%	12%	13%	17%	15%	15%
	West	7%	12%	15%	21%	30%	30%	29%	31%	31%	48%	19%
	E&S	21%	26%	36%	22%	40%	41%	107%	161%	61%	77%	42%

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III. UNDERWRITING RISK



3.1 INDUSTRY REVIEW

In general, 2013 loss ratios compared favorably with those of recent years. Mild natural peril activity and modest trends in loss cost contributed to these results. Among the lines of business most favorably impacted were the two covering real property: homeowners and commercial multiple peril.

The measured loss ratio volatility for homeowners and commercial multiple peril appears to be less than that for other lines of business, but should be interpreted with a grain of salt as the full range of potential natural peril losses is not extant in the loss history. Also, because much of the volatility affecting these lines stems from natural peril losses that are independent between years, both the auto-correlation and correlation with other lines of business is comparatively low. These loss ratios exhibit strong dependence on regional market segment. Companies in the Southeast/Gulf market segment have fared the worst. Northeast/Atlantic carriers seem to vary the most in terms of profitability and Midwest carriers are generally on the higher side.

Private passenger auto loss ratios are the most stable in the industry and do not appear to be materially better or worse in individual regions. This line of business has become tremendously commoditized in a market of intense competition.

The strongest loss ratio correlations have occurred between lines of business driven by trends in bodily injury costs, including general liability occurrence, products liability occurrence and medical professional liability occurrence. This suggests that risk models need to consider the common dependence of these claims on systemic drivers of loss cost. We show in table T6* that correlation between line of business is a predictable function of market share and will follow up to this report in *Applications and Perspectives* with an exposition of how to model this relationship with collective risk theory.

Very interestingly, the largest companies in the industry have also exhibited the largest loss ratio volatility in the historical results; this is generally true across all lines.

In this year's report we introduce the concept of *market slope*, which measures the degree to which underwriting experience is different for each line of business. In graphic G4, medical professional liability (occurrence) and products liability (occurrence) exhibit the steepest market slopes, suggesting that some of the best opportunities for outperforming the market exist in these lines of business.

ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO

We call the ultimate loss ratio based on carried reserves (if any) at 120 months of development for an accident year the “*actual ultimate loss ratio*.”

$$\text{Actual Ultimate Loss Ratio} = \frac{\text{Paid and Reserved Losses and ALAE at 120 Months of Development}}{\text{Earned Premium}}$$

Table T5 details descriptive statistics for the Actual Ultimate Loss Ratio by line of business. We tabulate results from accident years 1980 to 2004.

T5 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Mean (1)	CV = St Dev/Mean (2)	Minimum (3)	Maximum (4)	AY 2013 Current Booked (5)
CAL	80%	16%	58%	115%	66%
CMP	71%	19%	48%	99%	57%
GLC	69%	31%	44%	111%	66%
GLO	85%	30%	51%	146%	62%
HO	71%	16%	58%	113%	54%
MPLC	84%	31%	45%	125%	76%
MPLO	99%	34%	51%	165%	76%
PPA	76%	8%	63%	89%	70%
PLC	62%	54%	28%	164%	60%
PLO	91%	32%	54%	159%	65%
WC	81%	17%	59%	103%	70%

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CORRELATION BETWEEN ULTIMATE LOSS RATIOS

Table T6 details the correlation between the actual ultimate loss ratio by line of business. It also includes the autocorrelation for each line with itself over time. For example, for CAL and CMP we calculate:

$$\text{Correlation (CAL, CMP)} = \frac{E[(LR_{CAL} - \text{Mean}(LR_{CAL})) * (LR_{CMP} - \text{Mean}(LR_{CMP}))]}{(\text{Standard Deviation of } LR_{CAL}) * (\text{Standard Deviation of } LR_{CMP})}$$

T6 | CORRELATION BETWEEN THE ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO
US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, NET OF REINSURANCE
(CORRELATIONS THAT ARE STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT FROM ZERO ARE IN BOLD.²)

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	80%	56%	87%	0%	60%	71%	52%	58%	91%	60%	78%
CMP	80%	100%	57%	82%	46%	75%	75%	17%	63%	89%	24%	66%
GLC	56%	57%	100%	86%	12%	78%	70%	6%	81%	76%	46%	82%
GLO	87%	82%	86%	100%	7%	82%	86%	26%	83%	98%	47%	78%
HO	0%	46%	12%	7%	100%	20%	2%	1%	23%	17%	-13%	23%
MPLC	60%	75%	78%	82%	20%	100%	91%	-11%	75%	80%	19%	85%
MPLO	71%	75%	70%	86%	2%	91%	100%	-6%	65%	84%	8%	88%
PPA	52%	17%	6%	26%	1%	-11%	-6%	100%	10%	30%	77%	83%
PLC	58%	63%	81%	83%	23%	75%	65%	10%	100%	82%	36%	51%
PLO	91%	89%	76%	98%	17%	80%	84%	30%	82%	100%	45%	76%
WC	60%	24%	46%	47%	-13%	19%	8%	77%	36%	45%	100%	82%

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Where:

E is the expectation operator, LR_{CMP} is the Actual Ultimate Loss Ratio for CMP

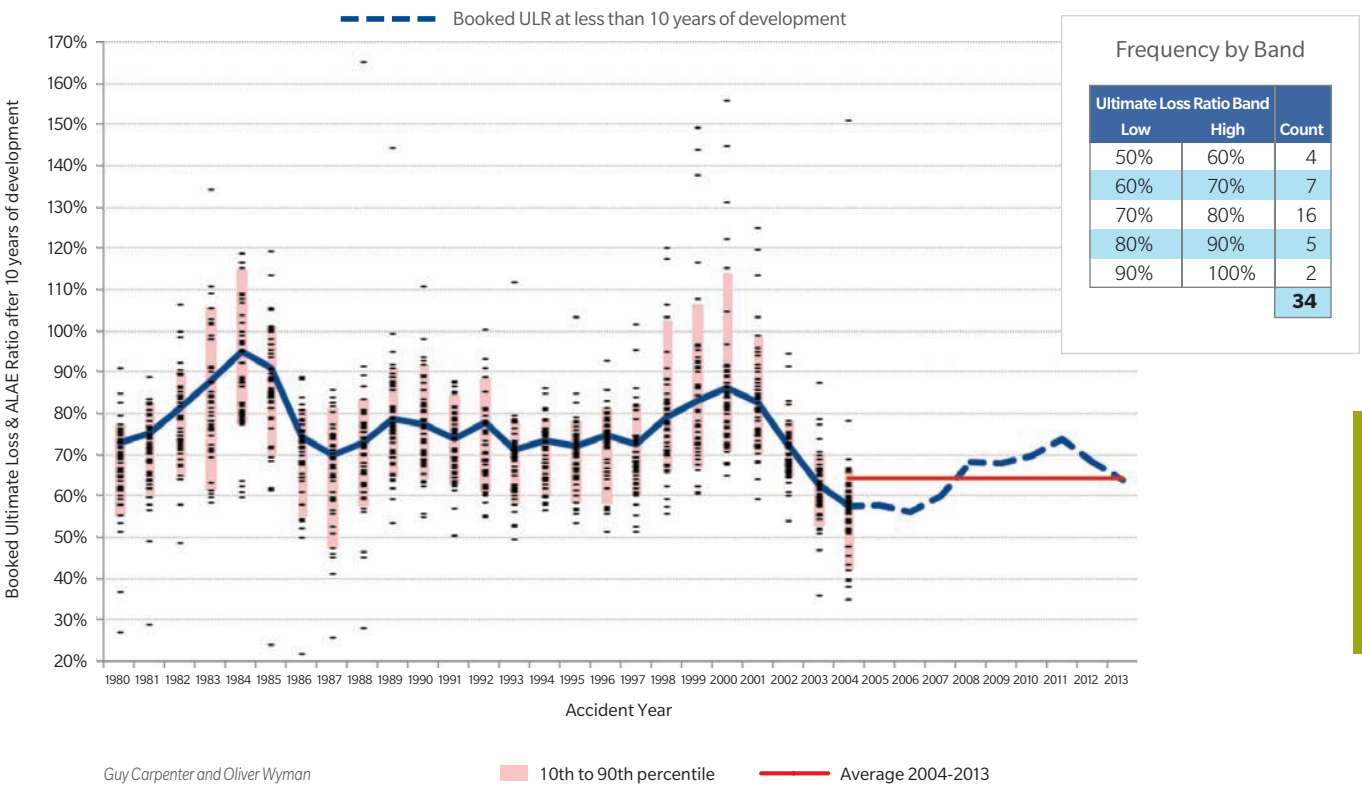
The auto-correlation is a similar calculation except that we measure the loss ratio history for a single line with itself and a lag of 1 year:

$$\text{Auto-correlation (CAL)} = \frac{E[(LR_{CAL,t} - \text{Mean}(LR_{CAL})) * (LR_{CAL,t-1} - \text{Mean}(LR_{CAL}))]}{(\text{Standard Deviation of } LR_{CAL})^2}$$

If an accident year with a high loss ratio is followed by an accident year with another high loss ratio, then a high autocorrelation will be seen in Table T6.

GRAPHICS 3.1 LOSS RATIO CYCLES, INDIVIDUAL COMPANY CORRELATION EXPERIENCE

G2 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO BY ACCIDENT YEAR, US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ELEVEN³ LINES OF BUSINESS COMBINED, NET OF REINSURANCE



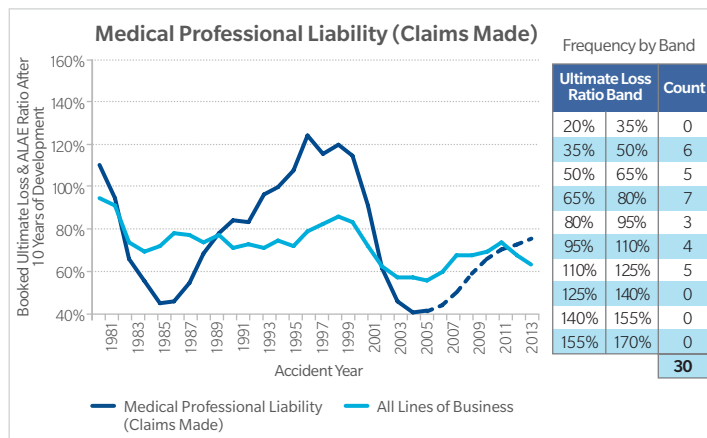
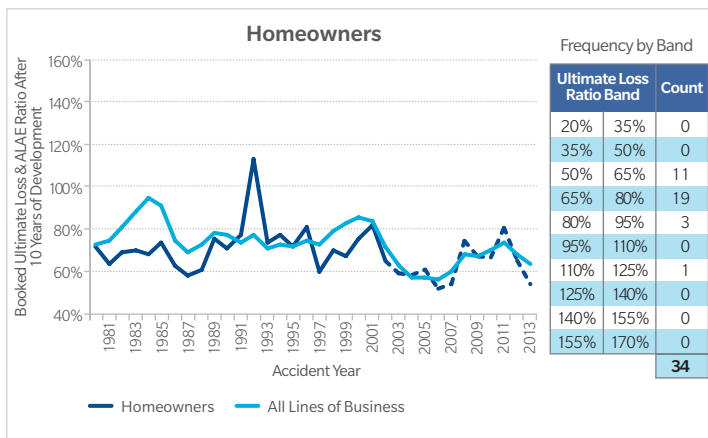
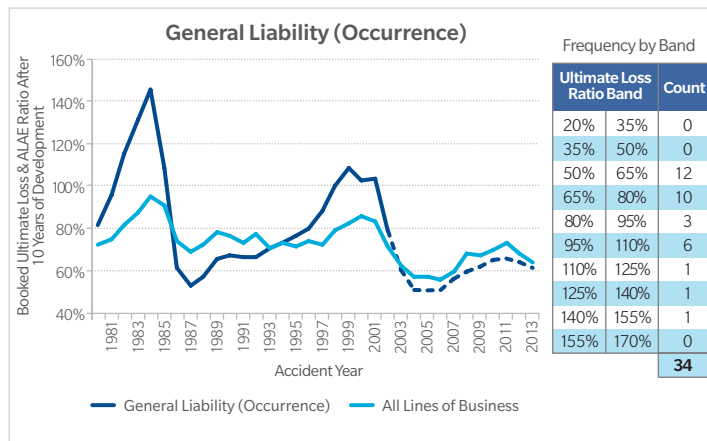
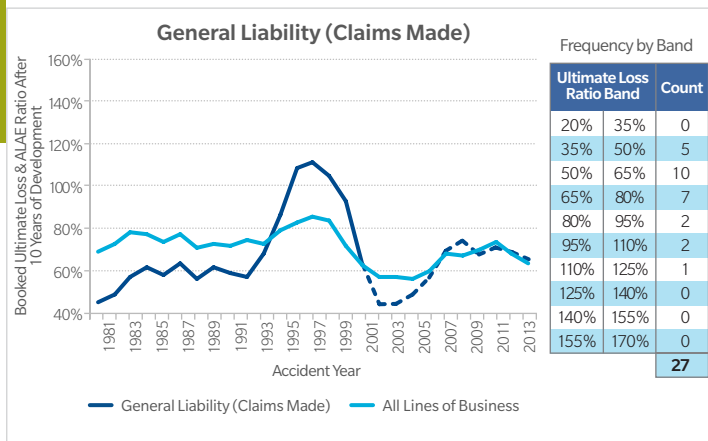
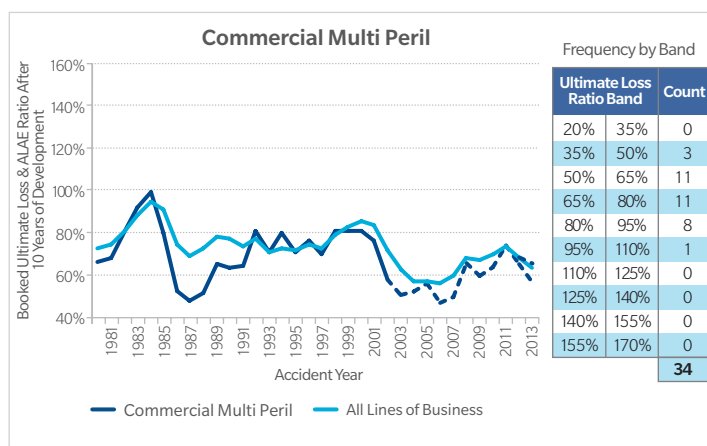
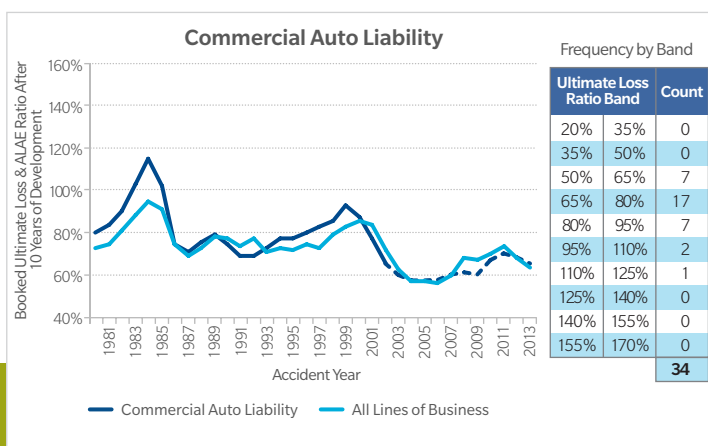
Underwriting Risk

3. Includes all lines in the ASR: CAL, CMP, GLO, GLC, HO, MPLO, MPLC, PPA, PLC, PLO, and WC.

G3 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO BY ACCIDENT YEAR, US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, BY LINE OF BUSINESS NET OF REINSURANCE

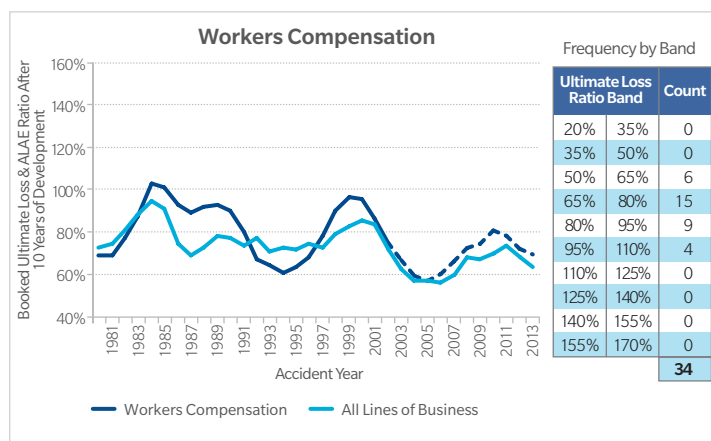
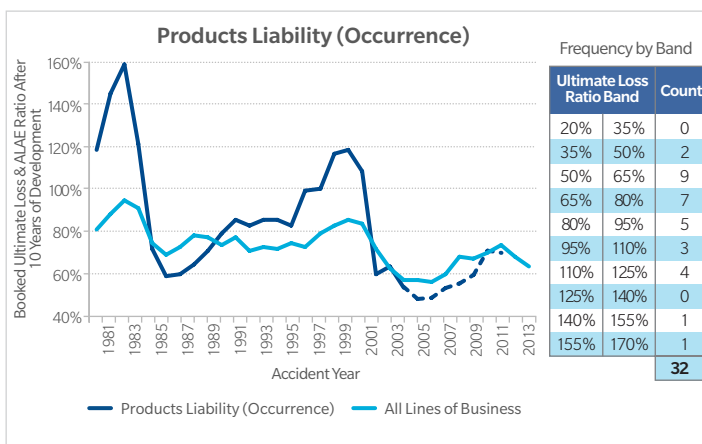
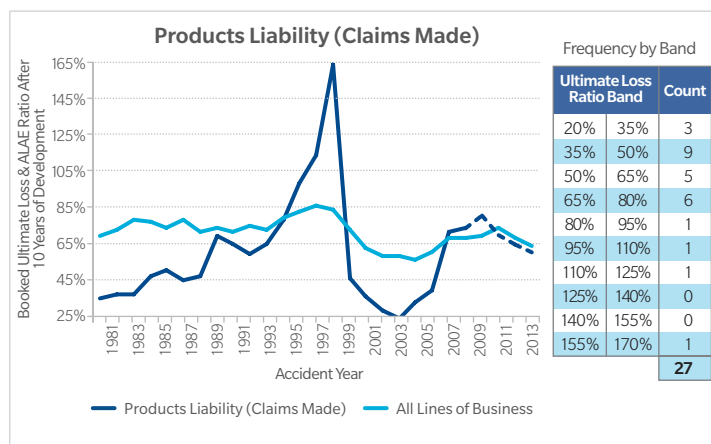
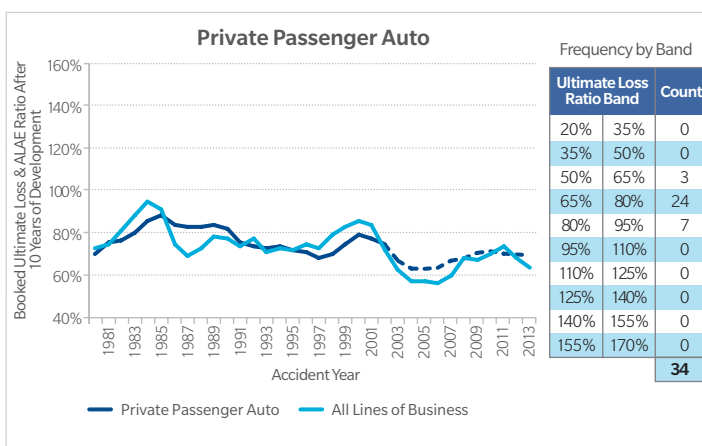
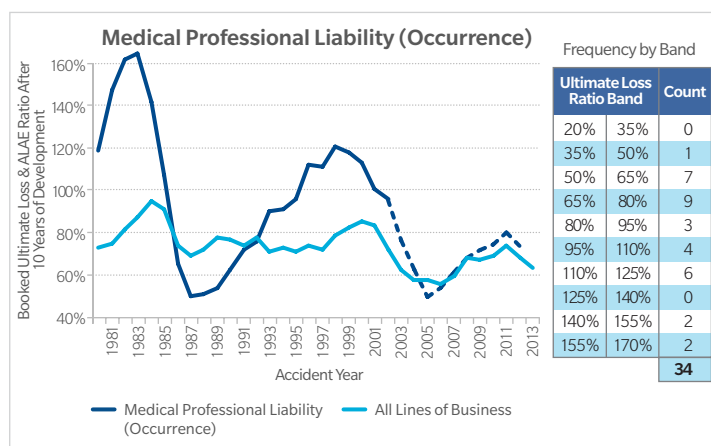
Explanation

Graphic G2 shows the industry loss ratio for all lines combined for more than three decades. It also includes an individual hash mark indicating the actual ultimate loss ratios for each of the 50 largest companies (measured by premium writings) for each accident year, as well as a colored band indicating the range between the 10th to the 90th percentile across these company results. It is interesting to note that the spread of results is actually wider during the most unprofitable years.





Loss ratios are not often modeled with autocorrelation, but multi-year economic capital models should reflect the tendency for loss ratios to move with momentum over time. Graphic G2 shows that a series of unprofitable years is a plausible concern for P&C insurance companies. For more details on how to model the underwriting cycle, see *US Property-Casualty: Underwriting Cycle Modeling and Risk Benchmarks*⁴.



--- Booked ULR at less than 10 years of development

4. The report, *US Property-Casualty: Underwriting Cycle Modeling and Risk Benchmarks*, is available online: <http://www.variancejournal.org/>

G 4 | LOSS RATIO SPREAD FOR TOP 50 WRITERS OF EACH LINE OF BUSINESS SORTED IN ASCENDING ORDER OF AVERAGE PERFORMANCE FROM 2009-2013 VOLATILITY ESTIMATED FROM ACCIDENT YEARS 1980-2013

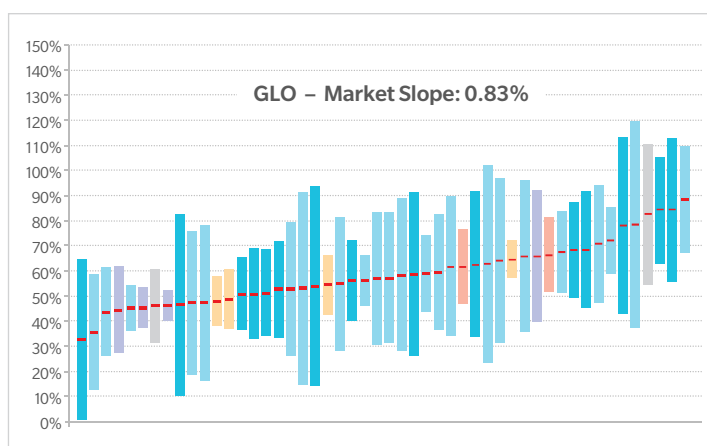
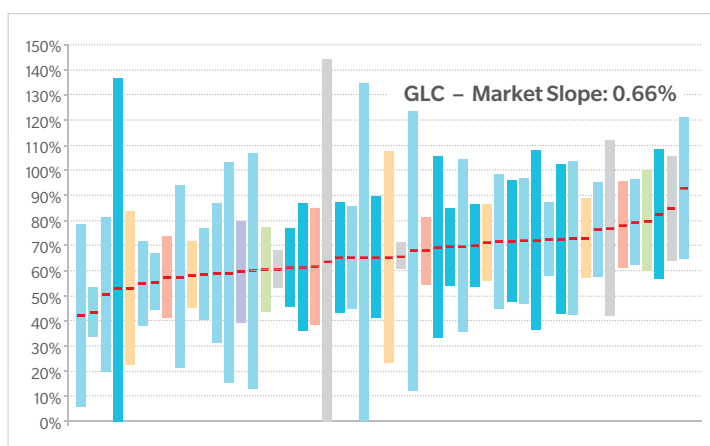
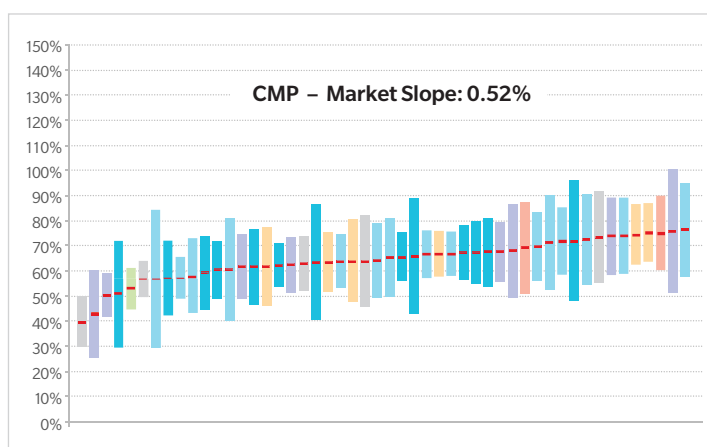
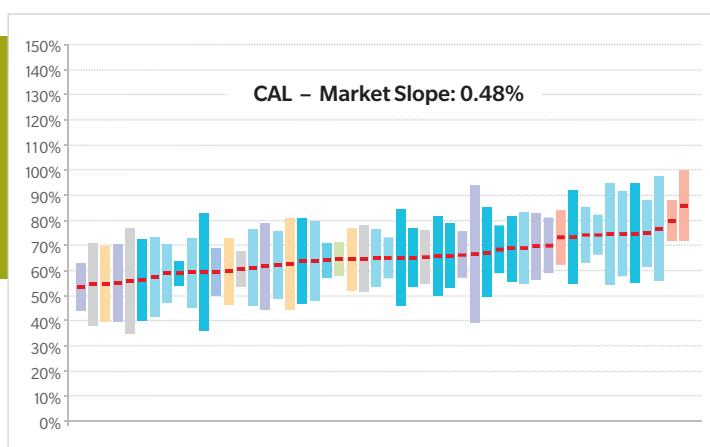
Explanation

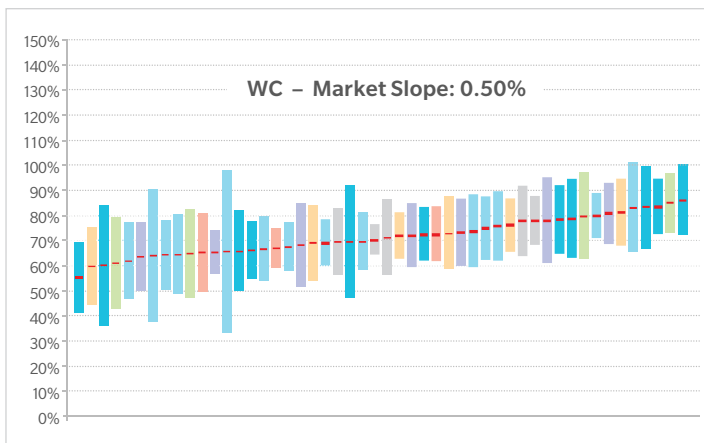
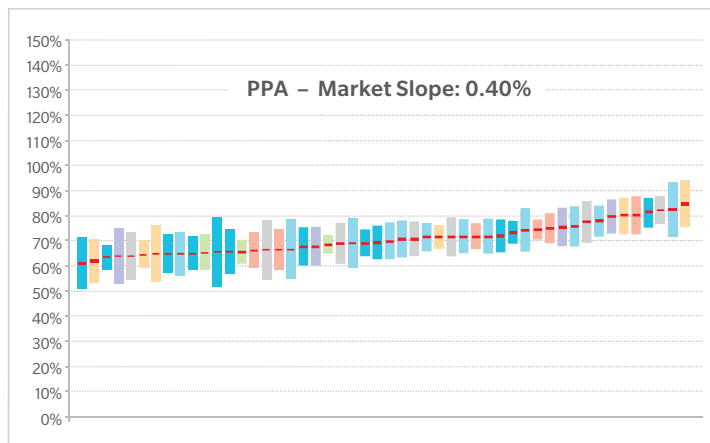
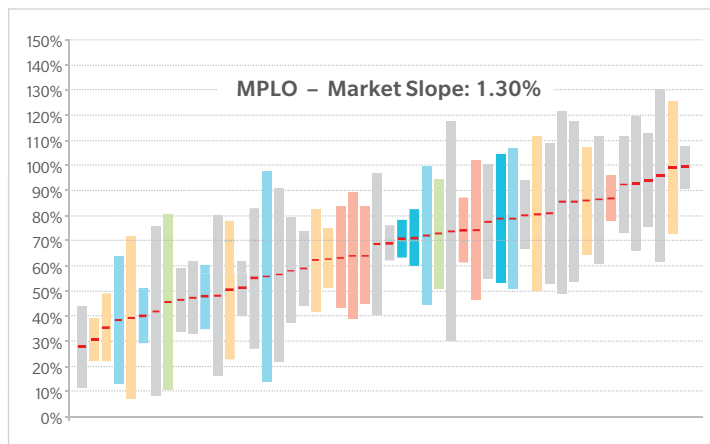
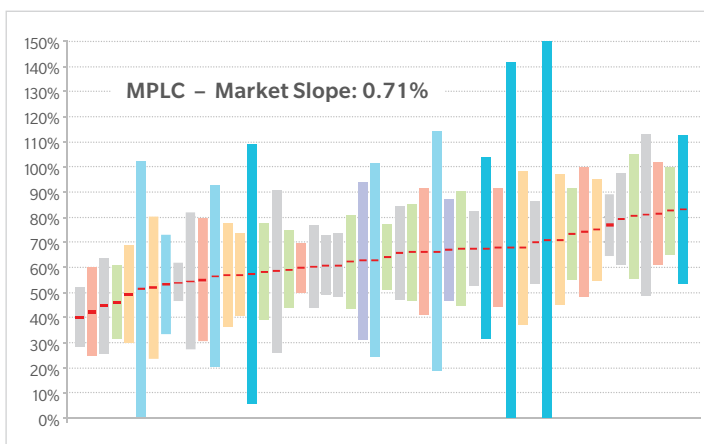
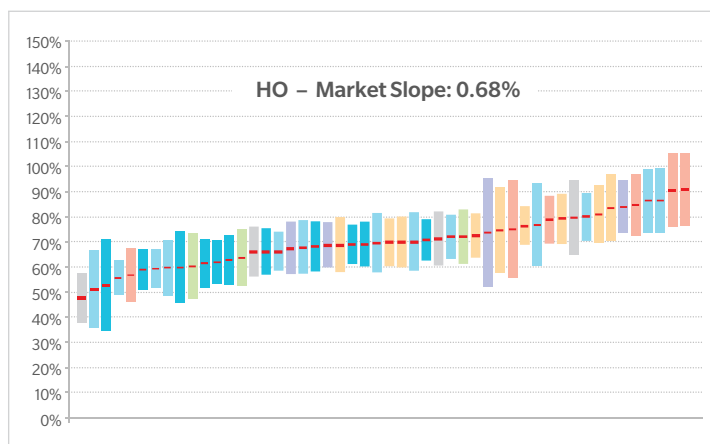
Graphic G4 shows the recent performance and volatility for the top 50 companies in each line of business. The graphic sorts companies by mean loss ratio, from lowest to highest. A colored bar illustrates the band spanning one standard deviation on either side of the loss ratio.

The *market slope* shown in each line's plot measures the disparity in results across companies; a higher market slope means some companies are performing much better than others. We have also colored the volatility bands for each company to indicate the market segment to which they belong.

Top 15 Writers National Multi Regional Northeast/Atlantic Southeast/Gulf Midwest West

Underwriting Risk





Underwriting Risk



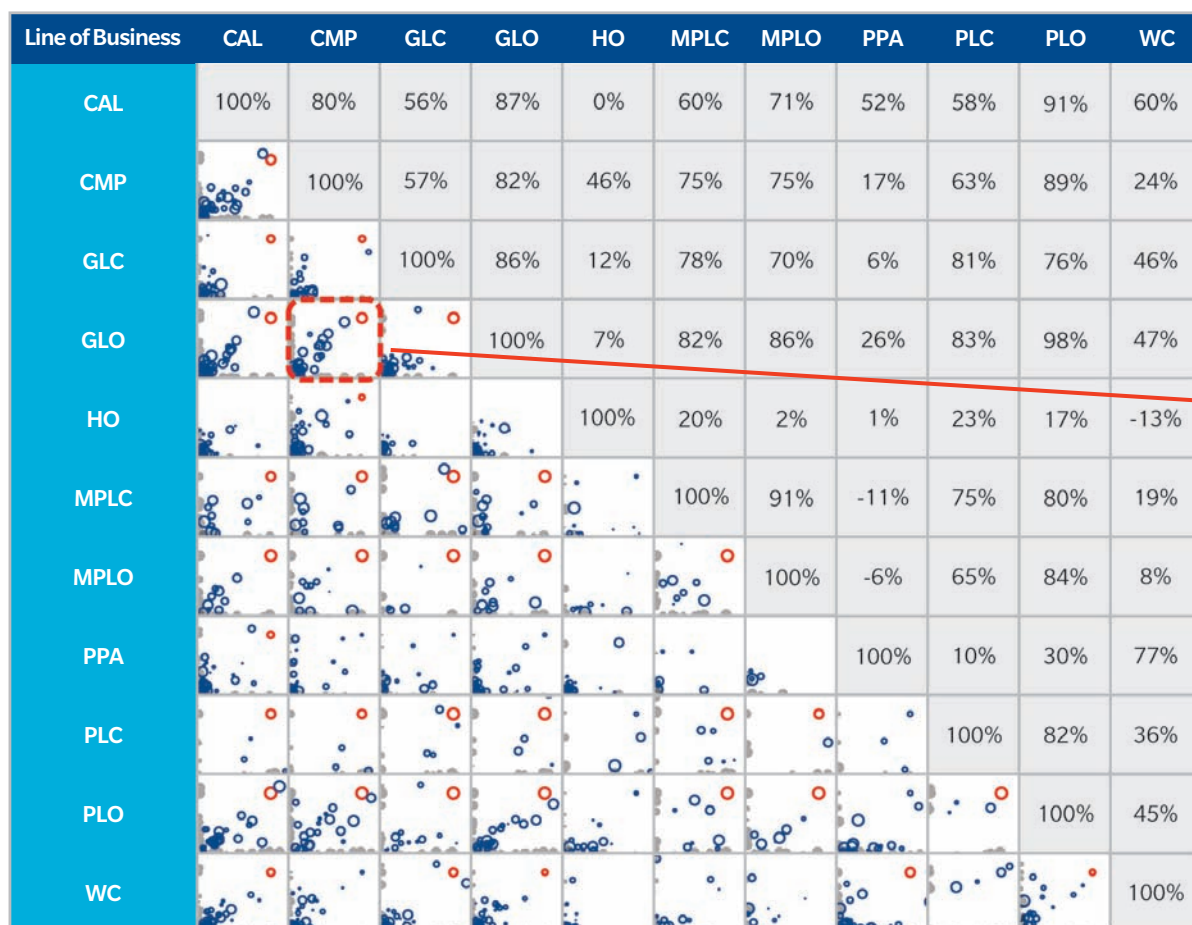
T6* | CORRELATION IN ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO INDIVIDUAL COMPANY EXPERIENCE

Explanation

T6* embellishes table T6 to include a graphic for each correlation coefficient. The individual graphics plot the correlation measured for the largest 50 companies writing each pair of business lines. In each graphic, the axes indicate market share, one in the direction of each line of business. Company correlation metrics are indicated with blue bubbles.

The correlation for the industry is shown as a red bubble. Each bubble size represents the correlation value scaled to the industry red bubble. A red bubble does not appear where the correlation is statistically insignificant.

We observe that correlation is strongest at the industry level and clearly a function of market share. In *Applications and Perspectives*, to be released this fall, we will show how this relationship can be modeled.



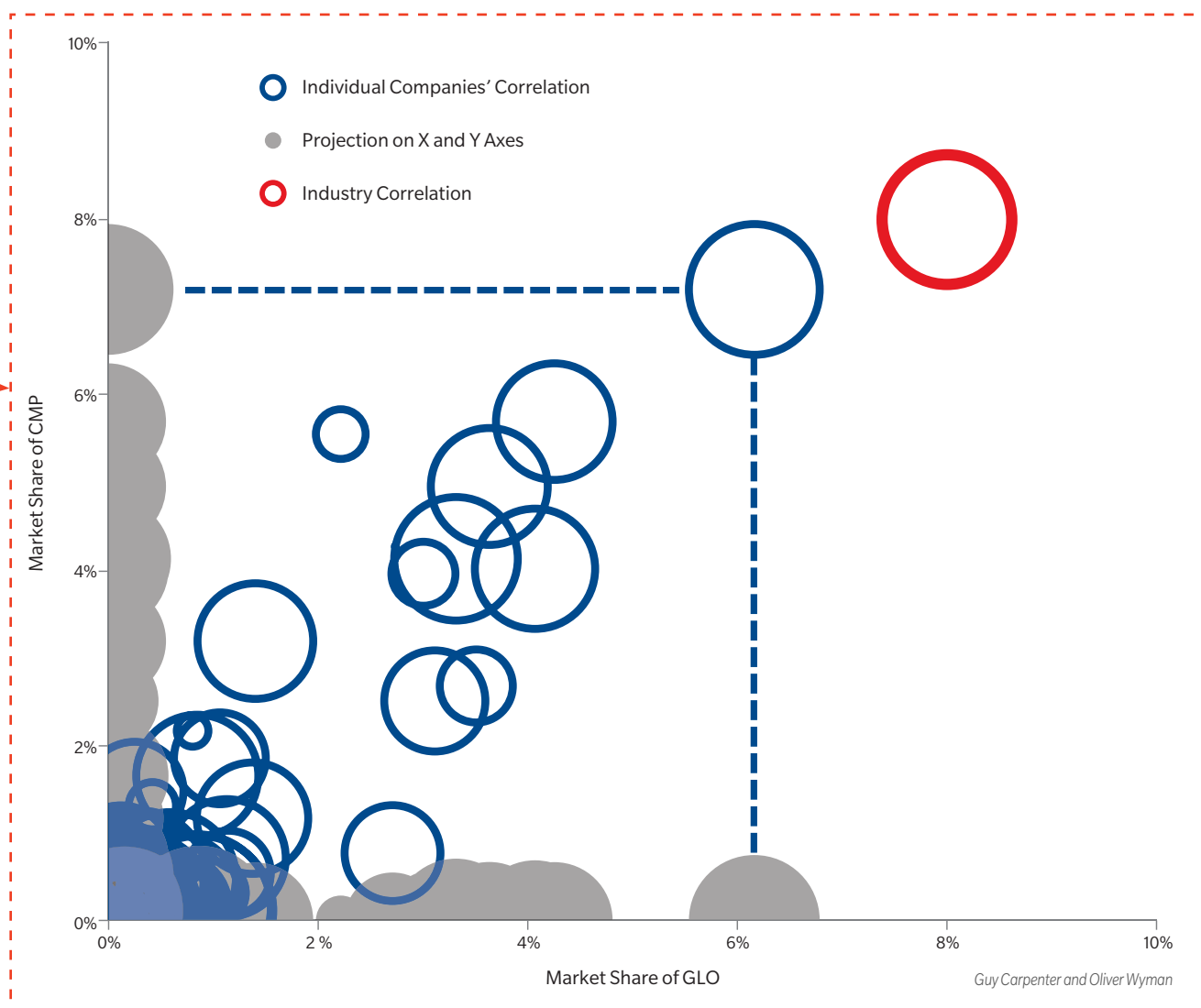
Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

G5 | CORRELATION IN ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO INDIVIDUAL COMPANY EXPERIENCE PLOTTED AGAINST MARKET SHARE GENERAL LIABILITY (OCCURRENCE) AND COMMERCIAL MULTIPLE PERIL

Explanation

Graphic G5 zooms in on the graphic in table T6* for the pairing of general liability (occurrence) and commercial multiple peril. The red bubble represents the correlation measured from aggregated industry data, 82 percent. Individual companies are shown in blue. The size of each bubble indicates how close the company's experienced correlation is to that of the industry. As market share increases, variety in dot size decreases and the size itself increases to become close to that of red bubble. A similar pattern is observed in the projection on each axis.

The cover art of this report is a three-dimensional view of the same phenomenon for another combination of lines of business: products liability (occurrence) and general liability (occurrence).



3.2 US MARKET SEGMENT TABLES

T7 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO, BY LINE OF BUSINESS
BY MARKET SEGMENT, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Segment	Mean	CV = St Dev/ Mean	Minimum	Maximum	AY 2013 Current Booked
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Commercial Auto Liability	Top 15 Writers	81%	17%	55%	114%	65%
	National	82%	17%	59%	122%	67%
	Multi Regional	74%	14%	56%	97%	63%
	Southeast/ Gulf	78%	17%	58%	108%	71%
	Midwest	71%	15%	49%	92%	64%
	Northeast / Atlantic	73%	13%	56%	95%	61%
	West	73%	15%	59%	103%	67%
	E&S	67%	18%	51%	92%	67%
Commercial Multi Peril	Top 15 Writers	72%	19%	49%	98%	55%
	National	71%	20%	46%	99%	62%
	Multi Regional	64%	21%	43%	96%	58%
	Southeast/ Gulf	65%	22%	41%	96%	51%
	Midwest	59%	16%	42%	76%	62%
	Northeast / Atlantic	61%	24%	44%	96%	55%
	West	73%	23%	47%	124%	62%
	E&S	66%	26%	41%	102%	60%
General Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	70%	39%	38%	125%	68%
	National	61%	21%	37%	87%	61%
	Multi Regional	70%	38%	37%	148%	76%
	Southeast/ Gulf	58%	29%	39%	107%	65%
	Midwest	75%	16%	57%	103%	67%
	Northeast / Atlantic	76%	23%	49%	111%	66%
	West	75%	12%	57%	95%	74%
	E&S	50%	32%	23%	79%	67%
General Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	87%	27%	55%	135%	64%
	National	77%	36%	42%	149%	60%
	Multi Regional	62%	27%	43%	105%	50%
	Southeast/ Gulf	75%	37%	45%	146%	59%
	Midwest	62%	54%	23%	177%	51%
	Northeast / Atlantic	68%	28%	42%	111%	48%
	West	82%	43%	47%	189%	47%
	E&S	62%	24%	43%	90%	61%
Homeowners	Top 15 Writers	72%	20%	56%	130%	53%
	National	69%	12%	56%	84%	56%
	Multi Regional	70%	14%	51%	87%	61%
	Southeast/ Gulf	76%	9%	63%	87%	53%
	Midwest	73%	11%	56%	89%	63%
	Northeast / Atlantic	65%	15%	56%	95%	53%
	West	70%	18%	48%	120%	64%
	E&S	65%	22%	45%	102%	51%
Medical Professional Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	94%	43%	40%	166%	76%
	National	72%	36%	28%	114%	64%
	Multi Regional	75%	26%	36%	98%	73%
	Southeast/ Gulf	77%	22%	52%	102%	85%
	Midwest	79%	61%	0%	156%	73%
	Northeast / Atlantic	78%	29%	35%	109%	78%
	West	75%	25%	43%	108%	81%
	E&S					

T7 | CONTINUED

Line of Business	Segment	Mean	CV = St Dev/Mean	Minimum	Maximum	AY 2013 Current Booked
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Medical Professional Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	103%	30%	59%	166%	65%
	National	94%	50%	40%	196%	57%
	Multi Regional	114%	26%	52%	168%	101%
	Southeast/ Gulf	95%	26%	54%	139%	107%
	Midwest	83%	85%	17%	301%	87%
	Northeast / Atlantic	113%	19%	77%	146%	93%
	West	131%	12%	100%	150%	108%
Private Passenger Auto	E&S	71%	45%	28%	156%	67%
	Top 15 Writers	76%	8%	63%	88%	69%
	National	77%	9%	66%	91%	72%
	Multi Regional	80%	10%	66%	95%	71%
	Southeast/ Gulf	76%	12%	65%	109%	67%
	Midwest	75%	9%	63%	87%	69%
	Northeast / Atlantic	77%	9%	65%	90%	70%
Products Liability (CM)	West	71%	13%	60%	92%	71%
	E&S	65%	11%	53%	81%	67%
	Top 15 Writers	73%	100%	30%	342%	62%
	National	48%	39%	20%	89%	56%
	Multi Regional	62%	33%	40%	106%	51%
	Southeast/ Gulf					
	Midwest					
Products Liability (Occ)	Northeast / Atlantic					
	West					
	E&S					
	Top 15 Writers	102%	32%	56%	177%	67%
	National	67%	40%	28%	125%	63%
	Multi Regional	83%	47%	25%	162%	76%
	Southeast/ Gulf	76%	50%	23%	154%	63%
Workers Compensation	Midwest	48%	41%	18%	85%	48%
	Northeast / Atlantic	54%	55%	14%	113%	107%
	West	81%	59%	24%	227%	41%
	E&S	51%	47%	22%	95%	57%
	Top 15 Writers	85%	17%	60%	107%	71%
	National	77%	16%	53%	100%	66%
	Multi Regional	82%	32%	56%	157%	66%
	Southeast/ Gulf	70%	18%	53%	96%	71%
	Midwest	66%	17%	45%	81%	69%
	Northeast / Atlantic	74%	18%	48%	91%	75%
	West	86%	20%	56%	119%	78%
	E&S	60%	17%	38%	77%	60%

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T8 | CORRELATION BETWEEN ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO BY MARKET SEGMENT, NET OF REINSURANCE (CORRELATIONS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT FROM ZERO ARE IN BOLD.⁵)

Top 15 Writers

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	78%	51%	80%	-2%	59%	77%	50%	37%	88%	64%	79%
CMP	78%	100%	44%	76%	46%	67%	74%	21%	42%	84%	29%	65%
GLC	51%	44%	100%	81%	2%	79%	40%	5%	64%	79%	56%	82%
GLO	80%	76%	81%	100%	8%	83%	74%	21%	78%	95%	50%	69%
HO	-2%	46%	2%	8%	100%	11%	3%	9%	15%	14%	-13%	21%
MPLC	59%	67%	79%	83%	11%	100%	66%	-10%	60%	77%	41%	86%
MPLO	77%	74%	40%	74%	3%	66%	100%	10%	27%	78%	12%	82%
PPA	50%	21%	5%	21%	9%	-10%	10%	100%	14%	28%	68%	81%
PLC	37%	42%	64%	78%	15%	60%	27%	14%	100%	59%	41%	22%
PLO	88%	84%	79%	95%	14%	77%	78%	28%	59%	100%	52%	73%
WC	64%	29%	56%	50%	-13%	41%	12%	68%	41%	52%	100%	81%

National

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	80%	60%	90%	14%	43%	76%	52%	77%	80%	66%	78%
CMP	80%	100%	54%	84%	52%	63%	66%	7%	84%	82%	37%	66%
GLC	60%	54%	100%	73%	42%	77%	41%	30%	67%	58%	64%	82%
GLO	90%	84%	73%	100%	19%	74%	82%	26%	86%	83%	53%	78%
HO	14%	52%	42%	19%	100%	45%	4%	-13%	48%	28%	11%	23%
MPLC	43%	63%	77%	74%	45%	100%	41%	-15%	71%	48%	21%	85%
MPLO	76%	66%	41%	82%	4%	41%	100%	16%	76%	80%	36%	88%
PPA	52%	7%	30%	26%	-13%	-15%	16%	100%	2%	32%	72%	83%
PLC	77%	84%	67%	86%	48%	71%	76%	2%	100%	68%	48%	51%
PLO	80%	82%	58%	83%	28%	48%	80%	32%	68%	100%	53%	76%
WC	66%	37%	64%	53%	11%	21%	36%	72%	48%	53%	100%	82%

Multi Regional

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	71%	43%	51%	5%	56%	73%	40%	62%	42%	43%	82%
CMP	71%	100%	64%	31%	29%	74%	70%	-10%	65%	53%	8%	78%
GLC	43%	64%	100%	55%	46%	61%	24%	-34%	46%	70%	-22%	23%
GLO	51%	31%	55%	100%	-32%	16%	2%	36%	11%	83%	40%	85%
HO	5%	29%	46%	-32%	100%	39%	47%	-28%	31%	-25%	-28%	88%
MPLC	56%	74%	61%	16%	39%	100%	63%	-31%	36%	33%	-33%	83%
MPLO	73%	70%	24%	2%	47%	63%	100%	34%	60%	-5%	36%	51%
PPA	40%	-10%	-34%	36%	-28%	-31%	34%	100%	6%	-8%	93%	76%
PLC	62%	65%	46%	11%	31%	36%	60%	6%	100%	26%	29%	82%
PLO	42%	53%	70%	83%	-25%	33%	-5%	-8%	26%	100%	8%	0%
WC	43%	8%	-22%	40%	-28%	-33%	36%	93%	29%	8%	100%	0%

Southeast/Gulf

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	88%	-43%	88%	36%	68%	50%	31%		75%	24%	80%
CMP	88%	100%	-59%	76%	44%	63%	54%	11%		70%	7%	63%
GLC	-43%	-59%	100%	-42%	-12%	-56%	-37%	42%		-53%	65%	81%
GLO	88%	76%	-42%	100%	37%	54%	51%	43%		68%	30%	81%
HO	36%	44%	-12%	37%	100%	-13%	-8%	6%		10%	27%	12%
MPLC	68%	63%	-56%	54%	-13%	100%	72%	2%		68%	-18%	66%
MPLO	50%	54%	-37%	51%	-8%	72%	100%	18%		67%	9%	57%
PPA	31%	11%	42%	43%	6%	2%	18%	100%		6%	48%	23%
PLC												
PLO	75%	70%	-53%	68%	10%	68%	67%	6%		100%	10%	72%
WC	24%	7%	65%	30%	27%	-18%	9%	48%		10%	100%	81%

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T8 | CONTINUED

Midwest

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	43%	-27%	27%	19%	-40%	16%	66%		-4%	27%	56%
CMP	43%	100%	-18%	52%	71%	21%	22%	-8%		64%	-4%	54%
GLC	-27%	-18%	100%	51%	3%	-17%	25%	25%		-10%	36%	12%
GLO	27%	52%	51%	100%	31%	-9%	77%	5%		34%	-2%	55%
HO	19%	71%	3%	31%	100%	37%	17%	-8%		51%	-18%	36%
MPLC	-40%	21%	-17%	-9%	37%	100%	-26%	-69%		63%	-72%	82%
MPLO	16%	22%	25%	77%	17%	-26%	100%	-7%		15%	-25%	72%
PPA	66%	-8%	25%	5%	-8%	-69%	-7%	100%		-50%	71%	83%
PLC												
PLO	-4%	64%	-10%	34%	51%	63%	15%	-50%		100%	-38%	68%
WC	27%	-4%	36%	-2%	-18%	-72%	-25%	71%		-38%	100%	85%

Northeast/Atlantic

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	62%	0%	56%	-14%	43%	79%	58%		4%	-3%	45%
CMP	62%	100%	17%	56%	3%	10%	22%	29%		-17%	-22%	68%
GLC	0%	17%	100%	6%	1%	-7%	4%	-1%		6%	24%	-35%
GLO	56%	56%	6%	100%	11%	78%	51%	2%		35%	-53%	74%
HO	-14%	3%	1%	11%	100%	28%	-9%	-35%		27%	-21%	1%
MPLC	43%	10%	-7%	78%	28%	100%	70%	-15%		61%	-21%	79%
MPLO	79%	22%	4%	51%	-9%	70%	100%	48%		15%	25%	59%
PPA	58%	29%	-1%	2%	-35%	-15%	48%	100%		-46%	9%	83%
PLC												
PLO	4%	-17%	6%	35%	27%	61%	15%	-46%		100%	-32%	76%
WC	-3%	-22%	24%	-53%	-21%	-21%	25%	9%		-32%	100%	86%

West

Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	68%	29%	51%	13%	27%	51%	70%		53%	58%	61%
CMP	68%	100%	54%	57%	40%	48%	74%	40%		58%	33%	62%
GLC	29%	54%	100%	28%	60%	-5%	39%	27%		-5%	-4%	45%
GLO	51%	57%	28%	100%	15%	28%	8%	29%		29%	16%	59%
HO	13%	40%	60%	15%	100%	4%	51%	11%		13%	-7%	4%
MPLC	27%	48%	-5%	28%	4%	100%	59%	-7%		26%	36%	80%
MPLO	51%	74%	39%	8%	51%	59%	100%	16%		34%	14%	29%
PPA	70%	40%	27%	29%	11%	-7%	16%	100%		58%	64%	88%
PLC												
PLO	53%	58%	-5%	29%	13%	26%	34%	58%		100%	55%	28%
WC	58%	33%	-4%	16%	-7%	36%	14%	64%		55%	100%	78%

E&S

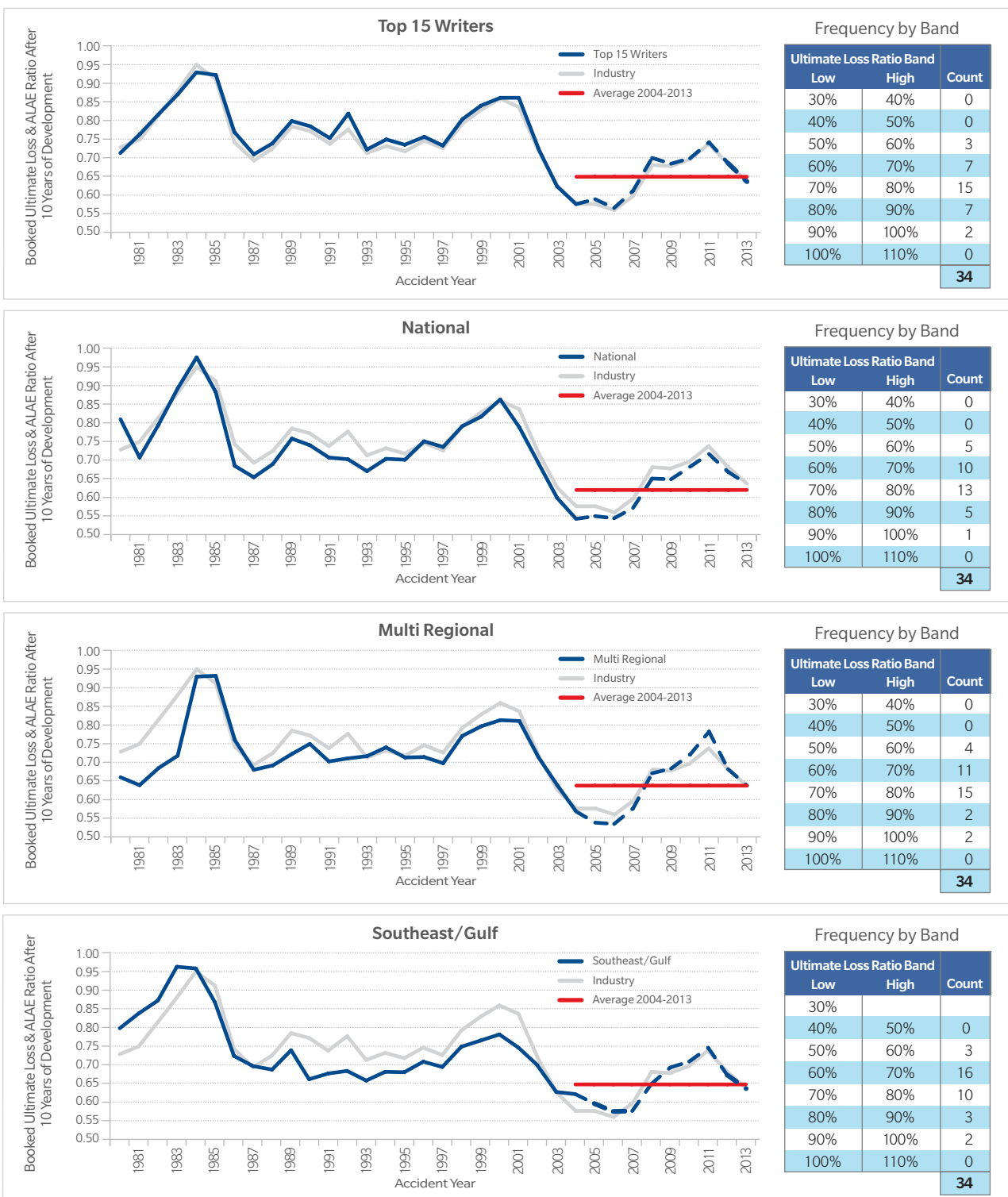
Line of Business	CAL	CMP	GLC	GLO	HO	MPLC	MPLO	PPA	PLC	PLO	WC	Auto-Correlation
CAL	100%	32%	83%	62%	-22%		38%	-22%		51%	-21%	50%
CMP	32%	100%	48%	37%	-19%		52%	-60%		23%	-21%	51%
GLC	83%	48%	100%	84%	-40%		70%	-47%		82%	-14%	73%
GLO	62%	37%	84%	100%	-61%		73%	-37%		83%	-5%	85%
HO	-22%	-19%	-40%	-61%	100%		-43%	-2%		-33%	-41%	-3%
MPLC												
MPLO	38%	52%	70%	73%	-43%		100%	-52%		70%	-16%	63%
PPA	-22%	-60%	-47%	-37%	-2%		-52%	100%		-47%	36%	35%
PLC												
PLO	51%	23%	82%	83%	-33%		70%	-47%		100%	-3%	78%
WC	-21%	-21%	-14%	-5%	-41%		-16%	36%		-3%	100%	-7%

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5. These are correlations with p-values less than 5 percent.

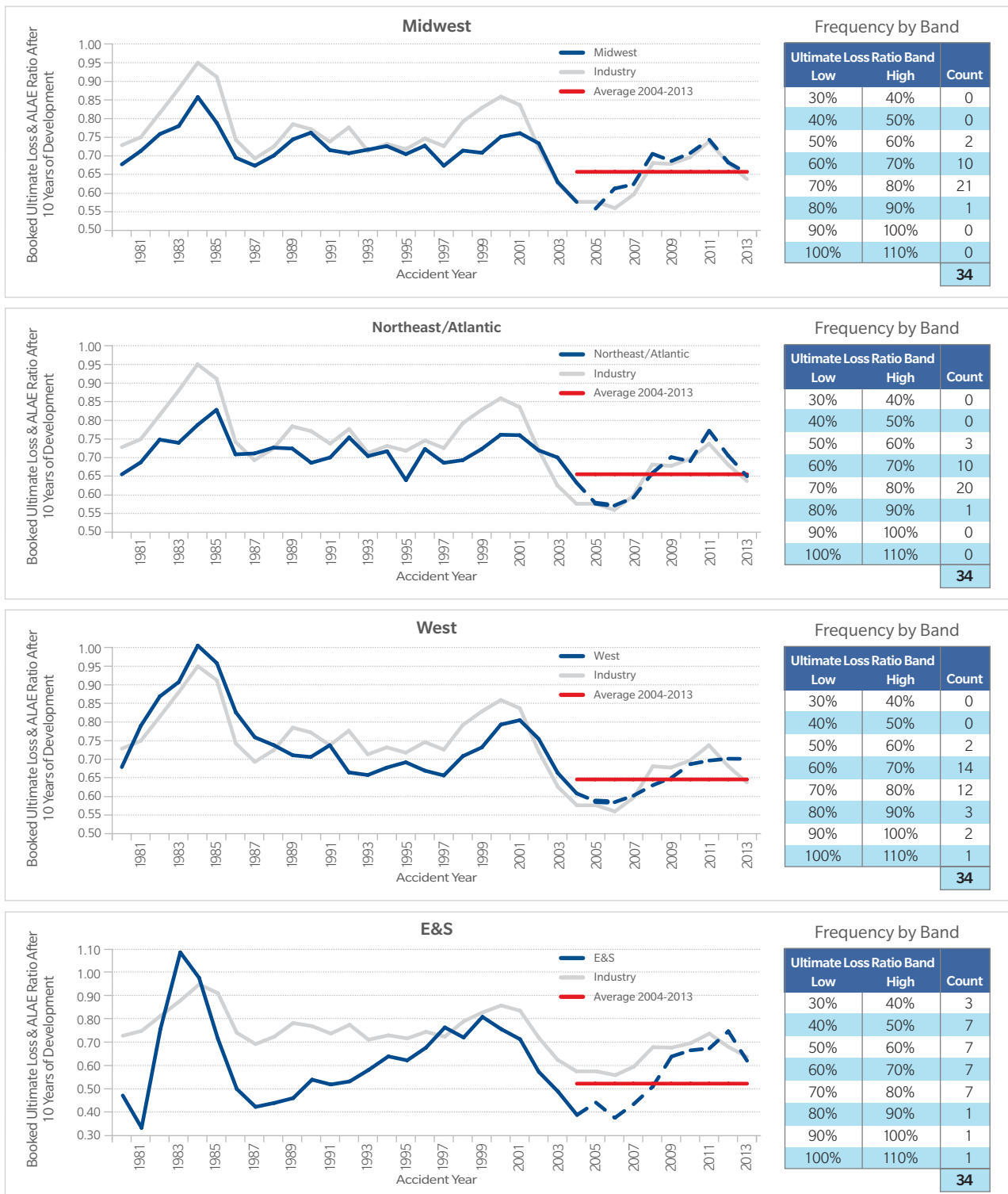
GRAPHICS 3.2 LOSS RATIO CYCLES BY US MARKET SEGMENT

G 6 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO BY ACCIDENT YEAR, US INDUSTRY BY MARKET SEGMENT, ELEVEN⁶ LINES OF BUSINESS COMBINED, NET OF REINSURANCE



G 6 | CONTINUED

--- Booked ULR at less than 10 years of development



IV. RESERVING RISK



4.1 INDUSTRY REVIEW

During 2013, ultimate loss estimates for each historical accident year from 2004 to 2012 were reduced on an all-lines combined basis. This trend in reserve releases has persisted for some years now. Interestingly, the single-year reduction to estimated ultimate loss for the youngest accident year, 2012, was approximately 2 percent and represented the largest such decrease since 2007.

The experience of the last three decades supports the view that the lines of business with highest concentration of bodily injury costs (general liability, products liability, and medical professional liability) present the largest uncertainty in initial reserve estimates. This highlights the need for reserve modules of economic capital models to consider the relationship between these liabilities and macroeconomic drivers.

This is the first year to include metrics for occurrence business separately from metrics for claims made business. Reserves for claims made business have exhibited comparatively more volatility.

Graphic G7 is a signature exhibit for the ASR and presents an historical picture of reserve risk, pointing to two key insights:

1. Accident years which develop adversely do so in a consistent pattern.
2. Series of good accident years have historically been followed by a series of bad accident years.

The key driver of the cycle is unexpected (and unpriced) changes in calendar year trends, such as changes in inflation. Indeed, price inflation itself, as well as trends in medical cost utilization, has exhibited cycle patterns which correlate with the reserve cycle.

In order to assess the contribution to total reserve risk posed by the uncertainty in future inflation estimates, Guy Carpenter offers software applying generalized linear modeling (GLM) to model the runoff of unsettled claim values. Our software, MetaRisk Reserve, is licensed by our clients to understand claims inflation trends in loss triangles. These trends generally exceed economic inflation and differ for each book of business.

SINGLE-YEAR RESERVE RISK

For a book of business spanning ten accident years, we can measure the change in the booked reserve as of 12/XX to 12/XX+1. That is, we calculate:

$$\text{Statistic} = \frac{(\text{Reserve at 12/2013} + \text{Paid During 12/2013}) - \text{Reserve at 12/2012}}{\text{Reserve at 12/2012}}$$

where the reserve at 12/2013 is the total reserve for accident years 2003 to 2012 and the paid during 2013 is also for accident years 2003 to 2012⁷.

We repeat this calculation for all periods 12/2012, 12/2011... to 12/1989.

7. It is assumed the booked ultimate loss does not change for the oldest accident year.

T9 | ONE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT OF A GROUP OF TEN ACCIDENT YEARS, BY LINE OF BUSINESS US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Mean (1)	CV = St Dev/ Mean (2)	Minimum (3)	Maximum (4)
CAL	0%	3%	-4%	8%
CMP	-1%	3%	-5%	5%
GLC	0%	6%	-10%	14%
GLO	-1%	3%	-4%	6%
HO	-3%	5%	-9%	11%
MPLC	-4%	8%	-12%	15%
MPLO	-2%	4%	-8%	9%
PPA	-4%	2%	-8%	0%
PLC	-4%	8%	-16%	15%
PLO	1%	4%	-5%	9%
WC	0%	3%	-5%	5%

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ULTIMATE RESERVE RISK

For a book of business spanning ten accident years, we can measure the change in the booked reserve over nine development years, from 12/XX to 12/XX+9. For example, for 2004 we calculate:

$$\text{Statistic} = \frac{\text{Sum [Booked Ultimate Loss at 120 months - Paid Loss at 12/2004]}}{\text{Sum [Booked Ultimate Loss at 12/2004 - Paid Loss at 12/2004]}}$$

where all values are for accident years 1995 to 2004⁸.

For example, when we repeat this calculation as of 12/2003, the values are for accident years 1994 to 2003. We perform this calculation for all periods 12/2004, 12/2003... to 12/1989.

T10 | ULTIMATE DEVELOPMENT OF A GROUP OF TEN ACCIDENT YEARS, BY LINE OF BUSINESS US INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Mean (1)	CV = St Dev/ Mean (2)	Minimum (3)	Maximum (4)
CAL	1.00	10%	0.87	1.17
CMP	1.04	8%	0.93	1.21
GLC	1.19	34%	0.70	1.60
GLO	1.01	16%	0.86	1.30
HO	0.93	7%	0.85	1.11
MPLC	0.97	18%	0.72	1.26
MPLO	0.93	15%	0.76	1.14
PPA	0.91	7%	0.81	1.00
PLC	0.95	26%	0.68	1.44
PLO	1.21	21%	0.99	1.56
WC	1.03	13%	0.86	1.23

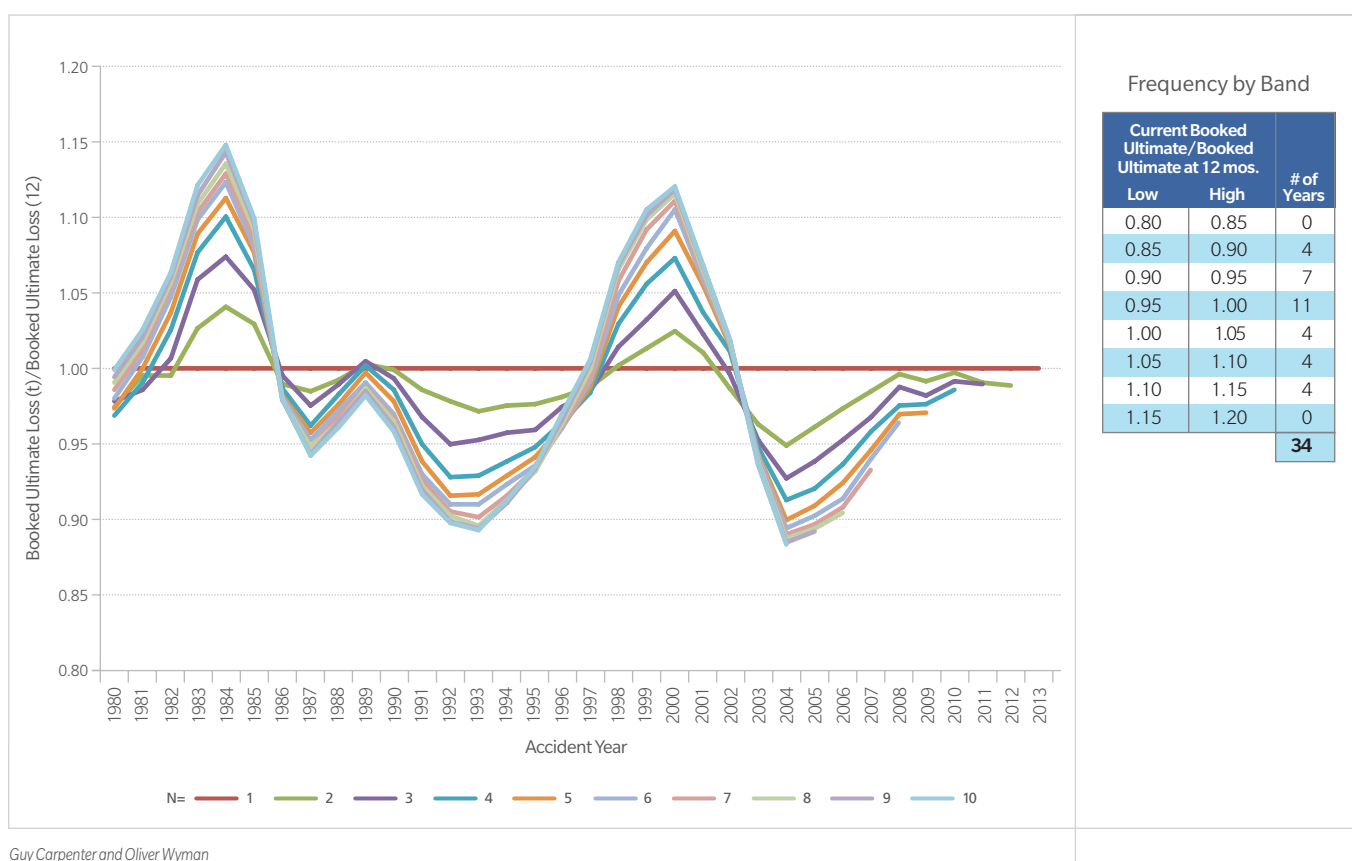
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GRAPHICS 4.1 RESERVE DEVELOPMENT CYCLE AND FREQUENCY

Explanation

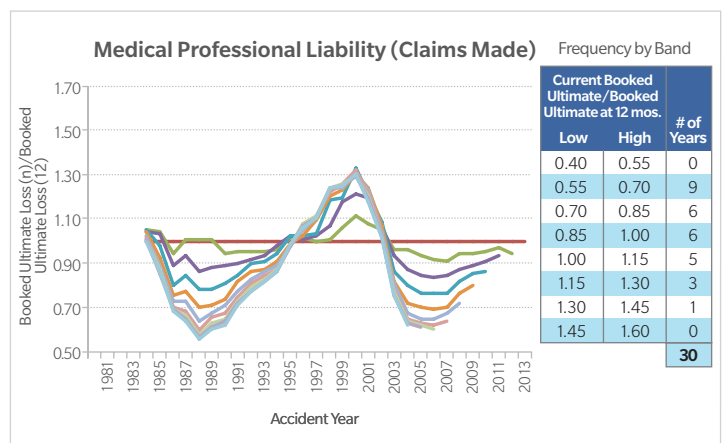
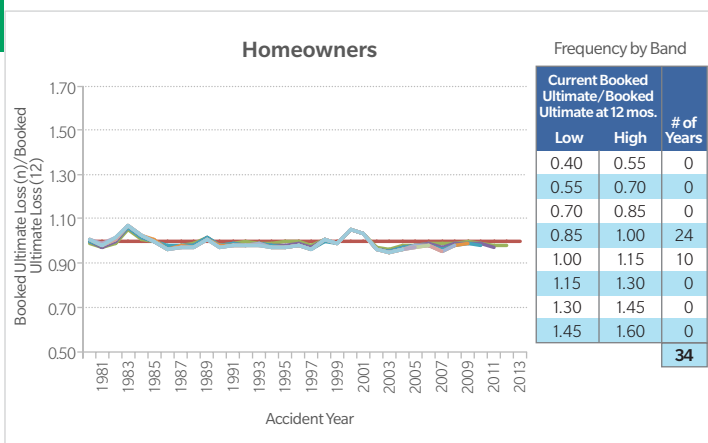
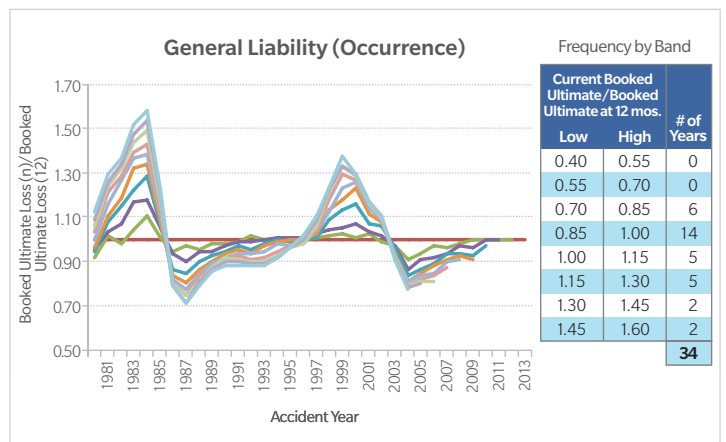
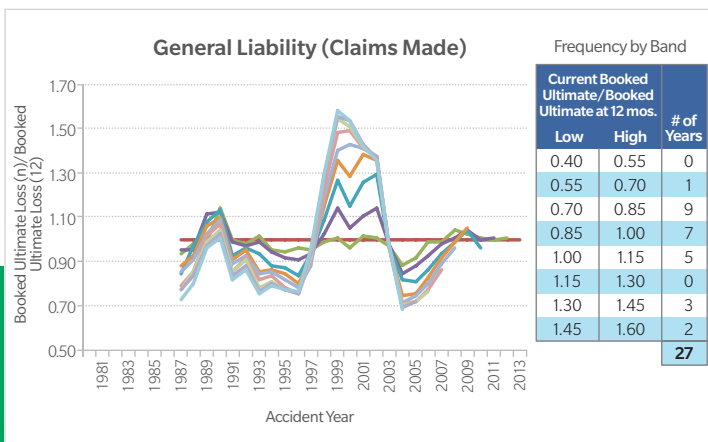
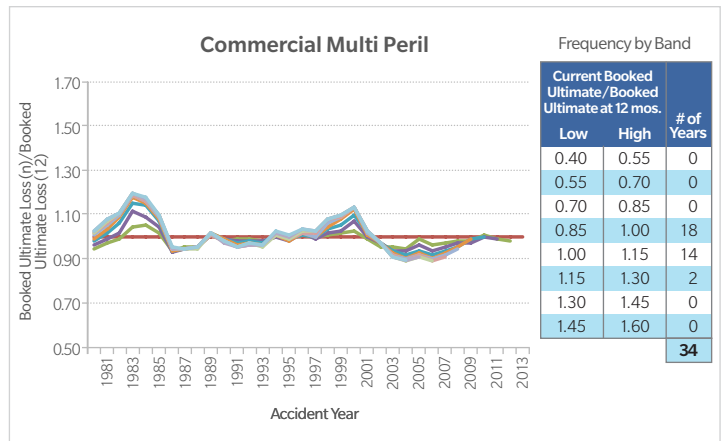
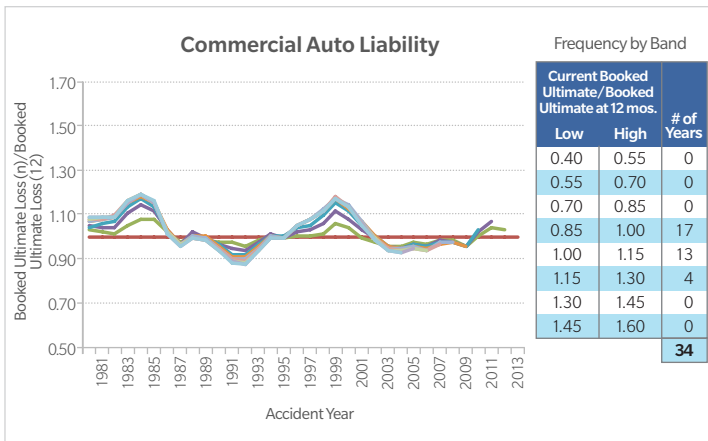
The reserve for a particular accident year is re-estimated periodically. The reserving cycle in Graphic G7 illustrates these re-estimates, where each line is the booked ultimate loss at subsequently older evaluations, indexed on the initial booked ultimate loss at 12 months of development, set at 1.00. For example, after ten years of re-estimates, the booked ultimate loss for accident year 2000 was 12 percent higher than the initial estimate of the booked ultimate loss (made in December 2000).

G 7 | BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER N YEARS OF DEVELOPMENT / BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER ONE YEAR'S DEVELOPMENT, BY ACCIDENT YEAR
U.S. INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ELEVEN LINES OF BUSINESS COMBINED⁹, NET OF REINSURANCE



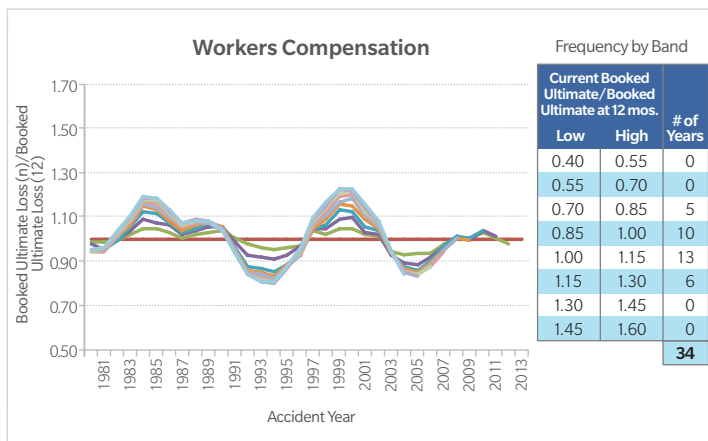
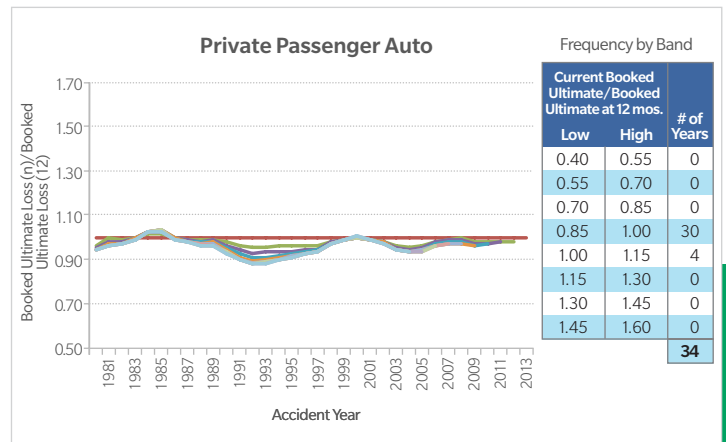
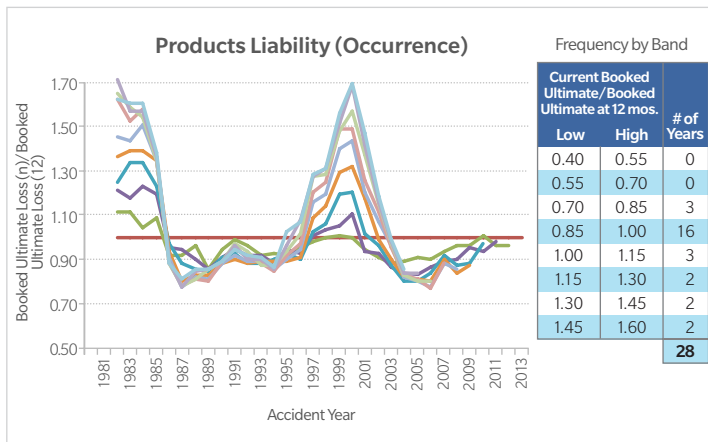
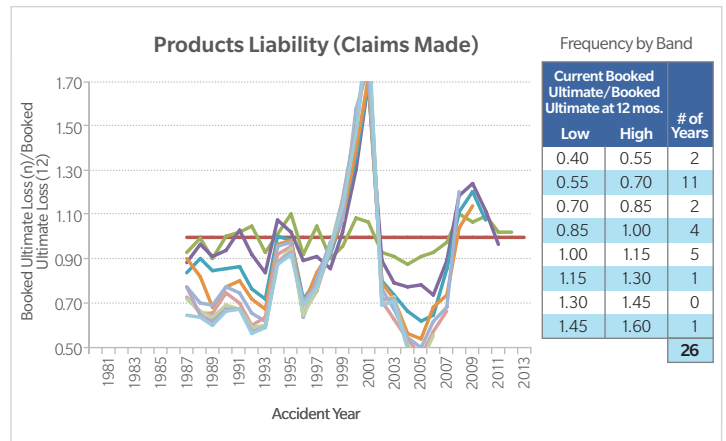
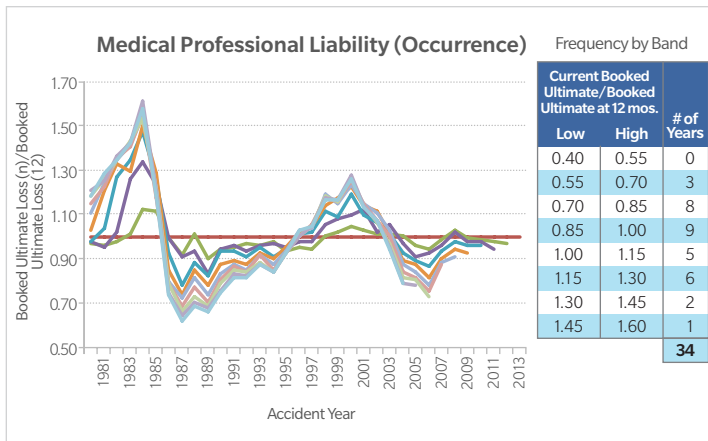
9. Includes all lines in the ASR: CAL, CMP, GLO, GLC, HO, MPLO, MPLC, PPA, PLO, PLC, and WC.

G 8 | BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER N YEARS OF DEVELOPMENT/BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER ONE YEAR'S DEVELOPMENT, BY ACCIDENT YEAR, U.S. INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE BY LINE OF BUSINESS, NET OF REINSURANCE



G 8 | CONTINUED

N= 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10



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Reserving Risk

4.2 US MARKET SEGMENT TABLES

T11 | ONE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT OF A GROUP OF TEN ACCIDENT YEARS
BY MARKET SEGMENT, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Segment	Mean	CV = St Dev/ Mean	Minimum	Maximum
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Commercial Auto Liability	Top 15 Writers	0%	3%	-4%	7%
	National	-1%	3%	-6%	9%
	Multi Regional	2%	4%	-5%	15%
	Southeast/ Gulf	0%	4%	-8%	12%
	Midwest	-2%	5%	-9%	8%
	Northeast / Atlantic	2%	4%	-5%	8%
	West	-3%	4%	-12%	8%
Commercial Multi Peril	E&S	-2%	6%	-13%	8%
	Top 15 Writers	-1%	3%	-7%	4%
	National	0%	4%	-6%	11%
	Multi Regional	-2%	4%	-8%	7%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-2%	5%	-9%	9%
	Midwest	-6%	5%	-14%	8%
	Northeast / Atlantic	1%	5%	-6%	21%
General Liability (CM)	West	1%	8%	-11%	16%
	E&S	-4%	11%	-19%	23%
	Top 15 Writers	0%	8%	-11%	16%
	National	-1%	4%	-10%	8%
	Multi Regional	-2%	7%	-12%	10%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-9%	3%	-13%	-3%
	Midwest	-2%	13%	-15%	35%
General Liability (Occ)	Northeast / Atlantic	-7%	4%	-14%	0%
	West	-13%	5%	-23%	-4%
	E&S	-6%	6%	-17%	4%
	Top 15 Writers	-1%	3%	-5%	7%
	National	-2%	3%	-7%	4%
	Multi Regional	-1%	8%	-12%	20%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-2%	4%	-7%	5%
Homeowners	Midwest	-7%	5%	-16%	2%
	Northeast / Atlantic	-2%	5%	-8%	10%
	West	-5%	11%	-20%	33%
	E&S	-2%	6%	-15%	7%
	Top 15 Writers	-3%	6%	-9%	14%
	National	-5%	4%	-10%	6%
	Multi Regional	-6%	4%	-11%	4%
Medical Professional Liability (CM)	Southeast/ Gulf	-6%	6%	-15%	5%
	Midwest	-7%	3%	-12%	-1%
	Northeast / Atlantic	-5%	4%	-13%	2%
	West	-8%	6%	-18%	15%
	E&S	-2%	19%	-30%	40%
	Top 15 Writers	0%	14%	-11%	42%
	National	-1%	13%	-23%	26%
	Multi Regional	-7%	6%	-17%	4%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-6%	6%	-14%	6%
	Midwest	-3%	5%	-12%	6%
	Northeast / Atlantic	-7%	5%	-18%	0%
	West	-10%	4%	-20%	0%
	E&S				

Line of Business	Segment	Mean	CV = St Dev/ Mean	Minimum	Maximum
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Medical Professional Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	2%	8%	-8%	20%
	National	-6%	9%	-28%	17%
	Multi Regional	-1%	7%	-14%	11%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-4%	6%	-16%	8%
	Midwest	-8%	18%	-48%	58%
	Northeast / Atlantic	-3%	3%	-6%	3%
	West	-15%	19%	-61%	7%
	E&S	-4%	9%	-17%	22%
Private Passenger Auto	Top 15 Writers	-4%	3%	-9%	0%
	National	-3%	3%	-8%	1%
	Multi Regional	-3%	4%	-11%	3%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-1%	3%	-9%	6%
	Midwest	-4%	3%	-8%	3%
	Northeast / Atlantic	-5%	3%	-9%	1%
	West	-6%	6%	-17%	2%
	E&S	-7%	19%	-47%	33%
Products Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	1%	16%	-18%	48%
	National	-11%	11%	-25%	12%
	Multi Regional	-8%	5%	-18%	1%
	Southeast/ Gulf				
	Midwest				
	Northeast / Atlantic				
	West				
	E&S				
Products Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	2%	4%	-4%	10%
	National	-3%	6%	-15%	10%
	Multi Regional	5%	18%	-11%	63%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-1%	10%	-21%	15%
	Midwest	1%	10%	-16%	30%
	Northeast / Atlantic	1%	14%	-27%	38%
	West	5%	18%	-20%	40%
	E&S	-8%	9%	-22%	17%
Workers Compensation	Top 15 Writers	0%	3%	-5%	7%
	National	0%	4%	-6%	7%
	Multi Regional	0%	10%	-7%	43%
	Southeast/ Gulf	-2%	4%	-9%	7%
	Midwest	-2%	6%	-12%	9%
	Northeast / Atlantic	-1%	4%	-6%	9%
	West	-5%	4%	-16%	2%
	E&S	-1%	6%	-11%	8%

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T12 | ULTIMATE DEVELOPMENT OF A GROUP OF TEN ACCIDENT YEARS BY MARKET SEGMENT, NET OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Segment	Mean	CV = St Dev/ Mean	Minimum	Maximum
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Commercial Auto Liability	Top 15 Writers	0.99	10%	0.86	1.17
	National	0.99	8%	0.86	1.16
	Multi Regional	0.99	6%	0.91	1.14
	Southeast/ Gulf	0.89	9%	0.75	1.05
	Midwest	0.97	8%	0.88	1.16
	Northeast / Atlantic	1.12	11%	0.97	1.30
	West	0.89	7%	0.77	1.01
Commercial Multi Peril	E&S	0.84	16%	0.63	1.13
	Top 15 Writers	1.03	8%	0.91	1.18
	National	1.06	11%	0.92	1.30
	Multi Regional	1.03	12%	0.90	1.26
	Southeast/ Gulf	1.08	17%	0.78	1.31
	Midwest	0.90	8%	0.80	1.01
	Northeast / Atlantic	0.96	7%	0.83	1.04
General Liability (CM)	West	1.34	19%	0.90	1.56
	E&S	1.18	31%	0.77	1.51
	Top 15 Writers	1.25	41%	0.66	1.76
	National	0.98	19%	0.69	1.27
	Multi Regional	0.95	19%	0.70	1.18
	Southeast/ Gulf	0.65	6%	0.56	0.74
	Midwest	1.00	20%	0.81	1.24
General Liability (Occ)	Northeast / Atlantic	0.77	6%	0.68	0.82
	West	0.55	7%	0.46	0.64
	E&S	0.69	16%	0.43	0.88
	Top 15 Writers	0.99	15%	0.85	1.27
	National	0.98	11%	0.85	1.18
	Multi Regional	0.94	17%	0.79	1.35
	Southeast/ Gulf	1.00	17%	0.79	1.28
Homeowners	Midwest	0.84	8%	0.75	1.03
	Northeast / Atlantic	0.97	12%	0.77	1.13
	West	1.01	28%	0.74	1.70
	E&S	1.01	13%	0.82	1.16
	Top 15 Writers	0.95	9%	0.85	1.17
	National	0.93	5%	0.83	1.03
	Multi Regional	0.86	5%	0.80	0.99
Medical Professional Liability (CM)	Southeast/ Gulf	0.86	9%	0.71	1.00
	Midwest	0.87	5%	0.78	0.95
	Northeast / Atlantic	0.88	7%	0.77	1.01
	West	0.84	9%	0.76	1.11
	E&S	0.95	34%	0.47	1.39
	Top 15 Writers	1.13	33%	0.73	1.73
	National	0.98	20%	0.63	1.26
Medical Professional Liability (CM)	Multi Regional	0.84	15%	0.66	1.03
	Southeast/ Gulf	0.84	10%	0.65	0.98
	Midwest	0.97	8%	0.86	1.11
	Northeast / Atlantic	0.76	8%	0.63	0.88
	West	0.71	11%	0.55	0.89
	E&S				

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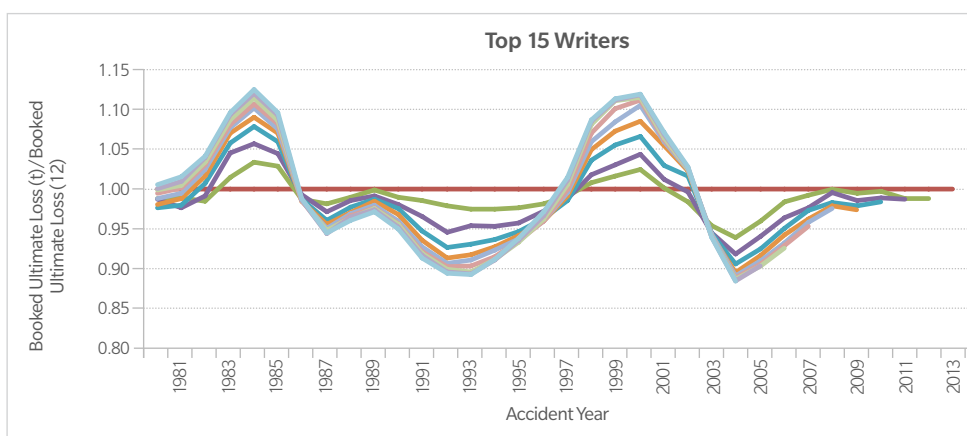
T12 | CONTINUED

Line of Business	Segment	Mean	CV = St Dev/ Mean	Minimum	Maximum
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Medical Professional Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	1.12	28%	0.78	1.52
	National	0.83	10%	0.67	1.01
	Multi Regional	1.02	11%	0.91	1.13
	Southeast/ Gulf	0.82	8%	0.66	0.94
	Midwest	0.68	19%	0.47	0.98
	Northeast / Atlantic	0.92	4%	0.87	0.97
	West	0.81	11%	0.68	0.90
	E&S	0.75	14%	0.38	0.89
Private Passenger Auto	Top 15 Writers	0.91	7%	0.80	1.00
	National	0.91	6%	0.82	1.01
	Multi Regional	0.88	8%	0.76	0.99
	Southeast/ Gulf	0.93	6%	0.86	1.07
	Midwest	0.92	5%	0.83	1.01
	Northeast / Atlantic	0.88	6%	0.80	0.98
	West	0.83	12%	0.64	0.99
	E&S	0.73	10%	0.59	0.90
Products Liability (CM)	Top 15 Writers	1.25	45%	0.70	2.06
	National	0.68	16%	0.46	0.98
	Multi Regional	0.75	10%	0.62	0.89
	Southeast/ Gulf				
	Midwest				
	Northeast / Atlantic				
	West				
	E&S				
Products Liability (Occ)	Top 15 Writers	1.25	19%	1.06	1.57
	National	0.99	28%	0.67	1.48
	Multi Regional	1.19	37%	0.87	1.82
	Southeast/ Gulf	1.13	27%	0.66	1.60
	Midwest	1.33	28%	0.92	1.96
	Northeast / Atlantic	1.09	27%	0.53	1.58
	West	1.34	24%	0.90	1.67
	E&S	1.07	31%	0.61	1.48
Workers Compensation	Top 15 Writers	1.08	16%	0.86	1.34
	National	1.02	11%	0.85	1.19
	Multi Regional	0.99	12%	0.85	1.30
	Southeast/ Gulf	0.96	10%	0.84	1.17
	Midwest	0.96	14%	0.77	1.19
	Northeast / Atlantic	0.96	12%	0.79	1.13
	West	0.82	12%	0.68	1.00
	E&S	1.05	7%	0.98	1.17

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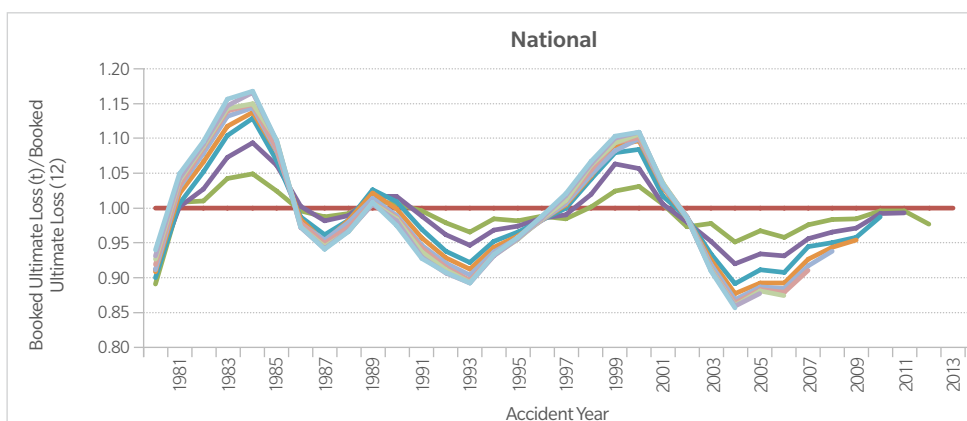
GRAPHICS 4.2 RESERVE DEVELOPMENT CYCLE AND FREQUENCY BY US MARKET SEGMENT

G 9 | BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER N YEARS OF DEVELOPMENT/BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER ONE YEAR DEVELOPMENT, BY ACCIDENT YEAR
BY MARKET SEGMENT, ELEVEN¹⁰ LINES OF BUSINESS COMBINED, NET OF REINSURANCE

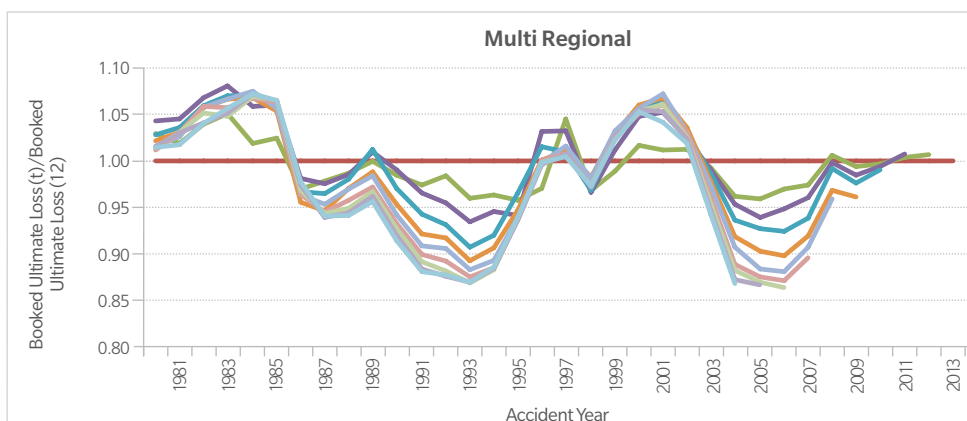


Frequency by Band

Current Booked Ultimate/Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	0
0.80	0.90	3
0.90	1.00	18
1.00	1.10	10
1.10	1.20	3
1.20	1.30	0
1.30	1.40	0
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	0
		34



Current Booked Ultimate/Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	0
0.80	0.90	4
0.90	1.00	18
1.00	1.10	8
1.10	1.20	4
1.20	1.30	0
1.30	1.40	0
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	0
		34

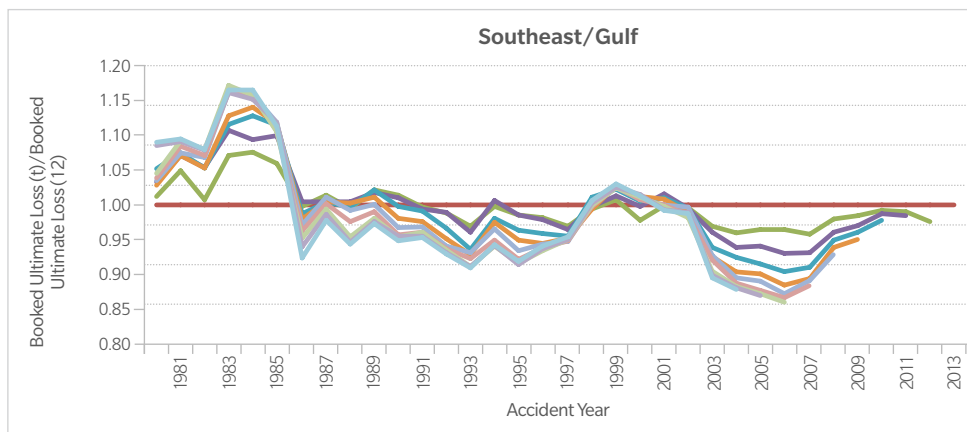


Current Booked Ultimate/Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	0
0.80	0.90	8
0.90	1.00	12
1.00	1.10	14
1.10	1.20	0
1.20	1.30	0
1.30	1.40	0
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	0
		34

N= 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

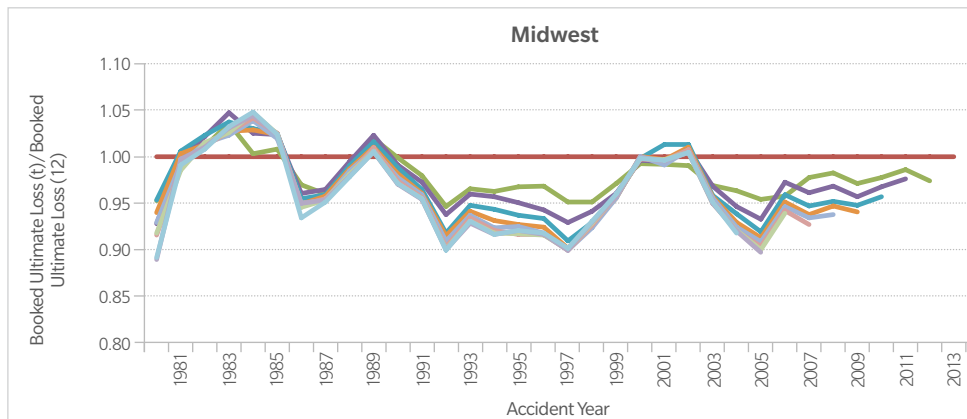
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G 9 | CONTINUED

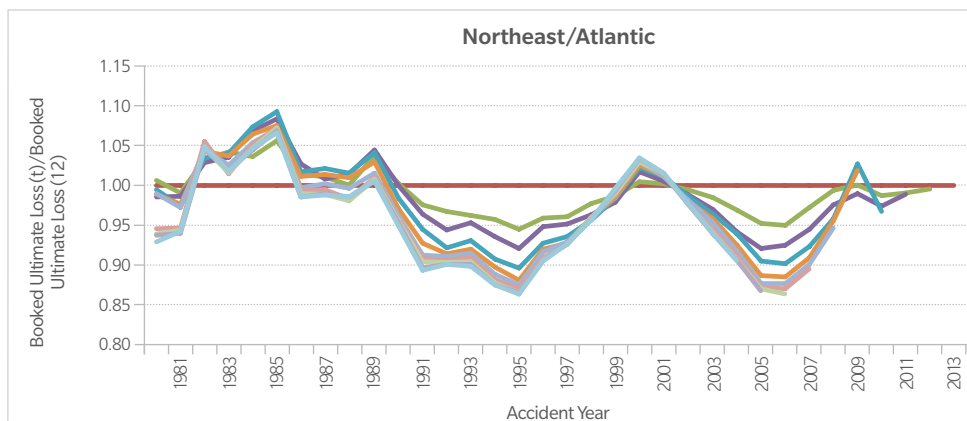


Frequency by Band

Current Booked Ultimate / Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	0
0.80	0.90	5
0.90	1.00	19
1.00	1.10	7
1.10	1.20	3
1.20	1.30	0
1.30	1.40	0
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	0
		34



Current Booked Ultimate / Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	0
0.80	0.90	3
0.90	1.00	24
1.00	1.10	7
1.10	1.20	0
1.20	1.30	0
1.30	1.40	0
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	0
		34



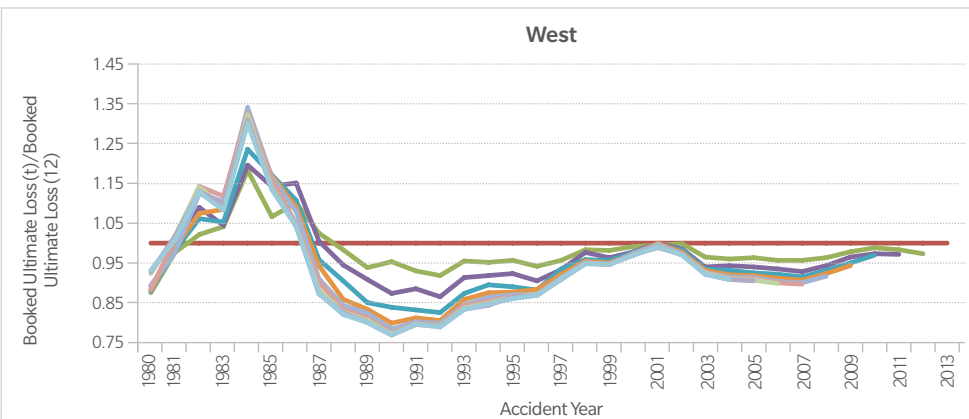
Current Booked Ultimate / Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	0
0.80	0.90	7
0.90	1.00	18
1.00	1.10	9
1.10	1.20	0
1.20	1.30	0
1.30	1.40	0
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	0
		34

N= 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

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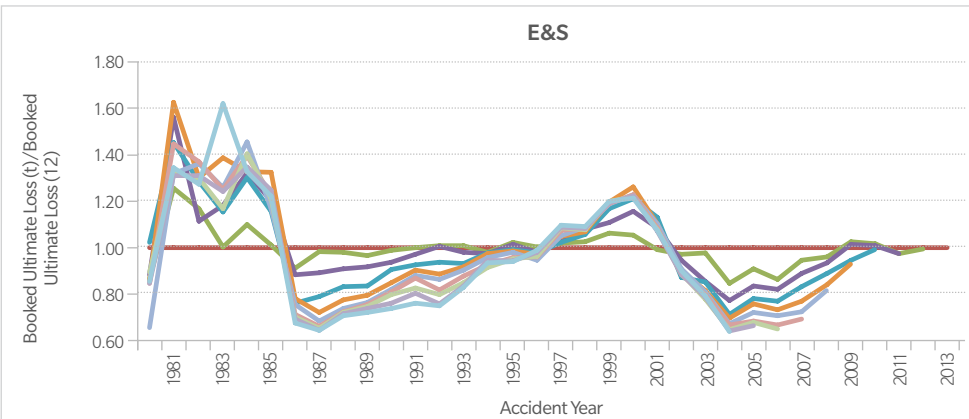


G9 | CONTINUED



Frequency by Band

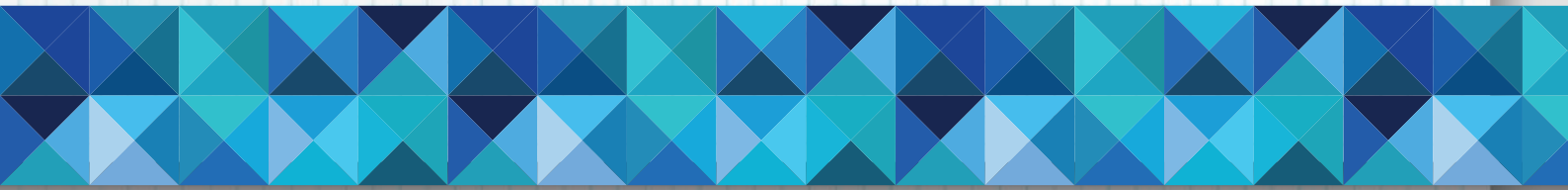
Current Booked Ultimate/Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	3
0.80	0.90	9
0.90	1.00	15
1.00	1.10	4
1.10	1.20	2
1.20	1.30	0
1.30	1.40	1
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	0
		34



Current Booked Ultimate/Booked Ultimate at 12 mos.		# of Years
Low	High	
0.70	0.80	12
0.80	0.90	4
0.90	1.00	7
1.00	1.10	4
1.10	1.20	1
1.20	1.30	3
1.30	1.40	2
1.40	1.50	0
1.50	1.60	0
1.60	1.70	1
		34

N= 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

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V. APPENDIX

A.1 DEFINITION OF US MARKET SEGMENTS

The market segments illustrated in this report were defined carefully to provide insurers of various sizes and geographic footprints a collection of risk benchmarks closely reflecting their own profile. The four regional market segments can also provide insight into the dynamics of regions into which a company is considering expansion.

The market segments include:

Segment	Count	2013 Total DWP		% of Industry
		(Millions)	Average DWP	
Top 15 Writers	15	291,651.4	19,443.4	54%
National	40	81,589.8	2,039.7	15%
Multi Regional	17	19,534.3	1,149.1	4%
Southeast/Gulf	305	32,591.9	106.9	6%
Midwest	184	21,998.8	119.6	4%
Northeast/Atlantic	263	27,516.1	104.6	5%
West	130	17,627.2	135.6	3%
Industry	1426	539,174.6	378.1	91%
E&S	52	9,160.6	176.1	2%

As noted in Section 1.2, 472 companies (approximately 9 percent of the industry) are not allocated to any of the market segments in the ASR due to lack of credible loss history or a risk profile not consistent with one of the defined segments. Furthermore, the excess & surplus (E&S) segment is not defined such that it is mutually exclusive with the rest; hence it cannot be included in the summation.

The initial universe of companies reviewed to construct these market segments was A.M. Best's listing of insurance groups and unaffiliated single entities, excluding E&S. From that universe, companies with less than USD1 million in direct written premium were removed due to lack of loss experience sufficiently credible for computing the risk benchmarks. The insurance groups and unaffiliated single entities were then segmented as follows:

- **Top 15 Writers:** include the 15 largest insurance groups in the industry based on total direct written premium. These companies manage their insurance risks on a national scale.
- **National:** includes companies with at least USD500 million in direct written premium and write in at least 40 states.
- **Multi Regional:** includes companies with at least USD500 million in direct written premium and write in at least 25 states.
- The four regional segments (**Northeast/Atlantic, Southeast/Gulf, Midwest, and West**) represent the rest of the companies which write business in fewer than 25 states or have less than USD500 million in direct written premium. The following table details the states associated with each region:
- The **E&S** market segment includes entities defined as "Surplus Lines" writers according to A.M. Best's database. E&S writers with less than USD5 million in direct written premium were removed. Also removed were companies with zero net written premium and companies whose assumed written premium from affiliates was greater than 25 percent of direct plus reinsurance assumed from affiliates written premium. These definitions were necessary to remove companies which may be identified as an E&S writer but because of the effects of intercompany reinsurance or pooling the net results do not reflect the E&S business.

Northeast/ Atlantic	Southwest Gulf	Midwest	West
CT	AL	IA	AK
DC	AR	IL	AZ
DE	FL	IN	CA
MA	GA	KS	CO
MD	LA	KY	HI
ME	MS	MI	ID
NH	NC	MN	MT
NJ	OK	MO	NM
NY	SC	ND	NV
PA	TN	NE	OR
RI	TX	OH	UT
VT	VA	SD	WA
WV		WI	WY

The subsequent tables provide a listing of the companies within each market segment:

Top 15 Writers

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
State Farm Mutl Automobile Ins	54,199.7	Progressive Corp.	17,547.8
Liberty Mutual	28,416.3	USAA Insurance Group	14,501.2
Allstate Insurance Group	27,583.6	Zurich American Insurance Company	10,984.9
Berkshire Hathaway Inc.	23,156.0	Hartford Mutual Insurance Co.	10,854.1
Travelers Companies Inc.	22,615.1	Chubb Corp.	9,782.8
Farmers Insurance Group of Companies	18,284.1	ACE Ltd.	9,082.9
Nationwide Mutual Group	18,078.4	Continental Casualty Company	8,511.0
American International Group	18,053.5		

National: 40 Companies

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
American Family Mutual	6,608.6	Employers Mutual Casualty Co.	1,417.4
American Financial Group, Inc.	4,885.7	Federated Mutual Group	1,186.7
W. R. Berkley Corporation	4,512.5	American National Property & Casualty Company	1,181.6
Assurant Group	4,101.6	HCC Insurance Holdings Group	1,129.6
Cincinnati Financial Corp.	4,084.5	White Mountains Insurance	1,122.2
Allianz Group	3,934.5	Radian Guaranty Inc.	1,050.2
Hanover Insurance Company	3,823.3	Argo Group International	996.3
MetLife Inc.	3,446.1	CUMIS Insurance Society, Inc.	995.0
Old Repub International Corp.	3,375.7	Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation	973.7
Factory Mutual Insurance Company	3,083.4	IAT Reinsurance (US)	901.4
Fairfax Financial Holdings	2,910.4	IDS Property Casualty Insurance Company	900.0
AmTrust Financial Services	2,834.8	Ironshore Inc.	889.3
Wells Fargo & Co.	2,603.6	State National Insurance Company, Inc.	816.6
Markel Corp.	2,319.2	RLI Insurance Company	756.4
Selective Insurance Group Inc.	2,135.2	Catlin Group Ltd	742.0
State Auto Group	1,995.3	Star Insurance Company	735.4
Sentry Insurance a Mutual Co.	1,918.6	Navigators Group Inc.	693.1
Amica Mutual Insurance Co.	1,792.8	Church Mutual Insurance Co.	618.6
Starr International Co.	1,609.2	Horace Mann Insurance Company	588.6
Kemper Corp.	1,442.1	ProSight Specialty Ins Grp Inc	479.0

Multi Regional: 17 Companies

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Auto-Owners Insurance Co.	5,527.8	Doctors Company, An Interinsurance Exchange	736.1
COUNTRY Mutual Insurance Company	2,348.5	Amerisure Mutual Insurance Company	691.3
Ohio Farmers Insurance Co.	1,694.0	Employers Insurance Group	680.5
GuideOne Mutual & GuideOne Specialty Mutual	1,138.6	Wright Insurance Group LLC	585.8
Main Street America Group	971.6	Virginia Surety Co.	546.2
Accident Fund Insurance Company of America	870.1	Aspen American Insurance Co. & Aspen Specialty Insurance Co.	527.5
Utica Mutual Insurance Company	769.6	John Deere Insurance Co.	474.7
ProAssurance Corp.	762.8	American Hallmark Ins Co of TX	454.7
United Fire Group Inc.	754.6		

Source: Guy Carpenter

Continued Overleaf

Southeast/Gulf: 305 Companies

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Alfa Mutual Insurance Company	1,096.8	Loudoun Mutual Insurance Co.	38.7
Texas Mutual Insurance Co.	1,031.4	Agricultural Workers Mutl Auto	37.7
ARX Holding Corp.	1,022.5	Synergy Insurance Co.	37.0
Texas Farm Bureau	1,002.3	Modern USA Insurance Co.	36.8
NC Farm Bureau Insurance Group	932.2	FHM Insurance Co.	36.2
Republic Companies, Inc.	736.4	Southern General Insurance Co.	35.5
Tower Hill Group	693.6	Southern Mutual Church Ins Co.	35.5
Home State Insurance Grp Inc.	633.4	Traders Insurance Co.	35.5
FCCI Insurance Group	593.5	PLICO Inc.	35.1
Central Mutual of Ohio Group	533.7	Assure Holding Corp.	33.3
Old Amer County Mutl Fire Ins Co. & Old Amer Indemnity Co.	519.7	Repwest Insurance Co.	31.9
Loya Insurance Company	495.7	Discovery Insurance Co.	31.9
GA Farm Bureau Mutual Ins Co.	449.8	Aetna Insurance Co. of CT	31.3
Germania Mutual Group	425.1	Plateau Casualty Insurance Co.	31.3
Direct General Group	405.0	Southern Trust Insurance Co.	29.8
PMI Mortgage Insurance Co.	375.8	SUNZ Insurance Co.	29.4
SPARTA Insurance Company	372.0	Peachtree Casualty Ins Co.	29.2
AMERISAFE Combined Group	364.2	Florida Doctors Insurance Co.	28.9
United P&C Insurance Co.	343.9	AF&L Holdings LLC	28.0
Houston International Insurance Group	342.1	Carolina Mutual Insurance Inc.	25.8
BCS Insurance Co.	341.8	Access Home Insurance Co.	25.5
Safeway Insurance Company	334.4	American Risk Insurance Co.	25.4
Brotherhood Mutual Ins Co.	324.0	United Home Insurance Co.	25.2
HCI Group, Inc.	319.1	Leon Hix Group	23.4
Universal Insurance Holdings of North America	314.1	Granada Insurance Co.	23.0
Florida Peninsula Holdings LLC	310.4	Star Casualty Insurance Co.	22.5
CompSource OK	310.1	Star & Shield Ins Exchange	22.4
Affirmative Insurance Company	304.0	Zale Indemnity Co.	22.1
American Coastal Ins Co.	300.2	Retailers Casualty Ins Co.	22.0
Courtesy Insurance Co.	298.9	Texas Lawyers' Ins Exchange	21.7
ACCC Insurance Co.	293.6	Southern States Ins Exchange	19.5
St. Johns Insurance Co.	282.1	Responsive Auto Insurance Co.	19.2
Western World Insurance Company	279.7	N.C. Grange Mutual Ins Co.	19.2
Virginia Farm Bureau Mutual Insurance Company	276.8	Forestry Mutual Insurance Co.	19.2
Geovera Holdings, Inc. Group	274.1	US Lloyds Insurance Co.	18.5
Sompo Japan Insurance Company of America	269.1	First Benefits Ins Mutual Inc.	18.4
Fortegra Financial Corp.	260.9	Harbor Insurance Co.	18.1
Oklahoma Farm Bureau Insurance Group	252.8	Seven Seas Insurance Co.	17.8
Privilege Underwriters Reciprocal Exchange	251.3	Titan Insurance Co. Inc. A RRG	17.8
Federated National Ins Co.	249.5	Frank Winston Crum Ins Co	17.7
Farm Bureau Mutl Ins Co. of AR	246.4	Lawyers Mutl Liab Ins Co of NC	17.6
United Automobile Insurance Group	244.4	Lion Insurance Co (FL)	17.5
MAG Mutual Group	241.9	American Federated Ins Co.	17.0
Global Indemnity Group	232.4	Centennial Casualty Co.	16.9
Security First Insurance Co.	228.7	Work First Casualty Co.	16.7
First Financial Insurance Company	228.0	Southwest Physicians RRG Inc.	16.7
Consolidated Lloyds	219.6	Madison Insurance Co.	16.6
Guarantee Insurance Co.	215.6	LEMIC Insurance Co.	16.4
James River Insurance Group	214.5	Global Hawk Insurance Co. RRG	16.0

Southeast/Gulf: 305 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Torus Insurance Holdings Limited	211.4	Southern Pioneer P&C Ins Co.	15.9
People's Trust Insurance Co.	211.2	Normandy Harbor Insurance Co.	15.2
Amer Integrity Ins Co. of FL	207.6	Premier Group Insurance Co.	14.2
Pennsylvania Lumbermens Group	205.6	Capson Physicians Ins Co.	14.1
Bankers Insurance Company	202.5	Capacity Insurance Co.	13.5
Builders Mutual Insurance Company	200.8	Avatar P&C Insurance Co.	13.4
South Carolina Farm Bureau Mutual Insurance Company	198.8	Kingsway Amigo Insurance Co.	13.3
Canal Insurance Company	198.7	Florida Lawyers Mutual Ins Co.	12.8
MGA Insurance Co.	191.5	Lancet Indemnity RRG Inc.	12.5
Essent Guaranty, Inc. & Essent Guaranty of PA, Inc.	186.2	Building Industry Ins Assn Inc	12.2
Louisiana Workers' Comp Corp.	185.3	USPlate Glass Insurance Co.	11.9
Hochheim Prairie Insurance Group	182.1	Standard Casualty Co.	11.6
Auto Club Insurance Co. of FL	181.8	Union Mutual Insurance Co.	11.6
First Acceptance Insurance Company, Inc.	177.4	Texas Medical Liability Trust	11.0
National Lloyds Insurance Co.	174.0	MedMal Direct Insurance Co.	10.9
Windhaven Insurance Co.	173.3	States Self-Insurers RRG Inc.	10.9
Southern Fidelity Insurance Co	170.2	USA Insurance Co.	10.9
Maxum Specialty Insurance Group	168.2	Delta Lloyds Ins Co of Houston	10.7
Builders Insurance	168.0	Farmers Mutl Fire Ins Co. (OK)	10.7
International Fidelity Ins Co.	166.7	New Home Warranty Ins Co A RRG	10.4
Cherokee Insurance Co.	164.0	Casualty Corp. of America Inc.	10.3
Federated Rural Electric Ins	157.5	Oklahoma Attorneys Mutl Ins Co	10.0
State Volunteer Mutual	152.3	Farmers Mutual of Tennessee	9.9
Cypress Insurance Group Inc.	146.6	Mental Health RRG Inc.	9.5
Jewelers Mutual Insurance Co.	146.6	Accredited Surety & Cas Co.	9.5
LA Farm Bureau Mutual Ins Co.	146.5	Chase Family Ltd.	9.4
Southport Lane Group (G)	144.0	Spartan Property Insurance Co.	9.4
Dealers Assurance Co.	138.7	Hlthcr Providers Ins Co. (RRG)	9.3
Gulfstream P&C Insurance Co.	128.1	Old Glory Insurance Co.	9.2
Securian Casualty Co.	127.1	ARCOA RRG Inc.	8.8
Kinsale Insurance Co.	124.6	Agent Alliance Insurance Co.	8.5
Florida Family Insurance Company	124.3	Coastal Insurance Co.	8.4
Texas FAIR Plan Association	122.7	Samaritan RRG Inc.	8.4
Heritage P&C Insurance Co.	122.5	Health Care Casualty RRG Inc.	8.4
National American Insurance Co	122.4	Halifax Mutual Insurance Co.	8.3
First Protective Insurance Co.	116.0	Circle Star Insurance Co A RRG	8.2
Ark Royal Insurance Co.	115.7	German American Farm Mutual	8.0
Lumbermen's Undrwtg Alliance	114.5	Petroleum Casualty Co.	7.6
Amer Farmers & Ranchers Mutl	109.4	Texas Hospital Ins Exchange	7.5
RetailFirst Insurance Group	108.6	CompTrust AGC Mutl Captive Ins	7.3
Service Lloyds Insurance Co.	108.6	Agents Mutual Insurance Co.	7.3
Ohio Indemnity Co.	108.5	Colonial Insurance Group	7.1
Olympus Insurance Co.	105.5	Versant Casualty Insurance Co.	7.1
Fidelity Fire & Casualty Co.	105.2	Georgia Dealers Insurance Co.	7.0
FFVA Mutual Insurance Co.	103.6	Baldwin Mutual Insurance Co.	6.9
Southern Oak Insurance Co.	103.0	Family Security Insurance Co.	6.8
Medical Insurance Group	101.3	Hlthcr Underwriters Grp of FL	6.7
Ranchers & Farmers Ins Co.	99.5	American Resources Ins Co.	6.6
Atlantic Casualty Insurance Company	92.7	Dealers Choice Mutual Ins Inc.	6.4

Southeast/Gulf: 305 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
National Group	90.4	VFH Captive Insurance Company	6.4
Atain Insurance Companies	89.2	Preferred Auto Insurance Co.	6.2
LUBA Casualty Insurance Co.	84.3	Security Plan Fire Ins Co.	6.1
RVOS Farm Mutual Insurance Co.	83.5	HlthCare Mutual Captive Ins Co	6.0
Southern Fidelity P&C Inc.	78.7	Caregivers United Liab Ins Co.	6.0
Armed Forces Ins Exchange	77.9	Med Mal RRG Inc.	6.0
Sunshine State Insurance Co.	76.7	SteadPoint Insurance Co.	5.8
Capitol Preferred Insurance Co	75.4	Coastal American Insurance Co.	5.5
Auto Club South Insurance Co.	75.3	Physicians Prof Liab RRG Inc.	5.5
AssuranceAmerica Insurance Co.	72.0	First Mutual Insurance Co.	5.5
Gray Insurance Company	70.2	Sunland RRG Inc.	4.7
T.H.E. Insurance Co.	67.4	TX Med Liab Ins Undrwtg Assn.	4.4
Lighthouse Property Ins Corp.	64.6	United Bus. Insurance Co.	4.3
Stonetrust Commercial Ins Co.	62.5	GHS P&C Insurance Co.	4.1
CorePointe Insurance Co.	61.8	National Medical Prof RRG Inc.	4.0
SureTec Financial Corp.	59.2	Cmnty Blood Centers' Exchange	4.0
Accident Insurance Co.	58.2	Golden Insurance Co. A RRG	3.9
GoAuto Insurance Co.	58.2	Physicians Casualty RRG Inc.	3.9
Comp Options Insurance Co.	58.0	Ethio-American Insurance Co.	3.8
Homeowners of America Ins Co.	58.0	Carolina Farmers Mutual Ins Co	3.7
Elephant Insurance Co.	57.9	MidSouth Mutual Insurance Co.	3.7
Triton Insurance Co.	57.5	Farmers Union Mutl Ins Co (AR)	3.7
Independence American Ins Co.	56.6	Great Central Fire Ins Co.	3.7
Conifer Holdings Inc.	56.0	Tank Owner Members Ins Co.	3.6
Pre-Paid Legal Casualty Inc.	55.7	Attorneys Insurance Mutual	3.5
National Security Fire & Casualty Company	55.7	Waco Fire & Casualty Ins Co.	3.4
Yosemite Insurance Co.	53.4	Arkansas Mutual Insurance Co.	3.3
Health Care Indemnity Inc.	53.3	Palmetto Surety Corp.	3.3
CEM Insurance Co.	52.9	Road Contractors Mutual Ins Co	3.2
Centauri Specialty Ins Co.	52.3	AGIC Inc.	3.0
National Unity Insurance Co.	51.9	Roche Surety & Casualty Co.	2.9
OOIDA RRG Inc.	51.1	Piedmont Mutual Insurance Co.	2.9
Northern Neck Insurance Co.	50.9	Alamance Farmers' Mutl Ins Co.	2.8
American Agricultural Ins Co.	49.7	Physicians Indemnity RRG Inc.	2.8
American Contractors Insurance Group	49.3	Heartland Healthcare Recpl RRG	2.8
American Traditions Ins Co.	47.4	Spartan Insurance Co.	2.8
Sentruity Casualty Co.	46.0	Century Mutual Insurance Co.	2.6
Southern General Financial Group	45.7	Ponce De Leon LTC RRG Inc.	2.6
Southern Vanguard Insurance Co	45.0	Cruden Bay RRG Inc.	2.5
Triangle Insurance Co.	44.7	Gables RRG Inc.	2.5
Cornerstone National Ins Co.	43.9	British American Insurance Co.	2.4
Weston Insurance Co.	43.7	Warranty Underwriters Ins Co.	2.3
Prepared Insurance Co.	43.7	Novant Health RRG Inc.	2.2
Carolina Motor Club Inc.	43.3	Fredericksburg Prof Risk	2.2
Ophthalmic Mutl Ins Co (A RRG)	43.3	Red Clay RRG Inc.	1.9
Grte Co. of North America USA	42.6	Delta Fire & Casualty Ins Co.	1.8
Ascendant Commercial Ins Inc.	42.0	Emergency Medicine RRG Inc.	1.7
Healthcare Undrwtg Co. A RRG	41.9	Virginia Physicians RRG Inc.	1.5
Atlantic American / Delta Grp	41.7	MAKE Transportation Ins Inc.	1.5

Southeast/Gulf: 305 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
ALPS P&C Ins Co.	41.4
Wellington Insurance Co.	40.8
Rockingham Insurance Company	40.8
Alabama Municipal Ins Corp.	40.7
Consumers Insurance USA Inc.	39.9
Sawgrass Mutual Insurance Co.	39.7

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Med Prvdrs Mutl Ins Co. A RRG	1.5
Gulf Guaranty Insurance Co.	1.2
St. Charles Insurance Co. RRG	1.2
Yel Co. Insurance	1.2
Slavonic Mutual Fire Ins Assn.	1.2

Midwest: 184 Companies

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Auto Club Insurance Association	2,098.4
Shelter Mutual Insurance Company	1,349.3
Farm Bureau Property & Casualty Insurance Company	1,343.4
Grange Mutual Cas Co	1,191.4
ACUITY A Mutual Insurance Co.	1,124.3
West Bend Mutual Insurance Co.	901.4
Kentucky Farm Bureau Mutual Insurance Company	901.3
Motorists Insurance Group	691.3
Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Company of Iowa	664.6
Farm Bureau Mutual Insurance Company of Michigan	636.0
Frankenmuth Insurance	593.0
United Farm Family Mutual Insurance Company	584.7
Farmers Automobile Ins Assn. & Farmers Automobile Mgmt Corp.	567.9
SECURA Insurance Companies	466.2
Western National Mutual Insurance Company	410.9
Grinnell Mutual Group	394.8
Hastings Mutual Insurance Co.	393.6
North Star Companies Group	328.6
Safe Auto Insurance Co.	286.5
Columbia Mutual Insurance Company	286.0
Farmers Mutual Ins Co. of NE	285.8
American Road Insurance Co.	259.8
ISMIE Mutual Insurance Company	245.1
Caterpillar Insurance Co.	235.7
Western Reserve Mutual Casualty Company and its Affiliates	198.0
Ohio Mutual Insurance Group	197.0
Pioneer State Mutual Ins Co.	196.8
IMT Mutual Holding Group	184.2
Missouri Farm Bureau Fedn	183.8
Indiana Farmers Mutual Ins Co.	183.1
Society Insurance A Mutual Co.	177.3
American Access Casualty Co.	176.1
MO Employers Mutual Ins Co.	167.0
Rural Mutual Insurance Co.	165.5
Nodak Mutual Insurance Co.	160.3
Farmers Alliance Mutual Insurance Company	156.4
Old United Casualty Co.	153.9
SFM Mutual Insurance Co.	146.1
Kentucky Employers' Mutual Ins	143.8

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Bar Plan Group	18.8
Northern Mutual Insurance Co.	18.1
IL State Bar Assn. Mutl Ins Co	17.7
Diamond Insurance Co.	16.8
Manufacturing Technology Mutl	16.5
NHRMA Mutual Insurance Co.	16.4
Fairmont Farmers Mutual Ins Co	15.7
First Guard Insurance Co.	15.7
American Alliance Casualty Co.	15.6
Michigan Prof Ins Exchange	15.2
Northwest G.F. Mutual Ins Co.	14.9
National Guardian RRG Inc.	13.9
Direct Auto Insurance Co.	13.7
InsureMax Insurance Co.	13.5
Mennonite Mutual Insurance Co.	13.1
WEA P&C Insurance Co.	13.0
Cities & Villages Mutl Ins Co.	13.0
Interstate Bankers Casualty Co	12.9
Governmental Interinsurance	12.0
Transit General Insurance Co.	11.9
Mutual of Wausau Ins Corp.	11.6
Medical Alliance Insurance Co.	11.2
SU Insurance Co.	10.9
MPM Grp	10.9
McMillan Warner Mutual Ins Co.	10.2
Affinity Mutual Insurance Co.	9.5
Kansas Mutual Insurance Co.	9.4
NAMIC Insurance Co.	9.4
Emergency Physicians Ins Co.	8.5
OHA Insurance Solutions Inc.	8.3
CHC Casualty RRG Inc.	7.9
Ohio Bar Liability Ins Co.	7.4
Lawyers Mutual Ins Co. of KY	7.3
Kentuckiana Medical Recpl RRG	7.1
Universal Surety Company & Inland Insurance Company	6.5
Specialty Risk of America	6.3
Districts Mutual Insurance	6.1
Maple Valley Mutual Ins Co.	6.1
Health Care Insurance Recpl	6.1

Continued Overleaf

Midwest: 184 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Celina Mutual Group	119.2	Hartland Mutual Insurance Co.	6.0
Michigan Millers Mutual Ins Co	115.1	Hlthcr Underwriters Group Mutl	6.0
Lyndon Property Insurance Co.	112.7	Retailers Mutual Insurance Co.	5.8
Midwest Family Mutual Ins Co.	110.4	Great Plains Casualty Inc.	5.5
Pharmacists Mutual Ins Co.	108.2	Kentucky Hospital Ins Co A RRG	5.3
NCMIC Insurance Company	101.7	Galen Insurance Co.	5.2
Preferred Professional Ins Co.	100.7	Indiana Healthcare Recpl RRG	5.1
Badger Mutual Insurance Co.	99.6	WI Municipal Mutual Ins Co.	5.0
Merchants Bonding Co. (Mutual)	82.2	Wisconsin Lawyers Mutl Ins Co.	4.9
Wisconsin Mutual Insurance Co.	68.6	Mount Carroll Mutual Ins Co.	4.7
Producers Agriculture Insurance Company	68.1	Great Lakes Mutual Ins Co.	4.7
Undrwtrs at Lloyd's London-KY	62.2	Saint Lukes Health System RRG	4.6
Buckeye Insurance Group	61.1	US Insurance Co. of America	4.5
Underwriters at Lloyd's London	61.0	National Insurance Co. of WI	4.5
Dakota Group	59.5	Missouri Doctors Mutual Ins Co	4.3
Cameron Insurance Companies	58.6	Hlthcr Underwriters Grp of KY	4.2
Farmers Union Mutual Insurance	52.8	Missouri Valley Mutual Ins Co.	4.2
Rockford Mutual Insurance Co.	47.7	Mound Prairie Mutual Ins Co.	4.2
RAM Mutual Insurance Co.	47.5	Farmers & Mrchnt Mutl Fire Ins	4.2
De Smet Farm Mutual Insurance Co. of South Dakota	46.6	Physicians Prof Indem Assn.	4.1
Standard Mutual Insurance Co.	45.9	Doctors Direct Insurance Inc.	4.0
Michigan Commercial Ins Mutual	45.6	Little Black Mutual Ins Co.	3.8
Germantown Mutual Insurance Co	45.6	Heartland Mutual Insurance Co.	3.8
Wolverine Mutual Insurance Co.	44.2	Hay Creek Mutual Insurance Co.	3.6
IL Cas Co. (A Mutual Ins Co.)	43.0	Bloomfield Mutual Insurance Co	3.6
Healthcare Services Group	39.5	Whitecap Surety Co.	3.4
Minnesota Lawyers Mutl Ins Co.	36.1	Petroleum Marketers Mgmt Ins	3.4
Prime Insurance Company	35.6	Ellington Mutual Insurance Co.	3.3
Madison Mutual Ins Co. (IL)	34.9	Emergency Cap Mgmt LLC A RRG	3.2
ReliaMax Insurance Company	30.9	Vasa-Spring Garden Mutl Ins Co	3.1
Wayne Mutual Insurance Co.	28.7	Western Mutual Fire Ins Co.	3.0
Midwest Insurance Co.	27.8	Farmers Mutual Ins Co. (KS)	3.0
First Chicago Insurance Co.	27.6	Indemnity National Ins Co.	2.9
Kentucky National Insurance Co	27.5	Transit Mutual Ins Corp. of WI	2.8
Bremen Farmers Mutual Ins Co.	27.0	National Fire & Casualty Co.	2.8
Center Mutual Insurance Co.	26.2	Integra Insurance Inc.	2.7
Ohio FAIR Plan Undrwtg Assn.	25.9	National Heritage Insurance Co	2.6
Amer Excess Ins Exchange RRG	25.3	Geneva Insurance Co.	2.5
Kansas Medical Mutual Ins Co.	24.8	Falcon Insurance Co.	2.2
Granite Re Inc.	24.8	Suburban Health Org. RRG LLC	1.9
United Equitable Group Ltd.	24.5	Forward Mutual Insurance Co.	1.9
League of WI Municipalities	24.3	Mower Cnty Farmers Mutl Ins Co	1.8
Marysville Mutual Insurance Co	23.6	Farmington Mutual Insurance Co	1.6
Wisconsin Reinsurance Corp.	23.3	Midwest Ins Grp Inc. a RRG	1.6
Amer Inter-Fidelity Exchange	22.7	Benefit Security Insurance Co.	1.6
Wisconsin County Mutual Group	21.9	Keystone Mutual Insurance Co.	1.5
R.V.I. America Insurance Co.	21.4	Trinity Risk Solutions Recpl	1.5
Caring Communities a Recpl RRG	21.0	Indiana Old National Ins Co.	1.4
IU Health RRG Inc.	20.8	Farmers Mutual Fire Ins Co.	1.3

Midwest: 184 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Mt. Morris Mutual Insurance Co	20.3	Innovative Physician Solutions	1.3
Midwest Builders' Casualty Mutual Company	20.2	Club Insurance Co.	1.3
MutualAid eXchange	20.0	MFS Mutual Insurance Co.	1.2
Upland Mutual Insurance Inc.	18.9	Fort Wayne Med Surety Co. RRG	1.0

Northeast/Atlantic: 263 Companies

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Erie Insurance Group	5,076.0	Physicians Specialty Ltd. RRG	15.4
MAPFRE	2,039.5	Professional Casualty Assn.	14.8
New Jersey Manufacturers Insurance Company	1,770.3	Farmers Fire Insurance Co.	14.6
Arbella Insurance Group	775.4	Central PA Physicians RRG Inc.	14.2
Safety Insurance Group Inc.	731.7	NJ Physicians United Recpl	14.0
Donegal Mutual Insurance Company	720.1	Eveready Insurance Co.	14.0
Palisades Safety and Insurance Association	692.1	Kensington Insurance Co.	13.9
Pennsylvania National Mutual Casualty Insurance Company	681.7	Midstate Mutual Insurance Co.	13.9
New York Central Mutual Fire Insurance Company	484.0	Wayne Cooperative Insurance Co	13.8
HDI-Gerling America Ins Co.	400.4	Build America Mutual Assr Co.	13.6
Plymouth Rock Assurance Corporation	372.7	Geisinger Insurance Corp. RRG	13.3
Medical Professional Mutual Insurance Company	364.5	Cmnty Hlth Alliance Recpl RRG	13.0
Vermont Mutual Insurance Group	354.8	Park Insurance Co.	12.8
Protective Insurance Company	344.2	Hospitality Insurance Group	12.7
Electric Insurance Co.	338.3	Lexington National Ins Corp.	12.6
Attorneys' Liab Assr Society	322.9	Colonial Surety Co.	12.5
BrickStreet Mutual Insurance Company	307.5	Municipal Mutual Ins Co. of WV	12.3
Greater New York Mutual Insurance Company	293.5	Westminster American Ins Co.	12.1
Stonebridge Casualty Ins Co.	289.2	West Virginia Insurance Co.	12.1
Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.	284.3	Eastern Dentists Ins Co. RRG	11.8
Preferred Mutual Insurance Co.	278.4	Farmers Mut Fire Ins Co Mrb PA	11.6
American Independent Companies, Inc.	262.5	St. Luke's Hlth Ntwrk Ins Co.	11.5
Quincy Mutual Group	260.2	Alliance National Insurance Co	11.0
Merchants Insurance Group	256.4	Marathon Finl Ins Co.	10.9
Hospitals Insurance Co.	237.1	Daily Underwriters of America	10.7
Lancer Insurance Group	232.4	Finger Lakes F&C Co.	10.7
MEMIC Group	230.0	First Medical Ins Co. (A RRG)	10.6
Highmark Casualty Insurance Co. & HM Casualty Insurance Co.	220.0	Physicians Proactive	10.3
State Workers' Insurance Fund	218.6	NY Hlthcr Ins Co. Inc. A RRG	10.2
Public Svc Ins Co., Paramount Ins Co. & Western Select Ins	207.0	West Virginia Natl Auto Ins Co	10.2
Nuclear Electric Insurance Ltd	203.1	Leatherstocking Coop Ins Co.	9.6
Narragansett Bay Insurance Company Group	200.6	Terra Insurance Co. (A RRG)	9.1
AMEX Assurance Co.	180.8	Chautauqua Patrons Ins Co.	9.0
Coliseum Reinsurance Company	179.8	Positive Physicians Insurance	8.9
Concord General Mutual Insurance Company	172.1	Reamstown Mutual Insurance Co.	8.6
Norfolk & Dedham Group	169.6	North Country Insurance Co.	8.4
Queen City Assurance Inc.	169.6	Ins Placement Facility of PA	8.3
Leading Ins Group Ins Co. Ltd.	163.7	Hyundai Marine & Fire Ins Co.	8.0
Beazley Insurance Co.	163.5	Mid-Hudson Co-Operative Ins Co	7.9

Continued Overleaf

Northeast/Atlantic: 263 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Associated Industries of Massachusetts Mutual Ins. Co.	155.8	PACE RRG Inc.	7.8
MMG Insurance Co.	148.6	First Keystone RRG Inc.	7.8
Untd Educators Ins A Recpl RRG	146.8	Guthrie RRG Inc.	7.7
Franklin Mutual Group	145.6	Crystal Run Reciprocal RRG	7.7
Medical Mutual Group	144.3	CARE RRG Inc.	7.5
American Transit Insurance Co.	141.1	SCRUBS Mutual Assurance Co RRG	7.5
Cumberland Insurance Group	135.0	J.M. Woodworth RRG Inc.	7.5
Philadelphia Contributionship	134.2	Nazareth Mutual Insurance Co.	7.5
Brethren Mutual Insurance Co.	129.8	Eastern Mutual Insurance Co.	7.5
Samsung Fire & Marine Ins Co.	128.9	First Indemnity of Am Ins Co.	7.4
Goodville & German Mutual Grp	127.1	PA Physicians' Recpl Insurers	7.4
Country-Wide Insurance Co.	125.5	OrthoForum Insurance Co.	7.4
Union Mutual of Vermont	123.3	Balboa Insurance Company	7.3
Utica First Insurance Co.	118.8	Associated Mutual Ins Coop	7.2
KnightBrook Insurance Co. Guilderland Reinsurance Co.	118.4	Schuylkill Crossing RRRG	7.1
Controlled Risk Ins Co. of VT	118.1	Architects & Engineers Ins Co.	7.0
Beacon Mutual Insurance Co.	113.1	Paramount Insurance Co.	7.0
Hereford Insurance Group (G)	107.4	Doctors & Surgeons Natl RRG	7.0
Aegis Security & American Sentinel Insurance Companies	106.7	Broome Co-operative Ins Co.	6.9
Mutual Benefit Ins. Co. & Affiliate Select Risk Ins. Co.	106.2	Oswego County Mutual Ins Co.	6.8
American Steamship Owners	105.4	WellSpan Reciprocal RRG	6.8
MCIC Vermont Inc. (A RRG)	101.4	Mountaineer Freedom RRG Inc.	6.5
Lackawanna Casualty Company	100.6	Fulmont Mutual Insurance Co.	6.4
Coface North America Ins Co.	97.3	Synergy Comp Insurance Co.	6.4
Bond Safeguard Ins Co., Lexion Ins Co. & Peninsular Surety Co	96.5	Callicoon Co-operative Ins Co.	6.0
Ambac Assurance Corporation	94.3	Central Co-operative Ins Co.	5.9
New London County Mutual Insurance Company	92.1	North Shore - LJJ Physicians	5.9
ICI Mutual Insurance Co. a RRG	87.5	Farmers Mutual Ins Co. (WV)	5.8
New York Schools Ins Recpl	87.3	CBIA Comp. Services Inc.	5.8
Providence Group	76.0	Great Falls Insurance Co.	5.8
Academic Hlth Professionals	72.6	Physicians' Insurance Program	5.8
Lititz Mutual Insurance Co.	70.6	Arrow Mutual Liability Ins Co.	5.7
Florists' Mutual Insurance Company	70.3	Bedford Grange Mutual Ins Co.	5.7
Agency Insurance Co. of MD Inc	67.4	Laundry Owners Mutual Liab Ins	5.7
Interboro Insurance Company	66.8	Natl Indepdnt Truckers Ins Co.	5.4
Co-operative Insurance Cos	64.3	Juniata Mutual Insurance Co.	5.3
Atradius Trade Credit Ins Inc.	62.5	Farmers Mutl Fire McCandless	5.2
Fiduciary Ins Co. of Am Inc.	61.7	Pinnacle Consortium of Higher	5.1
Kingstone Insurance Co.	60.4	Freedom Advantage Insurance Co	5.1
Erie & Niagara Insurance Assn.	60.4	Amalgamated Casualty Ins Co.	5.0
Everett Cash Mutual Ins Co.	59.4	Genesee Patrons Coop Ins Co.	4.8
Citizens United Recpl Exchange	59.1	PA Professional Liability JUA	4.8
Millers Capital Insurance Co.	58.7	Pinelands Insurance Co RRG Inc	4.8
Atlantic Charter Insurance Company	58.2	Ontario Insurance Co.	4.6
Mountain Laurel RRG Inc.	55.1	Midrox Insurance Co.	4.5
Sterling Insurance Co.	53.5	United Central PA. Recpl RRG	4.5
Dryden Mutual Insurance Co.	53.0	Briar Creek Mutual Ins Co.	4.2
MDAdvantage Insurance Co of NJ	51.8	Constitution Insurance Co.	4.1
New York Municipal Ins Recpl	51.6	Madison Mutual Ins Co. (NY)	4.0

Northeast/Atlantic: 263 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Tuscarora Wayne Mutual Grp Inc	48.5	National Mortgage Insurance Holdings Group	3.5
IFA Insurance Co.	47.2	Hanover Fire & Casualty Ins Co	3.5
Applied Medico-Legal Solutions	44.9	Wilmington Insurance Co.	3.4
Franklin Cas Ins Co. (A RRG)	44.4	Friends Cove Mutual Ins Co.	3.4
ARI Mutual Insurance Company	43.8	Regis Insurance Co.	3.3
Community Hospital Alternative	43.4	Safe Insurance Co.	3.3
Connecticut Medical Group	43.0	Peace Church RRG (a Recpl)	3.2
American European Insurance Group	42.9	Service Insurance Co. (NJ)	3.2
Medical Mutual Ins Co. of ME	42.0	United Frontier Mutual Ins Co.	2.9
Farmers Mutl Fire Ins Co Salem	40.9	PELICAN Ins (A Reciprocal RRG)	2.9
Security Mutual Insurance Co.	40.0	Pan Handle Farmers Mutl Ins Co	2.9
Global Liberty Ins Co. of NY	38.8	United Cas & Surety Ins Co.	2.7
Healthcare Pvdrs Ins Exchange	38.0	Franklin Homeowners and Its Affiliated Insurance Companies	2.7
Pfd Physicians Med RRG Inc.	37.5	Washington County Co-op Ins Co	2.7
Oceanus Insurance Co. a RRG	36.0	Sigma RRG Inc.	2.5
Tri-State Consumer Ins Co.	35.6	Centre County Mutl Fire Ins Co	2.5
Financial Guaranty Ins Co.	34.0	Ironshore RRG Inc.	2.4
Evergreen National Indem Co.	33.3	Mutual Ins Co. of Lehigh Cnty	2.2
BAR Vermont RRG Inc.	32.5	Good Shepherd Recpl RRG Inc.	1.9
Farmers and Mechanics Mutual Group	30.7	Pine Tree Ins A Reciprocal RRG	1.9
Farmers Ins Co. of Flemington	29.2	Hannahstown Mutual Ins Co.	1.8
Windsor Mount Joy Mutl Ins Co.	28.8	Millbrook NMF RRG Inc.	1.7
Barnstable Group	28.6	Graco RRG Inc.	1.7
Oriska Insurance Co.	28.1	AEGIS Healthcare RRG Inc.	1.7
Broadline RRG Inc.	28.1	Otsego Cnty Patrons Co-Op Fire	1.6
Millville Mutual Insurance Co.	28.0	Continental Mutual Ins Co.	1.6
Rider Insurance Co.	27.9	Physicians' Ins Exchange Rsrc	1.5
Frederick Mutual Insurance Co.	27.1	Bondex Insurance Co.	1.5
West Virginia Mutual Ins Co.	26.5	CareNext RRG Inc.	1.5
Hlthcr Professionals Ins Co.	25.7	Wall Rose Mutual Insurance Co.	1.5
AmeriHealth Casualty Ins Co.	25.4	Public Utility Mutual Ins Co.	1.5
Housing & Redevelopment Ins	25.3	COMCARE PRO Ins (A Recpl RRG)	1.4
National Catholic RRG Inc.	23.9	Faith Affiliated RRG Inc.	1.3
Cassatt RRG Inc.	22.8	First Surety Corp.	1.2
Capitol Insurance Co.	21.4	Farmers & Mechanics Mutual Ins	1.2
Maya Assurance Co.	21.2	Clearfield County Grange Mutl	1.2
Fire Districts NY Group	20.5	Delaware Prof Insurance Co RRG	1.2
Conventus Inter-Insurance	20.3	Grange Mutual Fire Ins Co.	1.1
Bedford Physicians RRG Inc.	17.2	Anacostia Holding Co.	1.1
Otsego Mutual Fire Ins Co.	16.6	DuBois Medical RRG	1.1
American Millennium Ins Co.	16.4	Commonwealth Mutl Ins Co of Am	1.0
Allegany Insurance Group	15.9	Allied Services RRG	1.0
CIFG Assurance North Am Inc.	15.6	Sauquoit Valley Insurance Co.	1.0
Eastern Atlantic Insurance Co.	15.5		

Continued Overleaf

West: 130 Companies

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Auto Club Enterprises Insurance Group	2,907.2	Allied Professionals Ins Co.	21.6
CSAA Insurance Exchange	2,836.8	Sutter Insurance Co.	20.5
Mercury General Corp.	2,682.1	Idaho Counties Risk Mgmt	19.7
Insurance Company of the West	657.6	Sterling Casualty Insurance Co	19.4
CA Earthquake Authority	574.0	Farmers Union Mutl Ins Co (MT)	19.1
SAIF Corp.	436.2	Advantage Workers Comp Ins Co.	17.2
California Capital Insurance Company	403.2	Farm Crdt Sys Assn Captive Ins	15.9
Enumclaw Insurance Group	359.2	Red Shield Insurance Company	15.8
PEMCO Mutual Insurance Co.	354.0	Nations Insurance Co.	15.0
Wawanesa General Insurance Co.	332.7	Adriatic Insurance Co.	14.5
California Casualty Indemnity Exchange	326.9	Financial Cas & Surety Inc.	13.7
NORCAL Mutual Insurance Company	285.2	Fairway Physicians Ins Co. RRG	13.2
Alliance United Insurance Co.	243.0	Restoration RRG Inc.	13.1
Alaska National Insurance Co.	229.4	Primero Insurance Co.	12.7
SCF Arizona	220.1	Oregon Dental Service	12.1
Access Insurance Co.	209.8	Associated Loggers Exchange	11.6
Idaho State Insurance Fund	195.3	American Liberty Insurance Co.	11.5
Workers Compensation Fund	191.7	Allegiant Ins Co. Inc. A RRG	10.7
Pacific Specialty Insurance Company	188.2	Nevada Mut & First Choice Cas Grp	10.6
Mtn W Farm Bureau Mutl Ins Co.	168.4	Victory Insurance Co.	10.1
Century-National Insurance Co.	162.0	Bell United Insurance Co.	9.4
Farm Bureau Mutual Insurance Company of Idaho	161.6	Amer Assn Orthodontists Ins Co	8.7
Oregon Mutual Insurance Company	157.8	Amer Trucking & Transportation	8.3
Consolidated Civil Svc Employees & CSE Safeguard	146.6	ARECA Insurance Exchange	8.2
Grange Insurance Association	141.7	Landcar Casualty Co.	8.1
Dongbu Ins Co. Ltd (US Branch)	132.1	Seaview Insurance Co.	8.0
First American Financial Corp.	127.4	American Surety Co.	7.9
Mutual Insurance Co. of AZ	118.8	Health Prvdrs Ins Recpl A RRG	7.8
Island Insurance Companies	118.0	CPA Mutual Ins Co. of Am RRG	7.4
Hiscox Insurance Co.	114.1	Alaska Timber Ins Exchange	6.7
Mendota Insurance Company	111.9	Yellowstone Insurance Exchange	6.0
Anchor Insurance Holdings Inc.	104.6	Emergency Medicine Prof Assr	5.9
Bear River Mutual Insurance Co	101.6	Bus. Alliance Insurance Co.	5.7
Topa Insurance Company	95.2	Centurion Med Liab Prtctv RRG	5.5
New Mexico Mutual Group	92.9	Premier Physicians Ins Co.	5.4
Benchmark Insurance Co.	88.4	Contractors Ins Co of North Am	5.3
COPIC Insurance Co.	88.0	Financial American P&C Ins Co.	5.3
Physicians Insurance A Mutual Group	86.9	Pacific Pioneer Insurance Co.	5.2
Western Mutual Insurance Group	68.2	Attorneys Ins Mutual RRG Inc.	5.1
Toyota Motor Insurance Co.	66.3	Commonwealth Casualty Co.	4.9
American Pet Insurance Co.	63.3	Sunderland Marine Mutl Ins Co.	4.8
Medical Ins Exchange of CA	60.9	MD RRG Inc.	4.5
CO Farm Bureau Mutual Ins Co.	60.2	PIH Health Ins Co. A Recpl RRG	4.5
United Heritage Mutual Hldg Co	60.1	National Direct Insurance Co.	4.3
Dentists Insurance Co.	59.6	Utah Business Insurance Co.	4.2
ARAG Insurance Co.	59.2	Trans City Casualty Ins Co.	4.2
Generali - US Branch	57.7	Sentinel Assurance RRG Inc.	4.1
Hawaii Employers' Mutl Ins Co.	49.9	Gem State Insurance Co.	4.1
Golden Bear Insurance Co.	48.3	California Med Grp Ins Co. RRG	3.9

West: 130 Companies – Continued

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Western General Insurance Co.	47.4	California Mutual Insurance Co	3.7
Mountain States Insurance Group	40.9	Western Catholic Ins Co. RRG	3.7
Lawyers' Mutual Insurance Co.	39.6	Professionals RRG Inc.	3.6
CAMICO Mutual Insurance Co.	35.8	Continuing Care RRG Inc.	3.4
Workmen's Auto Insurance Co.	33.7	RPX RRG Inc.	3.2
Key Insurance Co.	33.5	Sun Surety Insurance Co.	3.1
NIPPONKOA Ins Co Ltd. (USB)	33.1	Physicians Reimbursement Fund	2.8
Crusader Insurance Co.	31.2	Onyx Insurance Co. Inc. A RRG	2.6
Pfd Contractors Ins Co. RRG	30.3	Workers Compensation Exchange	2.2
Care West Insurance Co.	29.7	National American Insurance Company of California	2.2
Springfield Insurance Co.	28.5	American Forest Cas Co. RRG	2.2
United Insurance Co.	27.9	College Liab Ins Co. A Recpl	2.2
CA Hlthcr Ins Co. Inc. A RRG	27.8	Prof Exchange Assr Co. (A RRG)	2.0
Mtn States Hlthcr Recpl RRG	25.2	Select MD RRG Inc.	1.7
Mutual RRG Inc.	24.1	Professional Ins Exchange	1.6
Spirit Commercial Auto RRG Inc	21.6	Casualty Underwriters Ins Co.	1.5

E&S: 52 Companies

Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)	Company	2013 Total DWP (\$000s)
Ironshore Specialty Insurance Co	820.1	Covington Specialty Insurance Company	133.5
Landmark American Insurance Company	573.6	American Empire Surplus Lines Ins Co	125.3
AXIS Surplus Insurance Company	548.1	Kinsale Insurance Company	124.6
Westchester Surplus Lines Insurance Co	532.2	Houston Specialty Insurance Company	115.0
Colony Insurance Company	495.7	Associated Industries Insurance Co, Inc	111.5
Houston Casualty Company	392.9	Torus Specialty Insurance Company	107.9
Chubb Custom Insurance Company	370.9	Acceptance Indemnity Insurance Company	104.3
Allied World Assurance Co (US) Inc.	319.3	Atlantic Casualty Insurance Company	92.7
Aspen Specialty Insurance Company	311.0	Atain Specialty Insurance Company	83.6
Starr Surplus Lines Insurance Company	304.9	Canopus US Insurance, Inc.	72.0
National Fire & Marine Insurance Co	270.8	Penn-America Insurance Company	69.7
Mt Hawley Insurance Company	265.0	Tudor Insurance Company	59.0
Darwin Select Insurance Company	230.3	United National Insurance Company	54.0
Hudson Specialty Insurance Company	220.0	Oklahoma Specialty Insurance Company	49.9
First Specialty Insurance Corporation	216.9	Associated International Insurance Co	44.2
Burlington Insurance Company	199.7	Penn-Star Insurance Company	38.1
James River Insurance Company	187.2	U S Underwriters Insurance Company	29.2
Western World Insurance Company	185.3	Prime Insurance Company	28.8
Everest Indemnity Insurance Company	179.4	First Financial Insurance Company	25.7
General Star Indemnity Company	151.4	Noetic Specialty Insurance Company	15.8
GeoVera Specialty Insurance Company	148.6	Adriatic Insurance Company	14.5
American Safety Indemnity Company	147.7	Acceptance Casualty Insurance Company	12.2
General Security Indemnity Co of Arizona	147.1	Prime Property & Casualty Insurance Inc.	7.6
Maxum Indemnity Company	144.3	Guilford Insurance Company	2.6
Mount Vernon Fire Insurance Company	138.7	Penn-Patriot Insurance Company	1.9
Cincinnati Specialty Underwriters Ins Co	136.4		

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A.3 CONTACT INFORMATION

Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman can assist you in applying this research in several ways. These metrics are reasonability checks in peer review analysis of existing economic capital models. MetaRisk licensees can receive a MetaRisk project populated with their own statutory financial data and risk parameterization derived from these benchmarks. In addition, Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman are available to assist in applying economic capital model output to strategic decision-making in areas such as capital adequacy, capital allocation and articulation of risk preferences.

The Insurance Risk Benchmarks Research is supported by a large working group of experts and professionals at Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman. Please contact any member of this network with questions and feedback. Contact details are found on the last page of this report.



VI. UK RISK BENCHMARKS REPORT 2014: ANNUAL STATISTICAL REVIEW



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1 GETTING STARTED

For the second time, we have analyzed the United Kingdom insurance market. The techniques and charts used are largely the same as for the United States parts of this year's report, but with some subtle differences that should be highlighted:

- **Data are gross of reinsurance:** The risk benchmarks are calculated using data gross of reinsurance, in contrast to the statistics in the United States parts of the report. This is because the available data for the United Kingdom losses are of better quality before reinsurance is applied.
- **Breadth of Data:** The data is drawn from Forms 31 and 32 of the Financial Services Authority (FSA) (now known as the Prudential Regulation Authority [PRA]) returns. Most of the data reflects business written in the United Kingdom, but some international business is included where written by UK-domiciled insurers. All claims and premium data are in British pound (GBP).
- **Accident years 1994 to 2013:** Our UK data from FSA returns spans accident years 1994 to 2013. This is in contrast to the US data which spans from 1980 to 2013. This is reflected in fewer correlations being identified as statistically significant.
- **Allocated Loss and Adjustment Expense:** Similar to the US analyses, "loss" refers to mean loss including allocated loss and adjustment expenses.
- **Line of Business classification:** The classification of insurance business follows what is UK industry standard and this differs slightly from the United States. Some lines, such as marine, did not have sufficient data to warrant inclusion. Those included have been aggregated to improve homogeneity within each group. The following classifications have been used:
 - **Employers Liability**
 - **Professional Indemnity**
 - **Products and Public Liability**
 - **Commercial Motor:** comprised of commercial fleets, commercial vehicles (non-fleet) and commercial motor (other).
 - **Commercial Property:** comprised of commercial property, consequential loss and contractors.
 - **Household and Domestic**
 - **Personal Motor:** comprised of private motor comprehensive and private motor non-comprehensive.

This classification differs from last year in that commercial liability has been split out into employers liability, professional indemnity and products & public liability.

Finally, for UK companies, we highlight that the ultimate development measures will in general be more useful in an Individual Capital Assessment (ICA) style capital model, while the one year development measures will be more useful in a Solvency II style capital model.

2 TIMING RISK

2.1 MEAN AND CV OF INDUSTRY PAYMENT PATTERNS

What is it?

In T 13 we show the percentage of the ultimate loss that is paid in each development period, for a single accident year. Specifically, we show the distribution of this statistic:

$$\text{Statistic} = \frac{\text{Paid loss in a 12 month development period}^{11} \text{ for a single accident year}}{\text{Booked Ultimate Loss at 120 months for a single accident year}}$$

This statistic is calculated for all accident years 1994 to 2004.

T13 | MEAN OF THE PAYMENT PATTERN, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Duration	Development Month										
		12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	120+
Employers Liability	5.36	1%	9%	16%	21%	20%	11%	5%	2%	1%	1%	13%
Professional Indemnity	5.28	4%	14%	16%	18%	12%	7%	6%	4%	2%	2%	14%
Public/Products Liability	5.84	5%	14%	14%	15%	13%	9%	5%	3%	2%	1%	19%
Commercial Motor	2.67	40%	24%	9%	8%	6%	4%	2%	1%	1%	0%	6%
Commercial Property	2.00	43%	35%	10%	4%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%
Household and Domestic	1.28	57%	30%	6%	3%	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Personal Motor	2.31	49%	21%	8%	6%	5%	3%	2%	1%	1%	0%	5%

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T14 | COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION (= STDEV / MEAN) OF THE PAYMENT PATTERN, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Development Month										
	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	120+
Employers Liability	25%	11%	13%	8%	7%	18%	34%	36%	45%	67%	21%
Professional Indemnity	51%	30%	58%	64%	79%	72%	51%	49%	53%	95%	76%
Public/Products Liability	39%	20%	19%	34%	22%	39%	56%	91%	71%	95%	76%
Commercial Motor	6%	4%	16%	17%	22%	21%	42%	61%	46%	46%	82%
Commercial Property	7%	12%	20%	24%	47%	90%	275%	61%	422%	91%	133%
Household and Domestic	8%	16%	23%	45%	46%	57%	52%	74%	38%	59%	83%
Personal Motor	4%	3%	8%	9%	12%	13%	27%	17%	42%	44%	60%

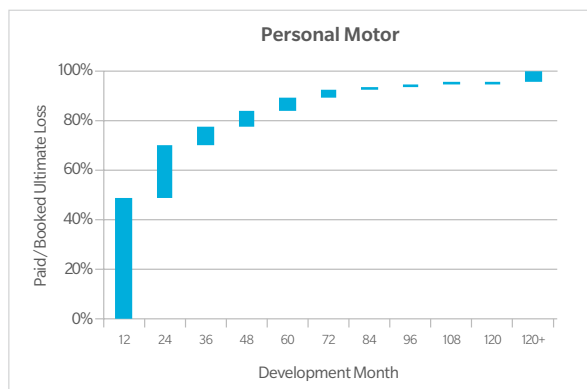
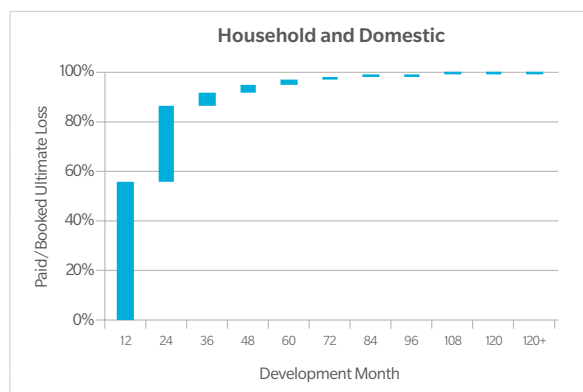
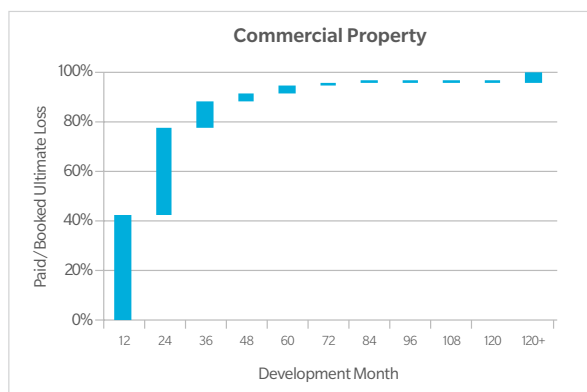
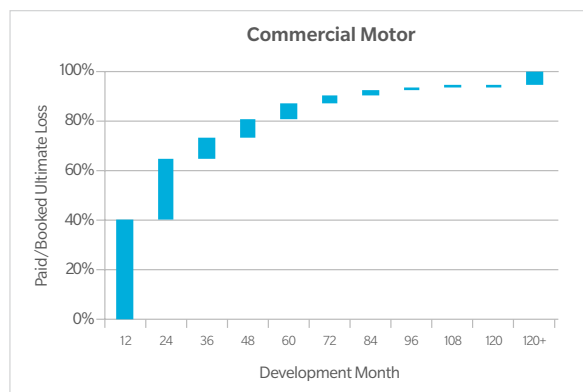
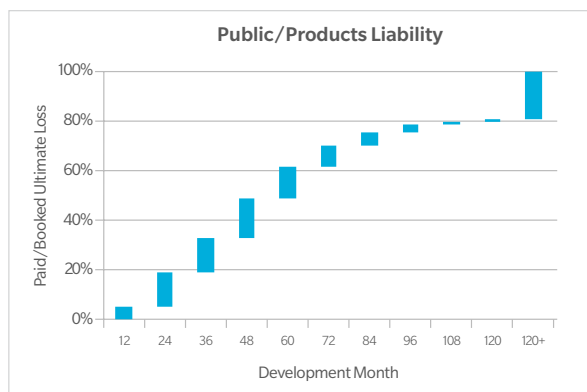
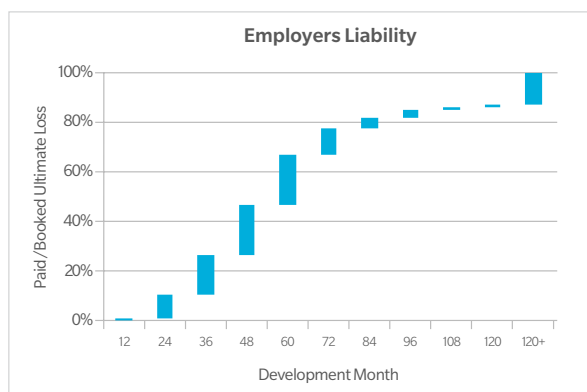
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How can it be used?

This can provide a payment pattern and payment timing risk for an ultimate loss selection.



G10 | MEAN OF THE PAYMENT PATTERN UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT, YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE



Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

3 UNDERWRITING RISK

3.1 LOSS RATIOS MEANS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

T15 | ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO AT 12 MONTHS OF DEVELOPMENT,
UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2013, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Mean	CV = St Dev/Mean	75th Percentile	Maximum
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Employers Liability	88%	18%	101%	118%
Professional Indemnity	71%	15%	77%	91%
Public/Products Liability	73%	10%	81%	86%
Commercial Motor	82%	9%	87%	97%
Commercial Property	57%	19%	68%	78%
Household and Domestic	57%	15%	61%	78%
Personal Motor	83%	9%	87%	98%

Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

What Is It?

The ultimate loss ratio at 12 months of development exhibits volatility inherent in the loss process. These risk benchmarks assist in parameterizing the initial underwriting risk of an economic capital model and do not measure reserve risk subsequent to the first report for an accident year.

How Can It Be Used?

The mean loss ratios provide an indication of current market pricing conditions. The risk measures provide an indication of the spread surrounding an expected loss ratio plan.

T16 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Mean	CV = St Dev/Mean	75th Percentile	Maximum
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Employers Liability	99%	31%	118%	149%
Professional Indemnity	63%	25%	73%	82%
Public/Products Liability	70%	26%	85%	95%
Commercial Motor	79%	21%	91%	103%
Commercial Property	50%	24%	58%	70%
Household and Domestic	57%	14%	62%	69%
Personal Motor	80%	13%	89%	94%

Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

What Is It?

We call the booked ultimate loss ratio for an accident year after 120 months of development the “*actual ultimate loss ratio*” because most claims are paid and closed and the ultimate loss ratio is more certain.

Statistic = ultimate loss ratio for an accident year at 120 months of development

How Can It Be Used?

It provides management with an indication of the historical variability of the actual ultimate loss ratio, which can be useful for parameterizing an ICA-style capital model.

3.2 CORRELATION OF ULTIMATE LOSS RATIOS BETWEEN LINES OF BUSINESS

T 17 | CORRELATION BETWEEN LINES OF BUSINESS OF ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Employers Liability	Professional Indemnity	Public/Products Liability	Commercial Motor	Commercial Property	Household and Domestic	Personal Motor
Employers Liability	100%	55%	81%	32%	75%	62%	38%
Professional Indemnity	55%	100%	66%	23%	60%	54%	49%
Public/Products Liability	81%	66%	100%	38%	84%	70%	61%
Commercial Motor	32%	23%	38%	100%	61%	17%	83%
Commercial Property	75%	60%	84%	61%	100%	57%	71%
Household & domestic	62%	54%	70%	17%	57%	100%	56%
Personal Motor	38%	49%	61%	83%	71%	56%	100%

(Correlations that are significantly different from zero are in bold¹².)

Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

What is it?

T 17 shows the correlations between the actual ultimate loss ratio by line of business. For a particular accident year, the actual ultimate loss ratio is the booked ultimate loss ratio 10 years after the start of the accident year (at 120 months of development). Each line of business has a series of actual ultimate loss ratios by accident year, and

How can it be used?

It can be used by management to determine the inherent correlation of the actual ultimate loss ratios between different lines of business.

3.3 AUTO-CORRELATION OF ULTIMATE LOSS RATIOS BETWEEN

T 18 | AUTO-CORRELATION OF ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Auto-correlation (1)
Employers Liability	78%
Professional Indemnity	33%
Public/Products Liability	77%
Commercial Motor	82%
Commercial Property	62%
Household and Domestic	35%
Personal Motor	73%

(Correlations that are significantly different from zero are in bold¹³.)
Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

What is it?

The actual ultimate loss ratio is an accident year's loss ratio after 120 months of development. If, generally, an accident year with a high loss ratio is followed by another accident year with a high loss ratio and an accident year with a low loss ratio is followed by another accident years with a low loss ratio, then this will show a high auto-correlation in T 18 below.

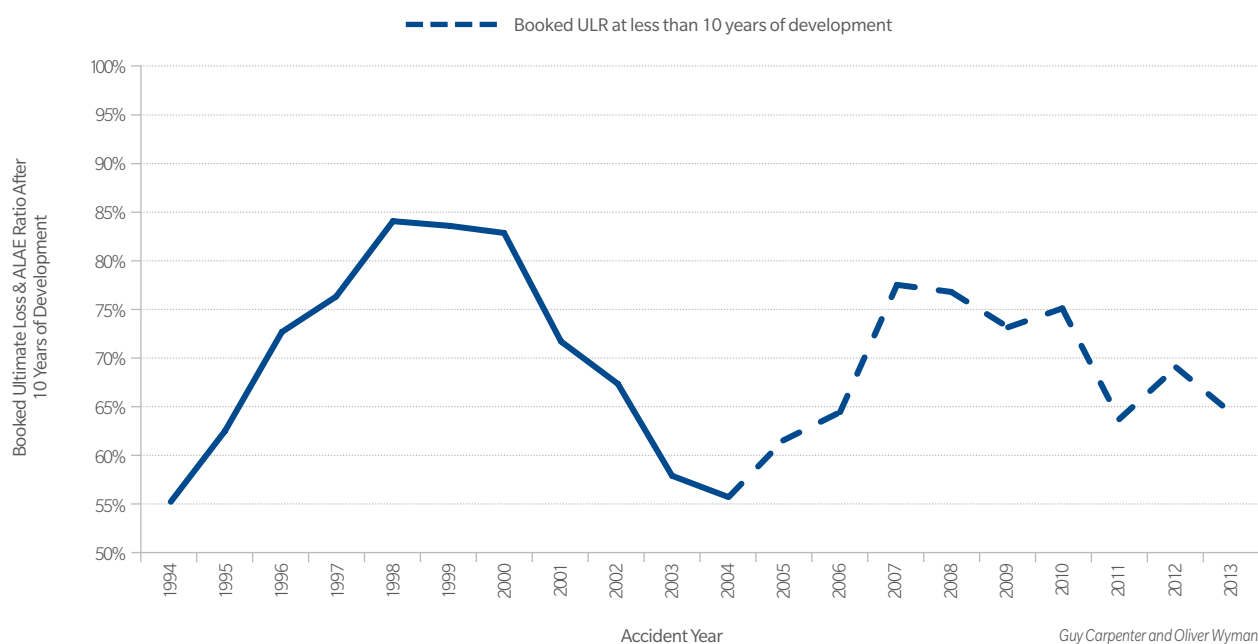
How can it be used?

This could be used in a multi-year economic capital model to auto-correlate loss ratios from one accident year to the next. For most lines, correlations are high and not correlating loss ratios in a multi-year model is ignoring one of the biggest risks to capital – multiple concurrent years of unprofitable loss ratios.

12. These are correlations with p-values less than 5 percent. 13. These are correlations with p-values less than 5 percent.

3.4 CYCLES

G11 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO BY ACCIDENT YEAR, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ALL LINES OF BUSINESS COMBINED, GROSS OF REINSURANCE



What is it?

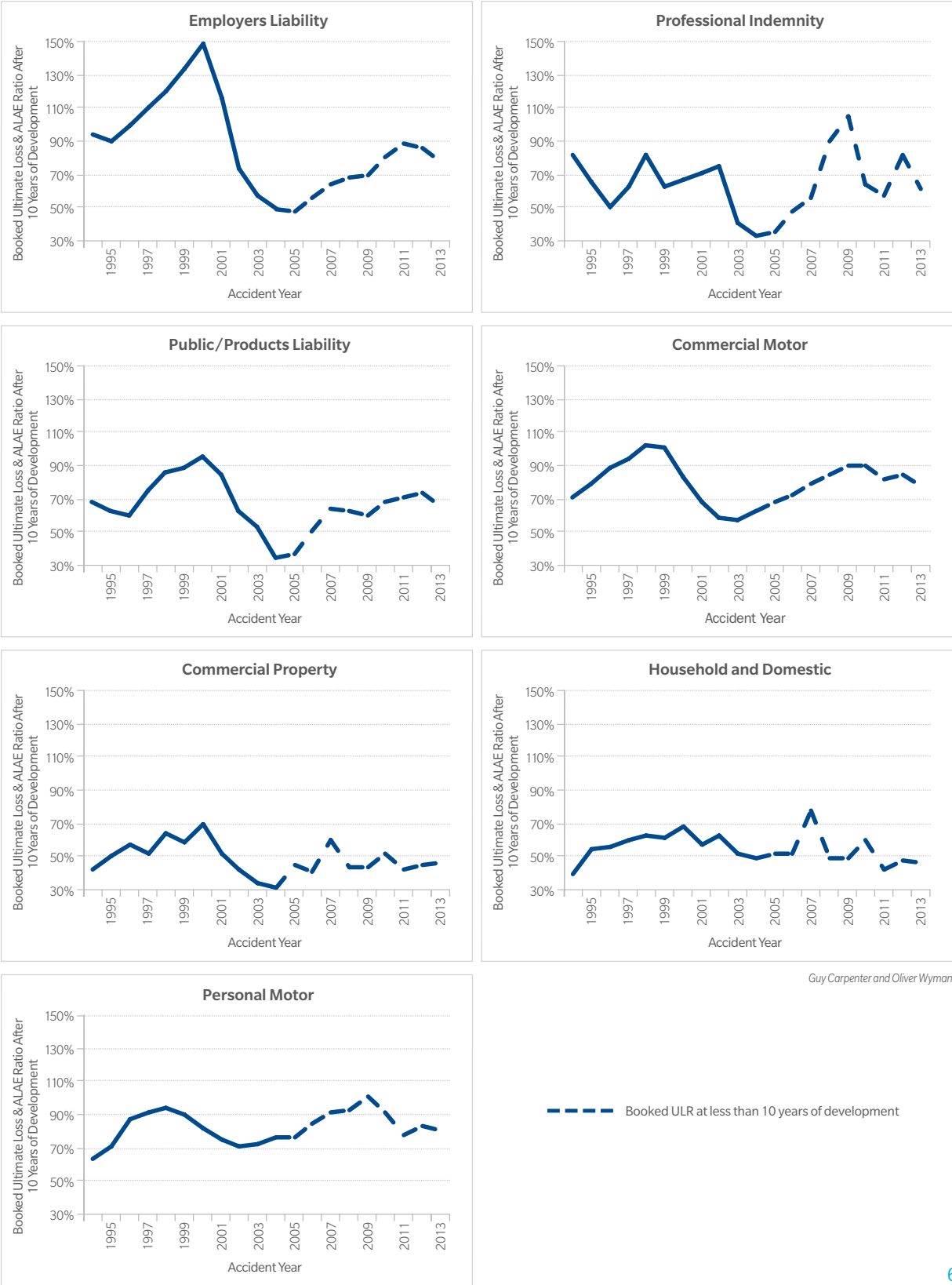
The underwriting cycle shown in G11 illustrates the actual ultimate loss ratio for all lines of business by accident year. The actual ultimate loss ratio is the booked ultimate loss ratio after 10 years of development.

How can it be used?

Currently, the underwriting cycle is not a feature of many insurers' economic capital models. Loss ratios are not commonly modeled with auto-correlation – an upward movement in loss ratios in one year has no bearing on whether there is an upward movement in the following year. However, the existence of the underwriting cycle is undeniable. G11 shows that in real life, a series of unprofitable years is reasonably likely, and, for many insurers, this is the scenario of greatest concern. A series of unprofitable years is highly unlikely in a model with no underwriting cycle. This model will, perhaps materially, underestimate risk.



G12 | ACTUAL ULTIMATE LOSS RATIO BY ACCIDENT YEAR, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, GROSS OF REINSURANCE



4 RESERVING RISK

4.1 ULTIMATE DEVELOPMENT

T19 | ULTIMATE DEVELOPMENT OF A SINGLE ACCIDENT YEAR, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Mean	CV = St Dev/ Mean	75th Percentile	Maximum
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Employers Liability	1.00	20%	1.12	1.33
Professional Indemnity	1.10	30%	1.22	1.73
Public/Products Liability	1.01	21%	1.13	1.39
Commercial Motor	0.96	13%	1.04	1.15
Commercial Property	0.85	9%	0.92	0.94
Household and Domestic	0.90	10%	0.96	1.02
Personal Motor	0.96	6%	1.01	1.04

Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

What is it?

The reserve is an estimate of future claim payments. Eventually, we will know what these future payments amount to, and with hindsight, we will know what the reserve should have been. We call this the 'actual' reserve. We can calculate how different this actual reserve is from our initial estimate. For example, if the actual reserve is 20 percent higher than the initial estimated reserve, then we calculate a factor of 1.20. This answers the question, "How wrong could my reserve estimate be?"

In T19, we show the statistics of the distribution of these factors for single accident years. For each accident year the estimated reserve is calculated from the booked ultimate loss at 12 months of development and the actual reserve is calculated from the booked ultimate loss at 120 months of development.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Statistic} &= \frac{\text{Booked Ultimate Loss at 120 months} - \text{Paid Loss at 12 months}}{\text{Booked Ultimate Loss at 12 months} - \text{Paid Loss at 12 months}} \\ &= \frac{\text{Actual Reserve}}{\text{Initial Reserve}}\end{aligned}$$

How can it be used?

Insurers looking to estimate the reserve distribution to ultimate for one accident year at 12 months of development can use this as a benchmark.

T20 | CORRELATION BETWEEN LINES OF BUSINESS OF THE ULTIMATE DEVELOPMENT OF A SINGLE ACCIDENT YEAR, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Employers Liability	Professional Indemnity	Public/Products Liability	Commercial Motor	Commercial Property	Household and Domestic	Personal Motor
Employers Liability	100%	43%	76%	51%	74%	76%	-8%
Professional Indemnity	43%	100%	11%	12%	41%	2%	-24%
Public/Products Liability	76%	11%	100%	45%	39%	76%	1%
Commercial Motor	51%	12%	45%	100%	77%	71%	54%
Commercial Property	74%	41%	39%	77%	100%	74%	29%
Household & domestic	76%	2%	76%	71%	74%	100%	30%
Personal Motor	-8%	-24%	1%	54%	29%	30%	100%

(Correlations that are significantly different from zero are in bold¹⁴.)

Guy Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

What is it?

T20 shows the correlations between reserve estimate movements by line of business. In this instance, the reserve movement measures the change from the initial estimate of the reserve to the final actual reserve for each accident year. For example, if the initial estimate of the reserve is GBP500 million, but it turns out 120 months later it should have been GBP700 million, then we calculate a reserve movement of 1.40 for this accident year. If two lines of business have reserves that increase or decrease in sync, then they will be highly correlated.

How can it be used?

It can be used to populate a correlation matrix to aggregate reserve distributions for single accident years at 12 months of development, on an ultimate time horizon.

T21 | AUTO-CORRELATION OF THE ULTIMATE DEVELOPMENT OF A SINGLE ACCIDENT YEAR, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Auto-correlation (1)
Employers Liability	73%
Professional Indemnity	14%
Public/Products Liability	69%
Commercial Motor	83%
Commercial Property	54%
Household and Domestic	40%
Personal Motor	72%

(Correlations that are significantly different from zero are in bold¹⁵.)
Guy Carpenter and Oliver Wyman

What is it?

We generally find that reserve deterioration and release happen in cycles, that is, if one year experiences reserve deterioration then it is likely the next year will also bring reserve deterioration.

This is borne out in the high reserve risk auto-correlations shown below. For the reserve risk of the ultimate development of a single accident year, we show the auto-correlation of one accident year with the next. If one accident year's reserve deterioration is followed by another accident year's reserve deterioration, then the auto-correlation is high.

14. These are correlations with p-values less than 5 percent. 15. These are correlations with p-values less than 5 percent.

4.2 ONE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT

T22 | ONE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT OF A GROUP OF TEN ACCIDENT YEARS, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2013, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Mean	CV = St Dev/ Mean	75th Percentile	Maximum
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Employers Liability	-3%	2%	-1%	1%
Professional Indemnity	-1%	5%	2%	7%
Public/Products Liability	-3%	4%	-1%	5%
Commercial Motor	-3%	4%	0%	3%
Commercial Property	-9%	6%	-7%	6%
Household and Domestic	-8%	5%	-7%	3%
Personal Motor	-1%	11%	-2%	29%

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What is it?

For a book of business spanning ten accident years, we can measure the change in the booked ultimate loss from year XX to XX+1. That is, we calculate (for example):

$$\text{Statistic} = \frac{\text{Booked Ultimate Loss at 12/2013}^{16} - \text{Booked Ultimate Loss at 12/2012}}{\text{Booked Ultimate Loss at 12/2012} - \text{Paid Loss at 12/2012}}$$

where the set of accident years used for each calculation is consistent (e.g. 2004 - 2013 above).

We repeat this calculation for all periods: 2012 – 2011, 2011-2010, 2010 – 2009...

How can it be used?

Insurers looking to estimate their one-year reserve risk for a book of business spanning 10 accident years could use this as a benchmark.

T 23 | CORRELATION OF THE ONE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT OF A GROUP OF TEN ACCIDENT YEARS¹⁷, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2013, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Employers Liability	Professional Indemnity	Public/Products Liability	Commercial Motor	Commercial Property	Household and Domestic	Personal Motor
Employers' Liability	100%	17%	37%	71%	2%	-22%	-38%
Professional Indemnity	17%	100%	51%	65%	-4%	-5%	64%
Public/Products Liability	37%	51%	100%	62%	-55%	-18%	4%
Commercial Motor	71%	65%	62%	100%	7%	8%	17%
Commercial Property	2%	-4%	-55%	7%	100%	23%	1%
Household & domestic	-22%	-5%	-18%	8%	23%	100%	-5%
Personal Motor	-38%	64%	4%	17%	1%	-5%	100%

(Correlations that are significantly different from zero are in bold¹⁸.)

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What is it?

T 23 shows the correlations of the one-year change in reserve between lines of business. This measures the amount of co-movement in reserves for different lines of business over a calendar year. If reserves for a group of accidents tend to move together for different lines of business, significant positive correlation coefficients will be observed.

How can it be used?

It can be used to correlate one-year reserve movements of the total reserve for a book of business.

T 24 | AUTO-CORRELATION OF THE ONE-YEAR DEVELOPMENT OF A GROUP OF TEN ACCIDENT YEARS¹⁹, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, ACCIDENT YEARS 1994 TO 2004, GROSS OF REINSURANCE

Line of Business	Auto-correlation (1)
Employers Liability	25%
Professional Indemnity	28%
Public/Products Liability	33%
Commercial Motor	74%
Commercial Property	-15%
Household and Domestic	1%
Personal Motor	6%

(Correlations that are significantly different from zero are in bold²⁰.)
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What is it?

For the reserve risk of one year development of a group of ten accident years, if reserve deterioration for one financial year is followed by another year of reserve deterioration, then the auto-correlation will be high.

17. It is assumed the booked ultimate loss for the oldest accident year remains unchanged from development period 10 to development period 11.

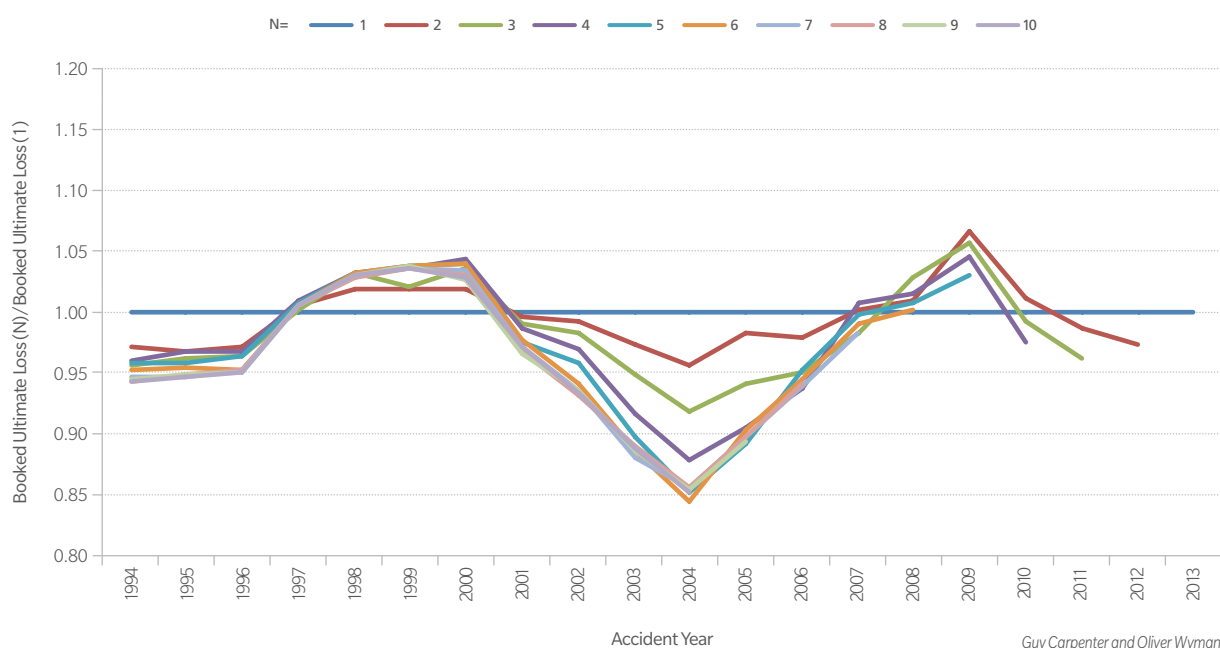
18. These are correlations with p-values less than 5 percent.

19. It is assumed the booked ultimate loss for the oldest accident year remains unchanged from development period 10 to development period 11.

20. These are correlations with p-values less than 5 percent.

4.3 CYCLES

G 13 | BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER N YEARS OF DEVELOPMENT/BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER ONE YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT, BY ACCIDENT YEAR, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, LINES OF BUSINESS COMBINED, GROSS OF REINSURANCE



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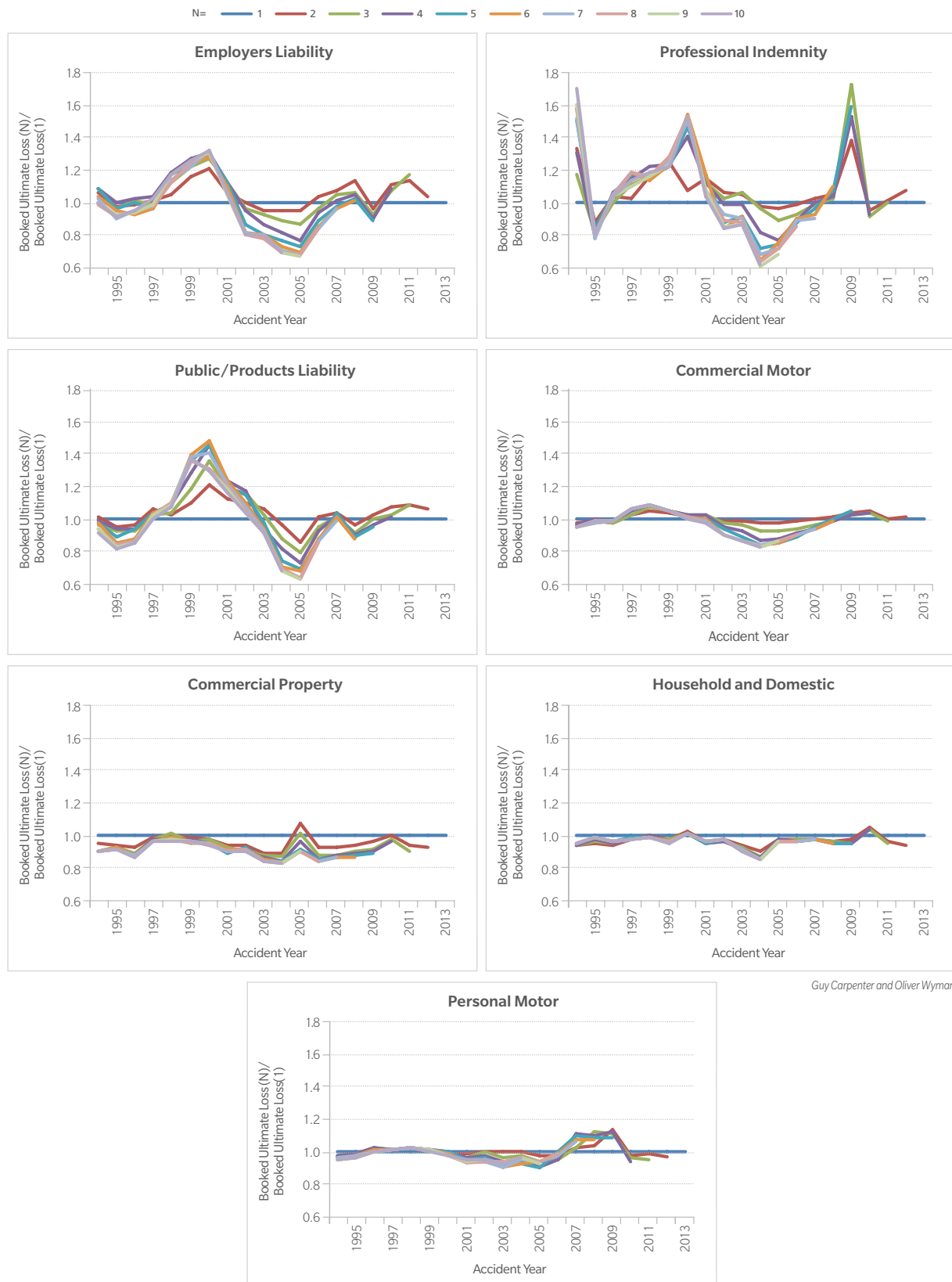
What is it?

The reserve for a particular accident year is re-estimated periodically. The reserving cycle in G 13 above illustrates these re-estimates, where each line is the booked ultimate loss at subsequently older evaluations, indexed on the initial booked ultimate loss at 12 months of development, set at 1.00.

How can it be used?

We are developing realistic models for the reserving cycle by line of business that will not only reflect auto-correlation but also induce correlation between lines of business. G 14 displays the reserve cycle by line of business showing that the cycle is prominent in long tailed casualty lines not in short tailed property lines. The cycle shows that groups of adjacent accident years end up with either worse or better results than initially thought. Not modeling this phenomenon significantly underestimates the risk to capital posed by casualty lines. In casualty lines it is not one but multiple years of reserve deterioration that pose a threat to capital, making multi-year capital modeling a priority for those who want to capture the true risk of these lines.

G 14 | BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER N YEARS OF DEVELOPMENT/BOOKED ULTIMATE LOSS AFTER ONE YEAR OF DEVELOPMENT, BY ACCIDENT YEAR, UK INDUSTRY IN AGGREGATE, GROSS OF REINSURANCE





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